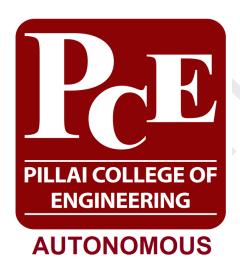
Mahatma Education Society's

## Pillai College of Engineering

(Autonomous)

#### Affiliated to University of Mumbai

Dr. K. M. Vasudevan Pillai's Campus, Sector 16, New Panvel – 410 206.



#### **Department of Electronics & Computer Science**

#### **Syllabus**

of

#### **B.Tech. in Electronics & Computer Science**

for

#### The Admission Batch of AY 2021-22

First Year - Effective from Academic Year 2021-22

Second Year - Effective from Academic Year 2022-23

Third Year - Effective from Academic Year 2023-24

Fourth Year - Effective from Academic Year 2024-25

as per Choice Based Credit and Grading System

#### Mahatma Education Society's

#### Pillai College of Engineering

#### Vision

Pillai College of Engineering (PCE) will admit, educate and train a diverse population of students who are academically prepared to benefit from the Institute's infrastructure and faculty experience, to become responsible professionals or entrepreneurs in a technical arena. It will further attract, develop and retain, dedicated, excellent teachers, scholars and professionals from diverse backgrounds whose work gives them knowledge beyond the classroom and who are committed to making a significant difference in the lives of their students and the community.

#### Mission

To develop professional engineers with respect for the environment and make them responsible citizens in technological development both from an Indian and global perspective. This objective is fulfilled through quality education, practical training and interaction with industries and social organizations.



Dr. K. M. Vasudevan Pillai's Campus, Sector - 16, New Panvel - 410 206

#### **Department of Electronics & Computer Science**

#### Vision

To produce professionally competent and socially responsible engineers capable of working globally.

#### Mission

To provide in-depth quality education in Electronics & Computer Science Engineering and prepare the students for lifelong learning.

To develop professional engineers who can critically and creatively apply the knowledge of engineering principles to solve real world problems.

To inculcate entrepreneurship skills and impart ethical and social values.

#### **Program Educational Objectives (PEOs):**

- I. Graduates will have the ability to apply engineering knowledge and skills to provide solutions to real world technical problems.
- II. Graduates will be successful as engineering professionals, innovators or entrepreneurs with a multidisciplinary approach contributing towards research and technological developments.
- III. Graduates will have the ability to pursue higher education in Electronics Engineering, Computer Science and allied streams.
- IV. Graduates will function in their profession with social awareness and responsibility while maintaining ethical standards.

#### **Program Outcomes:**

Engineering Graduates will be able to:

- 1. Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
- 2. Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
- 3. Design/Development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

- 4. Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis, and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
- 5. Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling of complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
- 6. The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
- 7. Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and the need for sustainable development.
- 8. Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
- 9. Individual and teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
- 10. Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
- 11. Project Management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
- 12. Life-long learning: Recognized the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

#### **Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs):**

Engineering Graduates will be able to

- 1. Gain knowledge and skills to analyse and design Electronics circuits as well as Computer Programs.
- 2. Develop hardware and software systems in the areas like Artificial Intelligence & Machine learning, Big Data, Information Security, Automation, Embedded Systems, Signal Processing and Communication Systems.
- 3. Apply modern Electronics and Computer engineering techniques and tools to find solutions for real life interdisciplinary problems.

The Autonomous status of the institute has given an opportunity to design and frame the curriculum in such a way that it incorporates all the needs and requirements of recent developments in all fields within the scope of the Technical education. This curriculum will help graduates to attain excellence in their respective field. The curriculum has a blend of basic and advanced courses along with provision of imparting practical knowledge to students through minor and major projects. The syllabus has been approved and passed by the Board of Studies.

Outcome based education is implemented in the academics and every necessary step is undertaken to attain the requirements. Every course has its objectives and outcomes defined in the syllabus which are met through continuous assessment and end semester examinations. Evaluation is done on the basis of Choice Based Credit and Grading System (CBCGS). Optional courses are offered at department and institute level. Selection of electives from the same specialization makes the student eligible to attain a B. Tech. degree with respective specialization.

Every learner/student will be assessed for each course through (i) an Internal/Continuous assessment during the semester in the form of either Practical Performance, Presentation, Demonstration or written examination and (ii) End Semester Examination (ESE), in the form of either theory or viva voce or practical, as prescribed by the respective Board Studies and mentioned in the assessment scheme of the course content/syllabus. This system involves the Continuous Evaluation of students' progress Semester wise. The number of credits assigned with a course is based on the number of contact hours of instruction per week for the course. The credit allocation is available in the syllabus scheme of each semester.

The performance of a learner in a semester is indicated by a number called Semester Grade Performance Index (SGPI). The SGPI is the weighted average of the grade points obtained in all the courses by the learner during the semester. For example, if a learner passes five courses (Theory/labs./Projects/ Seminar etc.) in a semester with credits C1, C2, C3, C4 and C5 and learners grade points in these courses are G1, G2, G3, G4 and G5 respectively, then learners SGPI is equal to:

$$SGPI = \frac{C_1G_1 + C_2G_2 + C_3G_3 + C_4G_4 + C_5G_5}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + C_4 + C_5}$$

The learner's up to date assessment of the overall performance from the time s/he entered for the programme is obtained by calculating a number called the Cumulative Grade Performance Index (CGPI), in a manner similar to the calculation of SGPI. The CGPI therefore considers all the courses mentioned in the scheme of instructions and examinations, towards the minimum requirement of the degree learners have enrolled for. The CGPI at the end of this semester is calculated as,

$$CGPI = \frac{C_1G_1 + C_2G_2 + C_3G_3 + ... + C_i * G_i + ... + C_nG_n}{C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + ... + C_i + ... + C_n}$$

The Department of Electronics & Computer Science offers a B. Tech. programme in Electronics & Computer Science. This is an eight semester course. The complete course is a 163 credit course which comprises core courses and elective courses. The elective courses are distributed over 8 specializations. The specializations are:

- 1. AIML
- 2. Robotics
- 3. Data Analytics
- 4. System Security
- 5. High Performance Computing
- 6. Cloud Computing
- 7. VLSI Design
- 8. IOT

The students also have a choice of opting for Institute level specializations. These are

- 1. Business and Entrepreneurship
- 2. Bio Engineering
- 3. Engineering Design
- 4. Art and Humanities
- 5. Applied Science
- 6. Life Skills, Repair, Maintenance and Safety

As minimum requirements for the credits to be earned during the B.Tech in Electronics & Computer Science program, a student will have to complete a minimum of three specializations of which two are to be chosen from the department list and one has to be from the Institute level specialization list. In order to complete each specialization, a minimum of three courses under that specialization has to be completed. The credit requirement for the B.Tech. in Electronics & Computer Science is tabulated in Table 1.

### Structure of Undergraduate Engineering program

Sr. No.	Category	Breakup of ECS Credits			
1	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses	9			
2	Basic Science courses	26			
3	Engineering Science courses including workshop, drawing, basics of electrical/mechanical/computer etc	20			
4	Professional Core Courses	61			
5	Professional Elective Courses	24			
6	Open subjects – Electives from other technical and /or emerging subjects	9			
7	Project work, seminar and internship in industry or elsewhere	15			
8	Mandatory Courses [Environmental Sciences, Induction Program, Indian Constitution, Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge]	(non-credit)			
	Total	164			

#### **Semester-wise Credits and Marks**

Sr. No.	Semester	Credits Assigned	Marks Assigned
1	I	18.5	675
2	II	21.5	750
3	III	23	800
4	IV	24	825
5	V	21	725
6	VI	22	750
7	VII	20	710
8	VIII	14	400
Tota	l Credits & Marks	164	5635

## Preface by Board of Studies in Electronics & Computer Science

Dear Students and Teachers, we, the members of Board of Studies Electronics & Computer Science, are very happy to present the B.Tech Electronics & Computer Science syllabus effective from the Academic Year 2021-22. We are sure you will find this syllabus interesting, challenging, and up to date to fulfill specific needs and expectations.

The Electronics and Computer Science discipline combines two important disciplines of engineering: Electronics and Computer Science. The syllabus focuses on providing a sound theoretical background as well as good practical exposure to students in the relevant areas. It is intended to provide a modern, industry-oriented education in Electronics & Computer Science. Its primary goal is to offer a contemporary and industry-centric education, preparing individuals to effectively meet the global demands of the field.

The syllabus is meticulously crafted to align with the vision and mission of the Electronics & Computer Science Department as well as the standards set by various accreditation agencies. It takes into account technological advancements, innovations, and industry requirements, ensuring that the curriculum remains up-to-date and relevant to the evolving landscape of the field.

The development of this syllabus involves a collaborative brainstorming session, which includes the participation of Heads of Department and senior faculty members from the Department of Electronics & Computer Science.

We express our sincere appreciation and gratitude to the faculty, students, industry experts, and all the stakeholders for their invaluable contributions towards the formulation of this syllabus. Their expertise, insights, and active involvement have been instrumental in shaping and refining the curriculum.

#### **Board of Studies in Electronics & Computer Science**

1. Dr. Monika Bhagwat Coordinator (Chairman)

Dr. Rajendrakumar H. Khade
 Prof. Ajit Saraf
 Prof. K.S. Charumathi
 Faculty
 Faculty

Dr Bhavana Ambudkar
 Dr. Seema Shah
 Dr. S J Bhosale
 Academic Council Nominee
 Vice Chancellor's Nominee

8. Mr. Sambhaji N. Kadam Industry Representative relating to placement

9. Mr. Rajat Tyagi Alumnus Nominee 10. Mr Prashant Kathole Industry Expert

11. Prof. Ravi Biradar Other Member of Staff of Same Faculty

# Program Structure for Bachelor of Technology in Electronics & Computer Science Semester I (A.Y.21-22)

Course	G. N	Cours			Scheme Hours)		(	Credi	ts Assig	gned	
Code	Course Name	Comp onent	The	eory	Pract / Tuts	Theor	у	Pract /Tuts		Total	
EC 101	Engineering Mathematics I	TLP		3	2	3		1		4	
EC 102	Engineering Physics I	TL	2	2	1	2		0.5		2.5	
EC 103	Engineering Chemistry I	TL	2	2	1	2		0.5		2.5	
EC 104	Programming with C	TLP		3	2	3		1		4	
EC 105	Basic Electrical Engineering	TL		3	2	3		1		4	
EC 106	Basic Engineering Workshop I	L		-	3	-		1.5		1.5	
	Total		1	13	11	13		5.5		18.5	
			<b>Examination Scheme</b>								
Course					Theor	y					
Code	Course Name		A	Internal Assessment		End Sem	Dui	Exam Term Dura Work		Pract /Oral	Total
			1	2	Avg	Exam	tion (Hrs)				
EC 101	Engineering Mathematics I		40	40	40	60	2		25	-	125
EC 102	Engineering Physics I		30	30	30	45	2		25	-	100
EC 103	Engineering Chemistry I		30	30	30	45	2		25	-	100
EC 104	Programming with C		40	40	40	60	2		25	25	150
EC 105	Basic Electrical Engineering	<b>&gt;</b>	40	40	40	60	2		25	25	150
EC 106	Basic Engineering Workshop I		-		-	-	-		50	-	50
		7	otal								675

T- Theory, L- Lab, P-Programming, C- Communication

#### Program Structure for Bachelor of Technology in Electronics & Computer Science Semester II (A.Y.21-22)

Course	Course Name	Course			Scheme Hours)		Credi	ts Assig	ned	
Code	Course Name	Compo nent	The	eory	Pract/ Tuts	Theor	y Prac Tuts		Total	
EC 107	Engineering Mathematics II	TLP		3	2	3	1		4	
EC 108	Engineering Physics II TL			2	1	2	0.5		2.5	
EC 109	Engineering Chemistry II	TL		2	1	2	0.5		2.5	
EC 110	Engineering Mechanics and Graphics	TL		3	2	3	1		4	
EC 111	Programming with Python	TLP		3	2	3	1		4	
EC 112	Professional Communication & Ethics I	TLC	TLC 2		2	2	1		3	
EC 113	Basic Engineering Workshop II	L		-	3	-	1.5		1.5	
	Total			15	13	15	6.5		21.5	
					E	xaminat	ion Schei	me		
Course			Theory							
Code	Course Name		Internal Assessment		End Sem	Exam Durat	Term Work	Pract/ Oral	Total	
			1	2	Avg	Exam	ion (Hrs)			
EC 107	Engineering Mathematics II		40	40	40	60	2	25	-	125
EC 108	Engineering Physics II		30	30	30	45	2	25	-	100
EC 109	Engineering Chemistry II		30	30	30	45	2	25	-	100
EC 110	Engineering Mechanics and Graphics		40	40	40	60	3	25	25	150
EC 111	Programming with Python		40	40	40	60	2	25	25	150
EC 112	Professional Communication & Ethics I		20	20	20	30	1	25	-	75
EC 113	Basic Engineering Workshop II		-	-	-	-	-	50	-	50
	V	Total								750

T- Theory , L- Lab , P-Programming, C- Communication

## Program Structure for Bachelor of Technology in Electronics & Computer Science

## Semester III(A.Y.22-23)

Course Code	Course Name	Course Compo	(			Credits Assigned					
		пент	Theory	Pract /Tuts	The	eory	Pract /Tuts	То	tal		
EC 201	Engineering Mathematics III	Т	3	1		3	1 4		1		
EC 202	Communication Engineering	TL	3	2		3	1		4		
EC 203	Analog Electronics Circuits	TL	3	2		3	1	4	4		
EC 204	Digital Circuits & System Design	TL	3	2		3	1	4	4		
EC 205	Data Structures & Algorithms	TLP	3	2		3	1	4	4		
EC 206	Human Values and Social Ethics	Т	2			2	-	- 2			
EC 291	Mini Project I ( Java Programming)	LPC	-	1#+2		-		- 1		1	
	Total		17	12	17		6	2	3		
				Exa	minatio	n Schen	ne				
Course			7								
Code	Course Name	Internal Assessment		ment	End	Exam	Term	Pract	Total		
		1	2	Avg	Sem Exam	Dura tion (Hrs)	Work	/Oral			
EC 201	Engineering Mathematics III	40	40	40	60	2	25	-	125		
EC 202	Communication Engineering	40	40	40	60	2	25	-	125		
EC 203	Analog Electronics Circuits	40	40	40	60	2	25	25	150		
EC 204	Digital Circuits & System Design	40	40	40	60	2	25	25	150		
EC 205	Data Structures & Algorithms	40	40	40	60	2	25	25	150		
EC 206	Human Values and Social Ethics	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	50		
EC 291	Mini Project I ( Java Programming)	-	-	-	-	-	25	25	50		
		To	tal						800		

1<sup>#</sup> to be taken class wise

#### T- Theory , L- Lab , P-Programming, C- Communication

# Program Structure for Bachelor of Technology in Electronics & Computer Science Semester IV(A.Y.22-23)

Course Code	Course Name	Course Compon		g Scheme t Hours)	•	Cre	dits Assi	gned		
		ent	Theory	Pract/ Tuts	Th	eory	Pract/ Tuts	Tota	Total	
EC 208	Engineering Mathematics IV	T	3	1		3	1	4		
EC 209	Instrumentation & Control System	Т	3	-	3		-	3		
EC 210	Database Management System	TLP	3	2		3	1	4		
EC 211	Microprocessor and Microcontrollers	TL	3	2		3	1	4		
EC 212	Analysis of Algorithms	TLP	3	2		3	1	4		
EC 213	System Software & Operating Systems	TLP	3	2		3	1	4		
EC 292	Mini Project II ( Python Programming)	LPC	-	1#+2		-	1	1		
	Total		18	12		18	6	24		
				Ex	aminati	ion Scheme	e			
Course	a v			Theory						
Code	Course Name	Interi	ıal Assess	ment	End	Exam	Term Work	1	Total	
		1	2	Avg	Sem Exam	Duration (Hrs)	VVOIR	Orai		
EC 208	Engineering Mathematics IV	40	40	40	60	2	25	-	125	
EC 209	Instrumentation & Control System	40	40	40	60	2	-	-	100	
EC 210	Database Management System	40	40	40	60	2	25	25	150	
EC 211	Microprocessor and Microcontrollers	40	40	40	60	2	25	-	125	
EC 212	Analysis of Algorithms	40	40	40	60	2	25	25	150	
EC 213	System Software & Operating Systems	40	40	40	60	2	25	-	125	
EC 292	Mini Project II (Python Programming)	-	-	-	-	-	25	25	50	
			Total						825	

<sup>1&</sup>lt;sup>#</sup> to be taken class wise

T- Theory , L- Lab , P-Programming, C- Communication

## Program Structure for Bachelor of Technology in Electronics & Computer Science

#### Semester V(A.Y.23-24)

Course	Course Name	Course	Teaching (Contact			Credit	ts Assign	ied		
Code	Course Name	Compon ent	Theory	Pract/ Tuts	Т	heory	Pract/ Tuts	То	tal	
EC 301	Signals & Systems	TL	3	1		3	1	4	4	
EC 302	Computer Networks	TL	3	2		3	1	4	4	
EC 303	Computer Organization & Architecture	Т	3	-		3	-	3	3	
EC 304	Software Engineering	Т	3	-		3	-	3	3	
EC 305	Professional Communication & Ethics II	TC	1	2		1	1	2	2	
EC 3xx	Department Level Optional Course I	TL	3	2		3	1	4	1	
EC 391	Mini Project III ( Web Programming)	LPC	-	1#+2		-	1	1	1	
	Total		16	10		16	5	2	21	
				Exan	ninatio	n Scheme				
Course				Theory						
Code	Course Name	Intern	nal Assessment		End Exam		Term	Pract	Total	
		1	2	Avg	Sem Exam	Duration (Hrs)	Work	/ Oral		
EC 301	Signals & Systems	40	40	40	60	2	25	-	125	
EC 302	Computer Networks	40	40	40	60	2	25	25	150	
EC 303	Computer Organization & Architecture	40	40	40	60	2	-	-	100	
EC 304	Software Engineering	40	40	40	60	2	-	-	100	
EC 305	Professional Communication & Ethics II	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	50	
EC 3xx	Department Level Optional Course I	40	40	40	60	2	25	25	150	
EC 391	Mini Project III (Web Programming)	-	-	-	-	-	25	25	50	
		T	otal						725	

<sup>1&</sup>lt;sup>#</sup> to be taken class wise

T- Theory, L- Lab, P-Programming, C- Communication

Course Code	Department Level Optional Course (DLOC) I	Specializations
EC 306	Computer Graphics & Virtual Reality	AIML
EC 307	Advanced Database Management Systems + DWM	Data Analytics
EC 308	Advanced Operating System	High Performance Computing
EC 309	Basics of VLSI	VLSI Design

# Program Structure for Bachelor of Technology in Electronics & Computer Science Semester VI(A.Y.23-24)

Course	Course Name	Course Compon	Teaching (Contact			Cro	edits Ass	igned	
Code		ent	Theory	Pract/ Tuts	Th	eory	Pract/ Tuts	Tota	al
EC 310	Image Processing & Machine Vision	TLP	3	2		3	1	1 4	
EC 311	Advanced Microprocessor	TLP	3	2		3	1	4	
EC 312	Skill Lab on R-Programming	LP	-	2	-		1		
EC 3xx	Department Level Optional Course II	TL	3	2		3	1	4	
EC 3xx	Department Level Optional Course III	TL	3	2		3	1	4	
IL 3xx	Institute Level Optional Course I	Т	3	-		3	-	3	
EC 392	Project A (Literature Survey & Problem Formulation)	LPC	-	4	-		2 2		
	Total		15	14		15	7	22	
				Ex	kaminat	ion Schem	1e		
Course		Theory							
Code	Course Name	Interi	nal Assessn	nent	End	Exam	Term Worl	I .	Total
		1	2	Avg	Sem Exam	Duration (Hrs)	n   ******	X Orai	
EC 310	Image Processing & Machine Vision	40	40	40	60	2	25	25	150
EC 311	Advanced Microprocessors	40	40	40	60	2	25	-	100
EC 312	Skill Lab on R-Programming	-	-	-	-	-	25	25	50
EC 3xx	Department Level Optional Course II	40	40	40	60	2	25	25	150
EC 3xx	Department Level Optional Course III	40	40	40	60	2	25	25	150
IL 3xx	Institute Level Optional Course I	40	40	40	60	2	-	-	100
EC 392	Project A (Literature Survey & Problem Formulation)	-	-	-	-	ı	25	25	50
			Total						750

T- Theory, L- Lab, P-Programming, C- Communication

Course Code	Department Level Optional Course (DLOC) II	Specializations				
EC 313	Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning	AIML				
EC 314	Big Data Analytics	Data Analytics				
EC 315	Parallel Computing Architecture	High Performance Computing				
EC 316	Integrated Circuit Technology	VLSI Design				
Course Code	Department Level Optional Course (DLOC) III	Specializations				
EC 317	Digital Signal Processing	Robotics				
EC 318	Advanced Network Theory	System Security				
EC 319	Mobile Computing	Cloud Computing				
EC 320	Wireless Networks	IOT				
		Specializations				
Course Code	Institute Level Optional Course (ILOC) I	Specializations				
	=	Specializations  Business and Entrepreneurship				
Code	(ILOC) I	-				
Code IL 360	(ILOC) I  Entrepreneurship	-				
Code IL 360 IL 361	(ILOC) I  Entrepreneurship  IPR and Patenting	Business and Entrepreneurship				
Code IL 360 IL 361 IL362	(ILOC) I  Entrepreneurship  IPR and Patenting  Introduction to Bioengineering	Business and Entrepreneurship  Bio-Engineering  Engineering Design				
Code   IL 360   IL 361   IL 362   IL 363	(ILOC) I  Entrepreneurship  IPR and Patenting  Introduction to Bioengineering  Product Design	Business and Entrepreneurship  Bio-Engineering				
IL 360   IL 361   IL 362   IL 363   IL 364	(ILOC) I  Entrepreneurship  IPR and Patenting  Introduction to Bioengineering  Product Design  Visual Art	Business and Entrepreneurship  Bio-Engineering  Engineering Design  Art and Humanities				
Code   IL 360   IL 361   IL 362   IL 363   IL 364   IL 365	(ILOC) I  Entrepreneurship  IPR and Patenting  Introduction to Bioengineering  Product Design  Visual Art  Journalism, Media and Communication Studies	Business and Entrepreneurship  Bio-Engineering  Engineering Design				
Code   IL 360   IL 361   IL 362   IL 363   IL 364   IL 365   IL 366	(ILOC) I  Entrepreneurship  IPR and Patenting  Introduction to Bioengineering  Product Design  Visual Art  Journalism, Media and Communication Studies  Computational Physics	Business and Entrepreneurship  Bio-Engineering  Engineering Design  Art and Humanities				

## Program Structure for Bachelor of Technology in Electronics & Computer Science

#### Semester VII (A.Y.24-25)

Course	G. N	Course		g Scheme t Hours)		Cre	dits Assig	ned	
Code	Course Name	Compon ent	Theory	Pract/ Tuts	Theo	ry Pra	ct/Tuts	Tota	al
EC 401	Personal Finance Management	Т	2	-	2	2 -		2	
EC 4xx	Department Level Optional Course IV	TL	3	2	3	3 1		1 4	
EC 4xx	Department Level Optional Course V	TL	3	2	3		1	4	
EC 4xx	Department Level Optional Course VI	TL	3	-	3		-	3	
IL 4xx	Institute Level Optional Course II	Т	3	-	3		-	3	
EC 491	Project B	LPC	-	8	-	. 4		4 4	
	Total		14	12	14		6	20	
				Exa	aminatio	n Scheme			
Course				Theory					
Code	Course Name	Inter	nal Assess	ment	End	Exam	Term Work	Pract/ Oral	Total
		1	2	Avg	Sem Exam	Duration (Hrs)	Work	Orai	
EC 401	Personal Finance Management	20	20	20	40	2	-	-	60
EC 4xx	Department Level Optional Course IV	40	40	40	60	2	25	25	150
EC 4xx	Department Level Optional Course V	40	40	40	60	2	25	25	150
EC 4xx	Department Level Optional Course VI	40	40	40	60	2	-	-	100
IL 4xx	Institute Level Optional Course II	40	40	40	60	2	-	-	100
EC 491	Project B	-	-	-	-	-	50	100	150
			Total						710

T- Theory , L- Lab , P-Programming, C- Communication

Course Code	Department Level Optional Course (DLOC) IV	Specializations					
EC 402	Deep Learning	AIML					
EC 403	Data Science	Data Analytics					
EC 404	High Performance Computing	High Performance Computing					
EC 405	Analog and Mixed Signal VLSI Design	VLSI Design					
Course Code	Department Level Optional Course (DLOC) V	Specializations					
EC 406	Speech Processing	Robotics					
EC 407	Cryptography and System Security	System Security					
EC 408	Cloud and Distributed Computing	Cloud Computing					
EC 409	Embedded System Design & Basics of IOT	IOT					
Course Code	Department Level Optional Course (DLOC) VI	Specializations					
EC 410	Robotics & Industrial Applications	Robotics					
EC 411	Cyber Security & Digital Forensic	System Security					
EC 412	Blockchain Technology	Cloud Computing					
EC 413	Internet of Everything	IOT					
Course Code	Institute Level Optional Course (ILOC) II	Specializations					
IL 470	e- Commerce and e-Business	Business and Entrepreneurship					
IL 471	Business Analytics	Business and Entrepreneursmp					
IL 472	Biomedical Instrumentation	Bio-Engineering					
IL 473	Design for Sustainability	Engineering Design					
IL 474	Political Science	Art and Humanities					
IL 475	Research Methodology	Applied Science					
IL 476	Maintenance of Mechanical Equipment	Life Skills, Repair, Maintenance and					
IL 477	Cooking and Nutrition	Safety					

## Program Structure for Bachelor of Technology in Electronics & Computer Science

#### Semester VIII (A.Y.24-25)

Course Course Name		Course Component	Sch	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)		Credits Assigned					
		•	Theory	Pract	Theory		Pract	Total			
IL 4xx	Institute Level Optional Course III	Т	3	1		3	- 3		3		
EC 492	Project C	LPC	-	6		- 3		3			
EC 492	Internship*	LPC	-	16		-	8 8		3		
	Total		3	22	3		11	14			
		Examination Scheme									
Course		Theory									
Code	Course Name	Internal Assessment			End	Exam	Term Work	Pract/ Oral	Total		
		1	2	Avg	Sem Exam	Duration (Hrs)	WOLK	Orai			
IL 4xx	Institute Level Optional Course III	40	40	40	60	2	-	-	100		
EC 492	Project C	-	-	ı		-	50	50	100		
EC 493	Internship			-	-	-	100	100	200		
Total									400		

T- Theory , L- Lab , P-Programming, C- Communication

<sup>\* -</sup> Six months internship to be undertaken by the student during the semester

Course Code	Institute Level Optional Course (ILOC) III	Specializations
IL 480	Digital Business Management and Digital Marketing	Business and Entrepreneurship
IL 481	Medical Image Processing	Bio-Engineering
IL 482	Technologies for Rural Development	Engineering Design
IL 483	Economics	Art and Humanities
IL 484	GIS and Remote Sensing	Applied Science
IL 485	Physical Education	Life Skills, Repair, Maintenance
IL 486	Environmental Management and Safety	

# Bachelor of Technology In Electronics & Computer Science

(Semester I)

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 101	Engineering Mathematics I	03	02	1	03	01	-	04

			Examination Scheme								
Course	Course Name	Theory Marks									
Code		Internal assessment		End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total			
		1	2	Average	Sem. Exam	Work					
EC 101	Engineering Mathematics I	40	40	40	60	25	-	-	125		

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To develop the basic Mathematical skills of engineering students that are imperative for effective understanding of complex numbers in engineering subjects.
- 2. To acquaint students with the hyperbolic, logarithmic functions and Logic.
- 3. To understand differentiation and expansions of functions which will serve as basic tools for Specialized studies in many fields of engineering and technology.
- 4. To learn the partial differentiation techniques and its applications used in engineering problems.
- 5. To learn the applications of Matrices useful in engineering.
- 6. To provide hands on experience using SCILAB software to handle Mathematical modelling.

#### Course Outcomes: On successful completion of course learner/student will be able to

- 1. Apply the basic concept of complex numbers and use it to solve problems in engineering.
- 2. Apply the basic concept of Hyperbolic, logarithmic functions and Logic in engineering problems.
- 3. Apply the concept of expansion of functions, successive differentiation and vector differentiation in optimization problems.
- 4. Use the basic concepts of partial differentiation in finding the Maxima and Minima required in engineering problems.
- 5. Use the concept of matrices in solving the system of equations used in many areas of research.
- 6. Apply the concept of numerical Methods for solving the engineering problems with the help of SCILAB software.

#### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Module	<b>Detailed Contents</b>	Hrs.
1	Complex Numbers	
	<b>Pre-requisite:</b> Review of Complex Numbers-Algebra of Complex Number, Cartesian,	
	polar and exponential form of complex number.	02
	1.1. De Moivre's Theorem.(Without Proof)	02
	1.2. Expansion of $sinn\theta$ , $cosn\theta$ in terms of sines and cosines of multiples of $\theta$ and	02
	Expansion of $sinn\theta$ , $cosn\theta$ in powers of $sin\theta$ , $cos\theta$	
	1.3. Powers and Roots of complex number.	

_		
2	Hyperbolic , Logarithm functions and Logic	
	2.1 Introduction to Hyperbolic functions, Logarithmic functions, Separation of real and	03
	Imaginary parts.	03
	2.2 Propositional logic, logical equivalence, Negation of given statement, predicates &	
	Quantifiers, Normal form, mathematical induction	
3	Successive Differentiation, Expansion of Function and Vector Differentiation	
	Pre-requisite:- Derivative of standard functions and Rules of derivative.	
	3.1 Successive differentiation: nth derivative of standard functions. Leibnitz's Theorem	02
	(without proof) and problems	
	3.2 Taylor's Theorem (Statement only) and Taylor's series, Maclaurin's series	02
	(Statement only). Expansion of $e^{(x)}$ , $\sin(x)$ , $\cos(x)$ , $\tan(x)$ , $\sinh(x)$ , $\cosh(x)$ ,	02
	$\tanh(x), \log(1+x), \sin(-1)(x), \cos(-1)(x), \tan(-1)(x).$	
	3.3 Vector function of scalar quantities, Vector operator del, gradient, Grad	
	Phi, Directional derivatives. Divergence and curl and their Physical interpretation.	
4	Partial Differentiation and Applications of Partial Differentiation.	1
4	4.1 Partial Differentiation: Function of several variables, Partial derivatives of first and	04
		04
	higher order. Differentiation of composite function.	02
	4.2. Euler's Theorem on Homogeneous functions with two independent variables (without proof). Deductions from Euler's Theorem.	02
	4.3 Maxima and Minima of a function of two independent variables, Lagrange's	03
	method of undetermined multipliers with one constraint.	03
	Jacobian of two independent variables.	
5	Matrices.	
3		
	<b>Pre-requisite:</b> Inverse of a matrix, addition, multiplication and transpose of a matrix,	
	Elementary row and column transformation	02
	5.1.Symmetric, Skew- Symmetric, Hermitian, Skew Hermitian, Unitary, Orthogonal	02 02
	Matrices and properties of Matrices (Without Proof).	$\begin{vmatrix} 02\\02\end{vmatrix}$
	5.2 Rank of a Matrix using Echelon forms, reduction to normal form and PAQ form.	02
	5.3.System of homogeneous and non –homogeneous equations, their consistency and	
	solutions.	-
6	Numerical Methods	02
	6.1 Solution of system of linear algebraic equations	03
	(1) Gauss Elimination,(2)Gauss Jacobi Iteration Method (3) Gauss Seidel Iteration	
	Method	03
	6.2 Solutions of Transcendental equations	
	(1) Bisection method (2) Secant Method (3) Newton Raphson	

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	List of Practicals
1	Basic Mathematical Operations, Functions and Introduction to Programming in Scilab
2	Basic operations on Matrices
3	Programing on Gauss Elimination Method
4	Programing on Gauss Jacobi Method
5	Programing on Gauss Seidal Method
6	Programing on Numerical Solution of transcendental Equations by Bisection Method
7	Programing on Numerical Solution of transcendental Equations by Newton Raphson Method
8	Programing on Numerical Solution of transcendental Equations by Secant Method
9	Programing on Maxima and Minima of functions

#### **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 5 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### **Term Work Assessment**:

General Instructions:

- 1. Batch wise practical's are to be conducted. The number of students per batch should be as per norms.
- 2. Students must be encouraged to write SCILAB Programs in the laboratory. Each Student has to perform at least 4 SCILAB practical's and at least 6 assignments on the entire syllabus.
- 3. SCILAB Practical's will be based on (i) Gauss Elimination(ii) Gauss Seidel Iteration method (iii) Gauss Jacobi Iteration Method (iv) Bisection method (v) Secant Method (vi) Newton Raphson (vii) Matrices (viii) Maxima and Minima.(At least four).

The distribution of Term Work marks will be as follows –

Attendance (Theory, Practical's) : 05 marks
Assignments on entire syllabus : 10 marks
SCILAB Practical's : 10 marks

#### **Books/References:**

- 1. Higher Engineering Mathematics, Dr.B.S.Grewal, Khanna Publication
- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, Wiley EasternLimited, 9thEd.
- 3. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, Narosa publication,
- 4. Matrices, Shanti Narayan, S. Chand publication.
- 5. Applied Numerical Methods with MATLAB for Engineers and Scientists by Steven Chapra, McGraw Hill .

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 102	Engineering Physics I	02	01	-	02	0.5	-	2.5

		Examination Scheme							
Course	Course Name	Theory Marks							
Code		Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total
		1	2	Avg.	Sem. Exam	Work			
EC 102	Engineering Physics I	30	30	30	45	25	-	-	100

Prerequisite: Physics of Std 11th, 12th

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To impart knowledge of basic concepts in engineering physics and founding principles of technology.
- 2. To provide the knowledge and methodology necessary for solving problems in the field of engineering.
- 3. To develop scientific temperament for scientific observations, recording, and inference drawing essential for technology studies.

**Course Outcomes:** Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to

- 1. Explain the limits of Classical Physics and apply the fundamentals of quantum mechanics to study the one dimensional motion of microscopic particles.
- 2. Apply the knowledge of superconductivity to SQUID and Magnetic levitation.
- 3. Able to understand fundamental concepts of classical optics and applications of interference in science and technology.
- 4. Analyse the intensity variation of light due to Polarization and its use in various applications
- 5. Comprehend the concepts of electrodynamics and Maxwell's equations and their use in telecommunication systems.
- 6. Apply the concepts of electromagnetism in focusing systems and CRO.

#### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs.
1.	Quantum Mechanics:  De Broglie hypothesis of matter waves; properties of matter waves; wave packet, phase velocity and group velocity; Wave function; Physical interpretation of wave function; Heisenberg uncertainty principle; nonexistence of electron in nucleus; Schrodinger's time dependent wave equation; time independent wave equation; Free electron, Particle trapped	06
	in one dimensional infinite potential well, Quantum Computing.	
2.	Superconductivity: Critical temperature, critical magnetic field, Meissner's effect, Type I and Type II and high Tc superconductors; BCS Theory (concept of Cooper pair); Josephson effect Applications of superconductors- SQUID, MAGLEV	02
3.	Thin Film Interference :	06

	Interference by division of amplitude and by division of wave front; Interference in thin film of constant thickness due to reflected and transmitted light; origin of colours in thin film; Wedge shaped film(angle of wedge and thickness measurement); Newton's rings Applications of interference - Determination of thickness of very thin wire or foil; determination of refractive index of liquid; wavelength of incident light; radius of curvature of lens; testing of surface flatness; Anti-reflecting films and Highly reflecting film.	
4.	Polarisation of Light: Introduction, polarisation of light, Representation of plane polarised light, partially polarised light, Production of plane polarised light by i) Reflection (Brewster's Law), ii)Refraction (pile of plates), iii) Double Refraction (Nicol Prism), iv) Selective Absorption(Dichroism), HWP, QWP, Optically active materials and their applications like polaroids, LCD.	04
5.	Electrodynamics: Scalar and vector fields, Cartesian, Cylindrical and Spherical Coordinate system, gradient, curl and divergence in Cartesian coordinate system, line integral, surface integral, volume integral, divergence theorem, Stoke's theorem, Maxwell's Equations.	04
6.	Electron Optics: Electrostatic focusing, Magneto static focusing, Cathode Ray Tube (CRT), Construction and working of CRO. Lissajous figures.	02

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Sr.n	List of Experiments
1	
l	Determination of radius of curvature of a lens using Newton's ring set up
2	Determination of diameter of wire/hair or thickness of paper using Wedge shape film method and estimation of Young's modulus of the material.
3	Brewster's law (Polarisation of light by reflection through glass slab.)
4	To study the nature of polarisation of laser light using photocell and quarter wave plate (QWP)
5	Use of CRO for measurement of frequency and amplitude.
6	Determination of unknown frequency by Lissajous figures.

#### **Theory Assessments:**

1. **Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 30 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mentioned in the syllabus.

- Question paper will comprises of 4 questions, each carrying 15 marks.
- Question number 1 will be compulsory and based on maximum contents of the syllabus
- Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example, if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from other than module 3)

Total three questions need to be solved.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1. Term work:

Term Work shall consist of minimum five experiments.

The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

Laboratory work (Experiments and Journal): 10 marks
Project GroupWise or Topic Presentation: 10 marks
Attendance (Theory and Practical): 05 marks

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing in the TW.

#### **Books/References:**

- 1. A text book of Engineering Physics-Avadhanulu & Kshirsagar, S. Chand
- 2. A textbook of Optics N. Subramanyam and Brijlal, S.Chand
- 3. Fundamentals of optics by Jenkins and White, McGrawHill
- 4. Modern Engineering Physics Vasudeva, S.Chand
- 5. Concepts of Modern Physics- ArtherBeiser, Tata McGraw Hill
- 6. A TextBook of Engineering Physics, S. O. Pillai, New Age International Publishers
- 7. Optics Ajay Ghatak, Tata McGraw Hill8. Introduction to Electrodynamics- D. J. Griffiths, Pearson publication
- 8. Introduction to Electrodynamics- D. J. Griffiths, Pearson publication
- 9. Physics for Engineers, M.R. Srinivasan, New Age International Publishers.

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Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 103	Engineering Chemistry I	02	01	-	02	0.5	-	2.5

			Examination Scheme									
Course	Course Name	Theory Marks										
Code		Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	   Total			
		1	2	Avg.	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Orai	Iotai			
EC 103	Engineering Chemistry I	30	30	30	45	25	-	-	100			

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To impart a scientific approach and to familiarize the applications of chemistry in the field of engineering.
- 2. The student with the knowledge of the basic chemistry will understand and explain scientifically the various problems related to chemistry in the industry/engineering field.
- 3. To develop abilities and skills that is relevant to the study and practice of chemistry.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of course learner will be able to

- 1. To understand and analyse the combustion mechanisms of various fuels and be able to characterize the fuels.
- 2. To select various lubricants for different industrial applications.
- 3. To become familiarized with corrosion forms and their effects and to recognize and use the method of corrosion protection.
- 4. To analyse the quality of water and will be able to suggest methods to improve water quality.
- **5.** To assess the environmental impact and understand the methods for their minimisation.

#### DETAILED THEORY SYLLARUS:

Module	Detailed Contents	Hr s.
1	Fuels And Combustion Pre-requisite: What are fuels, Types of fuels, Characteristics of fuels.  1.1. Calorific value of a fuel - HCV and LCV, Theoretical determination of calorific value of fuel by Dulong's formula, Numerical problems  1.2 Solid fuels: Coal, Analysis of coal - Proximate and Ultimate analysis, Numerical problems  Liquid fuels: Composition and classification, Octane number, Cetane number, Biodiesel  Gaseous Fuels:, LPG and CNG	05

1.3. Combustion of fuels – Numerical problems for calculating the amount of air needed for the complete combustion of solid and gaseous fuels.  2 Lubricants Pre - requisites: Definition of Lubricants and Lubrication, functions of lubricants 2.1 Mechanisms of lubrication – Thick film, Thin film and Extreme pressure 2.2 Classification of lubricants - Solid (MoS <sub>2</sub> , graphite), Semi solid (greases), Liquid (animal/vegetable oils, mineral oils, synthetic oils) 2.3 Properties of lubricants and their significance - Viscosity and Viscosity Index, Flash and Fire Points, Cloud and Pour Points, Acid Number, Saponification Number, Steam Emulsification Number and related numerical problems.  3 Corrosion Pre-requisite:- corrosion, corrosion product, electrochemical series, corrosive and non corrosive metals. 3.1 Mechanism of corrosion - Chemical and Electrochemical corrosion, Pitting corrosion, Intergranular corrosion, Waterline corrosion, Stress corrosion. 3.2 Types of corrosion: Galvanic corrosion, Waterline corrosion, Stress corrosion. 3.3 Factors Affecting Corrosion Rate : - (i) Nature of metal, (ii) Nature of environment.  4 Corrosion Control 4.1 Methods of Corrosion Control : Material selection, Design, Cathodic protection, Anodic protection 4.2 Protective Coatings: Metallic coatings anodic coating (galvanizing) and cathodic coating (Timing), Different Methods of Applying Metallic Coatings (No explanation needed) 4.3 Organic coatings - Paints and Special Paints.  5 Water And Its Treatment Pre - requ Pre-requ Prerequisite: Knowledge of sources of water, Possible impurities in water, Characteristics impartedby impurities in water, 5.1 Hardness in water - types & its units, Determination of hardness by EDTA method, and numerical problems. 5.2. Effects of Hard water in boilers - Priming and Foaming, Scales and Sludges, Boiler corrosion, caustic embritulement 5.3 Softening of water- Ion exchange process. 5.4 Desalination of brackish water- Reverse Osmosis, Electrodialysis, Ultrafiltration . 5.5 Municipal water treatment - P		T	
Pre - requisites : Definition of Lubricants and Lubricants, functions of lubricants  2.1 Mechanisms of lubrication – Thick film, Thin film and Extreme pressure  2.2 Classification of lubricants - Solid (MoS <sub>2</sub> , graphite), Semi solid (greases), Liquid (animal/vegetable oils, mineral oils, synthetic oils)  2.3 Properties of lubricants and their significance - Viscosity and Viscosity Index, Flash and Fire Points, Cloud and Pour Points, Acid Number, Saponification Number, Steam Emulsification Number and related numerical problems.  3 Corrosion  Pre-requisite:- corrosion , corrosion product, electrochemical series, corrosive and non corrosive metals.  3.1 Mechanism of corrosion - Chemical and Electrochemical corrosion, Pitting corrosion, Intergranular corrosion, Differential acration corrosion, Pitting corrosion, Intergranular corrosion, Waterline corrosion, Stress corrosion.  3.2 Types of corrosion Control (Material selection, Design, Cathodic protection, Anodic protection  4.1 Methods of Corrosion Control : Material selection, Design, Cathodic protection, Anodic protection  4.2 Protective Coatings: Metallic coatings anodic coating (galvanizing) and cathodic coating (Tinning), Different Methods of Applying Metallic Coatings (No explanation needed)  4.3 Organic coatings – Paints and Special Paints.  5 Water And Its Treatment  Pre - requ Pre-requ Prerequipare Prerequipare Prerequipare Prepublisms, St. Hardness in water – types & its units, Determination of hardness by EDTA method, and numerical problems.  5.2. Effects of Hard water in boilers – Priming and Foaming, Scales and Sludges, Boiler corrosion, caustic embrittlement  5.3 Softening of water- lon exchange process.  5.4 Desalination of brackish water Reverse Osmosis, Electrodialysis, Ultrafiltration.  5.5 Municipal water treatment – Primary, secondary and tertiary, BIS specification of drinking water  6 Environmental Pollution and Control - Water pollution and Nepollution of Environment and Primary concept of environmental Pollution and Control - Water pollution		1.3. Combustion of fuels – Numerical problems for calculating the amount of air needed for the complete combustion of solid and gaseous fuels.	
Pre - requisites : Definition of Lubricants and Lubricants, functions of lubricants  2.1 Mechanisms of lubrication – Thick film, Thin film and Extreme pressure  2.2 Classification of lubricants - Solid (MoS <sub>2</sub> , graphite), Semi solid (greases), Liquid (animal/vegetable oils, mineral oils, synthetic oils)  2.3 Properties of lubricants and their significance - Viscosity and Viscosity Index, Flash and Fire Points, Cloud and Pour Points, Acid Number, Saponification Number, Steam Emulsification Number and related numerical problems.  3 Corrosion  Pre-requisite:- corrosion , corrosion product, electrochemical series, corrosive and non corrosive metals.  3.1 Mechanism of corrosion - Chemical and Electrochemical corrosion, Pitting corrosion, Intergranular corrosion, Differential acration corrosion, Pitting corrosion, Intergranular corrosion, Waterline corrosion, Stress corrosion.  3.2 Types of corrosion Control (Material selection, Design, Cathodic protection, Anodic protection  4.1 Methods of Corrosion Control : Material selection, Design, Cathodic protection, Anodic protection  4.2 Protective Coatings: Metallic coatings anodic coating (galvanizing) and cathodic coating (Tinning), Different Methods of Applying Metallic Coatings (No explanation needed)  4.3 Organic coatings – Paints and Special Paints.  5 Water And Its Treatment  Pre - requ Pre-requ Prerequipare Prerequipare Prerequipare Prepublisms, St. Hardness in water – types & its units, Determination of hardness by EDTA method, and numerical problems.  5.2. Effects of Hard water in boilers – Priming and Foaming, Scales and Sludges, Boiler corrosion, caustic embrittlement  5.3 Softening of water- lon exchange process.  5.4 Desalination of brackish water Reverse Osmosis, Electrodialysis, Ultrafiltration.  5.5 Municipal water treatment – Primary, secondary and tertiary, BIS specification of drinking water  6 Environmental Pollution and Control - Water pollution and Nepollution of Environment and Primary concept of environmental Pollution and Control - Water pollution		Lubricants	04
2.1 Mechanisms of lubrication – Thick film, Thin film and Extreme pressure 2.2 Classification of lubricants - Solid (MoS <sub>2</sub> , graphite), Semi solid (greases), Liquid (animal/vegetable oils, mineral oils, synthetic oils) 2.3 Properties of lubricants and their significance - Viscosity and Viscosity Index, Flash and Fire Points, Cloud and Pour Points, Acid Number, Saponification Number, Steam Emulsification Number and related numerical problems.  3 Corrosion Pre-requisite:- corrosion , corrosion product, electrochemical series, corrosive and non corrosive metals. 3.1 Mechanism of corrosion - Chemical and Electrochemical corrosion. 3.2 Types of corrosion: Galvanic corrosion, Differential aeration corrosion, Pitting corrosion, Intergranular corrosion, Waterline corrosion, Stress corrosion. 3.3 Factors Affecting Corrosion Rate: - (i) Nature of metal, (ii) Nature of environment.  4 Corrosion Control 4.1 Methods of Corrosion Control: Material selection, Design, Cathodic protection, Anodic protection 4.2 Protective Coatings: Metallic coatings anodic coating (galvanizing) and cathodic coating (Tinning), Different Methods of Applying Metallic Coatings (No explanation needed) 4.3 Organic coatings - Paints and Special Paints.  5 Water And Its Treatment Pre - requ Pre-requ Prerequisite: Knowledge of sources of water, Possible impurities in water, Characteristics impartedby impurities in water. 5.1 Hardness in water – types & its units, Determination of hardness by EDTA method, and numerical problems. 5.2. Effects of Hard water in boilers - Priming and Foaming, Scales and Sludges, Boiler corrosion, caustic embrittlement 5.3 Softening of water- Ion exchange process. 5.4 Desalination of brackish water- Reverse Osmosis, Electrodialysis, Ultrafiltration 5.5 Municipal water treatment – Primary, secondary and tertiary, BIS specification of drinking water  6 Primary secondary and tertiary, BIS specification of drinking water  6 Primary secondary and tertiary, BIS specification of drinking water  6 Primary secondary and tertiary, BIS	2	Pre - requisites: Definition of Lubricants and Lubrication, functions of	04
2.2 Classification of lubricants - Solid (MoS <sub>2</sub> , graphite), Semi solid (greases), Liquid (animal/vegetable oils, mineral oils, synthetic oils) 2.3 Properties of lubricants and their significance - Viscosity and Viscosity Index, Flash and Fire Points, Cloud and Pour Points, Acid Number, Saponification Number, Steam Emulsification Number and related numerical problems.  Corrosion Pre-requisite:- corrosion , corrosion product, electrochemical series, corrosive and non corrosive metals. 3.1 Mechanism of corrosion - Chemical and Electrochemical corrosion. 3.2 Types of corrosion : Galvanic corrosion, Differential acration corrosion, Pitting corrosion, Intergranular corrosion, Waterline corrosion, Stress corrosion. 3.3 Factors Affecting Corrosion Rate : - (i) Nature of metal, (ii) Nature of environment.  4 Corrosion Control 4.1 Methods of Corrosion Control : Material selection, Design, Cathodic protection, Anodic protection 4.2 Protective Coatings: Metallic coatings anodic coating (galvanizing) and cathodic coating (Tinning), Different Methods of Applying Metallic Coatings (No explanation needed) 4.3 Organic coatings — Paints and Special Paints.  Water And Its Treatment Pre - requ Pre-requ Possible impurities in water, Characteristics impartedby impurities in water, 5.1 Hardness in water — types & its units, Determination of hardness by EDTA method, and numerical problems. 5.2 Effects of Hard water in boilers - Priming and Foaming, Scales and Sludges, Boiler corrosion, caustic embrittlement 5.3 Softening of water- Ion exchange process. 5.4 Desalination of brackish water- Reverse Osmosis, Electrodialysis, Ultrafiltration 5.5 Municipal water treatment — Primary, secondary and tertiary, BIS specification of drinking water  6 Pro-requisites:- Definition of Environment and Primary concept of environmental Pollution and Control - Water pollution - BOD and COD, determination and numerical problems. E-pollution and N-pollution 6.3 Concept of 12 principles of Green chemistry, discussion with examples,			
Liquid (animal/vegetable oils, mineral oils, synthetic oils)  2.3 Properties of lubricants and their significance - Viscosity and Viscosity Index, Flash and Fire Points, Cloud and Pour Points, Acid Number, Saponification Number, Steam Emulsification Number and related numerical problems.  3 Corrosion  Pre-requisite:- corrosion , corrosion product, electrochemical series, corrosive and non corrosive metals.  3.1 Mechanism of corrosion - Chemical and Electrochemical corrosion.  3.2 Types of corrosion: Galvanic corrosion, Differential aeration corrosion, Pitting corrosion, Intergranular corrosion, Waterline corrosion, Stress corrosion.  3.3 Factors Affecting Corrosion Rate : - (i) Nature of metal, (ii) Nature of environment.  4 Corrosion Control  4.1 Methods of Corrosion Control: Material selection, Design, Cathodic protection, Anodic protection  4.2 Protective Coatings: Metallic coatings anodic coating (galvanizing) and cathodic coating (Tinning), Different Methods of Applying Metallic Coatings (No explanation needed)  4.3 Organic coatings — Paints and Special Paints.  5 Water And Its Treatment  Pre - requ Pre-requ Prerequisite: Knowledge of sources of water, Possible impurities in water, Characteristics impartedby impurities in water.  5.1 Hardness in water — types & its units, Determination of hardness by EDTA method, and numerical problems.  5.2. Effects of Hard water in boilers - Priming and Foaming, Scales and Sludges, Boiler corrosion, caustic embrittlement  5.3 Softening of water- lon exchange process.  5.4 Desalination of brackish water- Reverse Osmosis, Electrodialysis, Ultrafiltration .  5.5 Municipal water treatment — Primary, secondary and tertiary, BIS specification of drinking water  6 Privironmental And Green Chemistry  Pre-requisites:- Definition of Environment and Primary concept of environmental pollution and Control - Water pollution and No-pollution - G.3		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2.3 Properties of lubricants and their significance - Viscosity and Viscosity Index, Flash and Fire Points, Cloud and Pour Points, Acid Number, Saponification Number, Steam Emulsification Number and related numerical problems.  3 Corrosion  Pre-requisite:- corrosion , corrosion product, electrochemical series, corrosive and non corrosive metals.  3.1 Mechanism of corrosion - Chemical and Electrochemical corrosion.  3.2 Types of corrosion: Galvanic corrosion, Differential aeration corrosion, Pitting corrosion, Intergranular corrosion, Waterline corrosion, Stress corrosion.  3.3 Factors Affecting Corrosion Rate: - (i) Nature of metal, (ii) Nature of environment.  4 Corrosion Control  4.1 Methods of Corrosion Control: Material selection, Design, Cathodic protection, Anodic protection  4.2 Protective Coatings: Metallic coatings anodic coating (galvanizing) and cathodic coating (Tinning), Different Methods of Applying Metallic Coatings (No explanation needed)  4.3 Organic coatings — Paints and Special Paints.  5 Water And Its Treatment Pre - requ Pre-requ Prerequisite: Knowledge of sources of water, Possible impurities in water, Characteristics impartedby impurities in water.  5.1 Hardness in water - types & its units, Determination of hardness by EDTA method, and numerical problems.  5.2. Effects of Hard water in boilers - Priming and Foaming, Scales and Sludges, Boiler corrosion, caustic embrittlement  5.3 Softening of water- lon exchange process.  5.4 Desalination of brackish water- Reverse Osmosis, Electrodialysis, Ultrafiltration  5.5 Municipal water treatment — Primary, secondary and tertiary, BIS specification of drinking water  6 Environmental And Green Chemistry Pre-requisites:- Definition of Environment and Primary concept of environmental pollution  6.1 Concept and Scope of Environmental Chemistry,  6.2 Environmental Pollution and Control - Water pollution - BOD and COD, determination and numerical problems.  E-pollution and N-pollution  6.3 Concept of 12 principles of Green chemistry, discussion with exa		\ C 1 // \ \ / /	
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#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Sr.no	List of Experiments
1	Determination of Hardness in water
2	Determination of Viscosity of oil by Redwood Viscometer
3	Determination of Flash point of a lubricant using Abel's apparatus
4	Determination of Acid Value and Saponification Value of an oil.
5	Determination of Chloride content of water by Mohr's Method
6	Determination of moisture content in coal sample.
	Study of the effect of different environments (Acid, Base) on corrosion
7	rate.
8	Determination of COD Value of water.
9	Removal of hardness using ion exchange column.
10	Calorific value of liquid fuel.

#### **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 30 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mentioned in the syllabus.

- Question paper will comprise of 5 questions, each carrying 15 marks.
- Question number 1 will be compulsory and based on maximum contents of the syllabus
- Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example, if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from other than module 3.
- Total three questions need to be solved.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### **Term work Assessment:**

Term Work shall consist of a minimum five experiments.

#### The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

Laboratory work (Experiments and Journal) : 10 marks Assignments and Viva on modules : 10 marks Attendance (Theory and Tutorial) : 05 marks

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing in the TW.

#### **Books/References:**

- 1. Engineering Chemistry P.C. Jain and Monika Jain, Dhanpat Rai Publications
- 2. A Textbook of Engineering Chemistry, Shashi Chawla (DhanpatRai publications)
- 3. A textbook of Engineering Chemistry S.S. Dara, S. Chand Publishing House
- 4. Engineering Chemistry O.G. Palanna, Tata Mc Graw Hill
- 5. Essential of Physical Chemistry by Arun Bahl, B S Bahl & G D Tuli
- 6. Environmental Chemistry A.K.De, New Age International

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 104	Programmi ng with C	03	02	-	03	01	1	04

					Exa	mination	Scheme		
Course	Course Name	Theory Mark			<u> </u>	Term Work		Oral	Total
Code		Internal assessment		End Sem.	Practical				
		1	2	Avg.	Exam				
EC 104	Programmi ng with C	40	40	40	60	25	<u>.</u>	25	150

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To provide exposure to problem-solving by developing algorithms and designing flowchart.
- 2. Implement the logic to solve real world problems using the C programming language.
- 3. To develop solutions using different programming concepts.
- 4. To be able to write and read data from files.
- 5. To decompose solutions into smaller units using functions.
- 6. To create different types of data-structure using structure, arrays and pointers.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Understand the basic terminology used in computer programming.
- 2. Use different data types, operators and keywords to write programs
- 3. Able to logically code using control statements and loops.
- 4. Use the concepts of arrays, strings, functions and Structures to structure complex programs
- 5. Use of pointers to access different user defined data types like arrays, Strings and Structures
- 6. Use different data structures and open/create/update basic data files.

#### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs			
1	Fundamentals of	History of C programming language and its features				
	C Programming	1.1 Algorithm & Flowchart : Three construct of				
		Algorithm and flowchart: Sequence, Decision				
		(Selection) and Repetition				
		1.2 Character Set, Identifiers and keywords, Data types,				
		Constants, Variables.				
		1.3 Operators-Arithmetic, Relational and logical,				
		Assignment, Unary, Conditional, Bitwise, Comma,				

		other operators. Expression, statements, Preprocessor,	
		Structure of basic C program.	
2	Control	2.1 Decision making statements- if statement, if-else	10
	Flow Statements	statement, if-else-if ladder, nested if-else, switch	10
	1 10 W Statements	statement	
		2.2 Looping – while , do-while, for	
		2.3 Jump Statements- break, continue, goto, return, exit	
3	Functions	3.1 Introduction to Functions, declaring and defining	04
	Tunctions	function, calling function, passing arguments to a	04
		function, recursion and its application.	
		3.2 Library functions – getchar(), putchar(), gets(),	
		puts(), Math function, Ctype functions	
		3.3 Storage classes in C-auto, extern, static, register	
4	Arrays,Strings	4.1 Array Introduction, Declaration, Initialization,	09
'	and Structures	Accessing array element, One and Two-dimensional	
	and Structures	array.	
		4.2 Strings Introduction, String using char array, String	
		handling functions	
		4.3 Structure Introduction, Declaration, Initialization,	
		Nested structure, Array of Structure.	
5	Pointers	5.1 Pointer :Introduction, Definition, Pointer Variables,	05
		Referencing and Dereferencing operator, Pointer	
		Arithmetic, Pointers to Pointers, void Pointer,	
		5.2 Pointers to Array and Strings, Passing Arrays to	
		Function, Accessing structure using pointers, Array of	
		Pointers, call by value and call by reference.	
		5.3 Dynamic Memory Allocation using malloc, calloc,	
		realloc, free	
6	File Handling	6.1 Introduction, types of Files, File Operations-	03
		Opening, Modes of opening a file, Closing, Creating,	
		Reading, Processing File.	

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

**Software Requirements:** Turbo C

Module	Detailed Content								
1	1. Write algorithm and draw flowchart to find roots of quadratic equation								
	2. Write a program to swap two integers with and without using temporary								
	variables.								
	3. Write a program to calculate	e the volume of a cone. Accept ra	dius & height from						
	the user.								
2	1 5	greatest among three integers usi	ng ternary operator						
	& if-else.								
	5. An electric power distrib	ution company charges its don	nestic customer as						
	follows :		•						
	Consumption Units	Consumption Units Rate of charge							
	0 - 200	0.50 per unit							

	201 - 400	Rs. 100 plus 0.65 per unit excess of 200 units
	401 - 600	Rs. 230 plus 0.85 per unit excess of 400 units
	601 & above	Rs. 390 plus 1.00 per unit excess of 600 units.
	6. Write a program to take inp with that character using a swi 7. Write a program to find n2/(2n-1)	sumed for a customer and calculate the total bill. ut for a character and print the month names starting tch case. (Ex: I/P = 'A', O/P = April, August). the result of the series: 1 - 22/3 + 32/5+ e following pattern: (Take input for the no. of lines
	'N').  *  **  ***	
	9. Write a program to print th 'N').	e following pattern: (Take input for the no. of lines
	12A 123BA 1234CBA 10. Write a program to find if	the given number is palindrome number or not.
3		m of natural numbers using a recursive function. te different ways of passing parameters to a function ement operators.
4	direction.  14. Write a program to find tra	ne reverse of a string using another string (Define a
		g Structure to accept employee name, emp_id, isplay the result in descending order of salary. Store
5	of an array, accept 'N' integ	nically allocate memory for the user entered size 'N' gers from the user and find the average of these inter (Pass array to the function using pointer).
6	18. Write a program to accept	pt a set of characters from the user until the user store it in a text file. Read from the file and display

#### **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 5 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.

- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1. Term work Assessment:

Experiments (atleast15 Programs) and Assignments (2 Assignments) should be completed by students on the given time duration.

Experiments : 15 Marks
Assignment : 05 Marks
Attendance : 05 Marks

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing in the TW.

#### 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Practical and Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. "Programming in ANSI C", by E. Balaguruswamy, Tata McGraw-Hill Education
- 2. "A Computer Science –Structure Programming Approaches using C ", by BehrouzForouzan, Cengage Learning
- 3. "Let Us C", by Yashwant Kanetkar, BPB Publication
- 4. "MASTERING C" by K.R. Venugopal and SudeepR. Prasad, Tata McGraw-Hill Publications

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. "Programming Techniques through C", by M. G. Venkateshmurthy, Pearson Publication.
- 2. "Programming in C", by Pradeep Dey and Manas Gosh, Oxford University Press.
- 3. Schaum's outlines "Programming with C", by Byron S. Gottfried, Tata McGraw-Hill Publications.
- 4. "Basics of Computer Science", by BehrouzForouzan, Cengage Learning.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 105	Basic Electrical Engineering	03	02	-	03	01	-	04

Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory Marks							
		Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total
		1	2	Avg.	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Orai	Total
EC 105	Basic Electrical Engineering	40	40	40	60	25	-	25	150

**Prerequisite:** Resistance, inductance, capacitance, series and parallel connection of resistance, concept of voltage, current, power and energy and its units.

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To provide knowledge on fundamentals of D.C. circuits.
- 2. To provide knowledge of D.C network theorems and its applications.
- 3. To impart knowledge on fundamentals of A.C. circuits
- 4. To impart knowledge on fundamentals of single phase A.C circuits and its applications.
- 5. To impart knowledge on fundamentals of 3- $\Phi$  A.C. circuits and its applications.
- 6. To impart knowledge on basic operation and applications of electrical machines.

#### **Course Outcomes**:

On successful completion of course learner/student will be able to

- 1. Apply basic concepts to analyse D.C circuits.
- 2. Apply various D.C network theorems to determine the circuit response/ behaviour.
- 3. Apply basic concepts to analyse A.C waveforms.
- 4. Evaluate and analyse single phase A.C circuits.
- 5. Evaluate and analyse three phase A.C circuits.
- 6. Understand the constructional features and operation of electrical machines.

#### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Module	Detailed Contents		
1	DC Circuits Series and Parallel circuits, Concept of short and open circuits, Star-delta transformation, Ideal and practical voltage and current source, Kirchhoff's laws, Mesh and Nodal analysis (super node and super mesh included), Source transformation.	s	
2	DC Theorems Linear and Nonlinear Circuit, Active and passive network, Superposition theorem, Thevenin's theorem, Norton's theorem, Maximum power transfer theorem, (Source transformation not allowed for Superposition theorem).	06	

3	AC fundamentals Generation of alternating voltages, A.C terminology, RMS and Average value, form factor, crest factor, Phasor representation of alternating quantities, addition and subtraction of alternating quantities using phasors.	03
4	Single Phase AC Circuits  AC through pure resistor, inductor and capacitor. AC through R-L, R-C and R-L-C series and parallel circuits, phasor diagrams, power and power factor, series and parallel resonance, Q-factor.	07
5	Three Phase AC Circuits  Three phase voltage and current generation, star and delta connections (balanced load only), relationship between phase and line currents and voltages, Phasor diagrams, Basic principle of wattmeter, measurement of power by two wattmeter method.	06
6	<ul> <li>Electrical Machines</li> <li>Working principle of single-phase transformer, EMF equation of a transformer, Transformer losses, Phasor diagram, Equivalent circuit, Efficiency.</li> <li>Principle of operation, construction and classification of DC machines, emf equation, speed control of DC motors and its applications.</li> <li>Principle of operation of Single-Phase induction motors, stepper motors and their applications.</li> </ul>	08

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Hardware Requirements: Hardware Kits, Three phase power supply and DC motor.

Sr.no	List of Experiments			
1	Mesh and Nodal analysis.			
2	Verification of Superposition Theorem.			
3	Verification Thevenin's Theorem.			
4	Study of R-L series and R-C series circuit.			
5	R-L-C series resonance circuit			
6	R-L-C parallel resonance circuit.			
7	Relationship between phase and line currents and voltages in three phase system (star & delta)			
8	Power and phase measurement in three phase system by one wattmeter method.			
9	Power and phase measurement in three phase system by two wattmeter method.			
10	To demonstrate cut-out sections of DC machine.			
10	To control the speed of DC motor.			

#### **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 5 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1. Term work Assessment:

Term work consists of performing minimum 06 practicals. Final certification and acceptance of the term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work.

The distribution of Term Work marks will be as follows –

Attendance (Theory, Practical's) : 05 marks Assignments on entire syllabus : 10 marks Practical's : 10 marks

#### 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Practical and Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. "Basic Electrical Engineering", by Prof. B. R. Patil, Oxford Higher Education
- 2. "Basic Electrical Engineering (BEE)", by Prof.Ravish Singh", McGraw Hill Education

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. B.L.Theraja "Electrical Technology" Vol-I and II, S. Chand Publications, 23 rd ed. 2003.
- 2. Joseph A Edminister, "Schaum"s outline of theory and problems of electric circuits" Tata McGraw Hill, 2 nd edition
- 3. D P Kothari and I J Nagrath "Theory and Problems of Basic Electrical Engineering", PHI 13th edition 2011.

Ι.

Cou Co		Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC	106	Basic Engineering	-	03	-	-	-	-	1.5
		Workshop I							

					Exami	nation Sc	cheme		
Course		Theory Marks							
Course Code	<b>Course Name</b>	Internal assessment			End Sem.	Term Work	Practical	Oral	Total
		1	2	Avg.	Exam	WUIK			
EC 106	Basic Engineering Workshop I	-	-	-	-	50	-	-	50

- 1. To impart training to help the students develop engineering skill sets.
- 2. To inculcate respect for physical work and hard labor.
- 3. To get exposure to interdisciplinary engineering.

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Develop the necessary skill required to handle/use different fitting tools.
- 2. Develop skill required for hardware maintenance.
- 3. Able to install an operating system and system drives.
- 4. Able to identify the network components and perform basic networking and crimping.
- 5. Able to prepare the edges of jobs and do simple arc welding.
- 6. Develop the necessary skill required to handle/use different plumping tools.
- 7. Demonstrate the turning operation with the help of a simple job.

Detailed Contents	Hrs.

### Note:

Trade 1 and 2 are compulsory. Select any ONE trade topics out of the topic at trade 3 to 5. Demonstrations and hands on experience to be provided during the periods allotted for the same. Report on the demonstration including suitable sketches is also to be included in the term work CO-1 is related to Trade-1

CO-2 to CO-4 is related to Trade-2 CO-5 is related to Trade-3

CO-6 is related to

Trade-4 CO-7 is

related to Trade-5

CO evaluation is to be done according to the opted Trades in addition to **Compulsory Trades.** 

Trade-1	<ul> <li>Fitting (Compulsory):</li> <li>Use and setting of fitting tools for chipping, cutting, filing, marking, center punching, drilling, tapping.</li> <li>Term work to include one job involving following operations: filing to size, one simple male- female joint, drilling and tapping</li> </ul>	10
Trade-2	Hardware and Networking: (Compulsory)  Dismantling of a Personal Computer (PC), Identification of Components of a PC such as power supply, motherboard, processor, hard disk, memory (RAM, ROM), CMOS battery, CD drive, monitor, keyboard, mouse, printer, scanner, pen drives, disk drives etc. · Assembling of PC, Installation of Operating System (Any one) and Device drivers, Boot-up sequence. Installation of application software (at least one) · Basic troubleshooting and maintenance · Identification of network components: LAN card, wireless card, switch, hub, router, different types of network cables (straight cables, crossover cables, rollover cables) Basic networking and crimping. NOTE: Hands on experience to be given in a group of not more than four students	08
Trade-	Welding: Edge preparation for welding jobs. Arc welding for different job like, Lap welding of two plates, butt welding of plates with simple cover, arc welding to join plates at right angles.	06
Trade -4	Plumbing: Use of plumbing tools, spanners, wrenches, threading dies, demonstration of preparation of a domestic line involving fixing of a water tap and use of coupling, elbow, tee, and union etc.	06
Trade-5	Machine Shop: At least one turning job is to be demonstrated and simple job to be made for Term Work in a group of 4 students.	06

### Lab Assessment:

### 1. Term work Assessment:

Term work shall consist of respective reports and jobs of the trades selected the distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows.

Laboratory work (Job and Journal) : 40 marks Attendance (Practical and Theory) : 10 marks

### Books/References:-

- 1. Workshop Technology by H K Hajara Choudhary
- 2. Manufacturing Technology by R C Jain
- 3. Workshop Technology by R S Khurmi and J S Gupta
- 4. Workshop Technology by Chapman.

# Bachelor of Technology In Electronics & Computer Science

(Semester II)

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 107	Engineering Mathematics II	03	02	-	03	01	-	04

				E	xaminatio	n Schem	e		
			Theory Marks						
Course	Course Name	Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total
Code		1	2	Avg.	Sem.	Work	Tractical	Orai	Total
				U	Exam				
EC 107	Engineering Mathematics II	40	40	40	60	25	-	_	125

- 1. To develop the basic mathematical skills of differential equations of engineering students
- 2. To understand the linear differential equation with constant coefficients used in mathematical modelling.
- 3. To acquaint the students with the Beta, Gamma functions and set theory.
- 4. To learn different techniques to solve double integrations.
- 5. To learn the applications of integration in solving the complex engineering problems.
- 6. To provide knowledge of numerical techniques using SCILAB software to handle Mathematical modelling.

### **Course Outcomes**:

On successful completion of course learner/student will be able to:

- 1. Apply the basic concept of linear differential equations to solve problems in engineering.
- 2. Apply the basic concept of applications of higher order differential equations in mathematical
  - Modelling to solve real life problems.
- 3. Apply the basic concepts of beta, gamma and set theory to solve engineering problems.
- 4. Apply the concept of double integration in solving problems of engineering and technology.
- 5. Apply the concept of double integrations to find length, area and volume.
- 6. Apply the concept of differentiation and integration numerically for solving the engineering problems with the help of SCILAB software.

### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
1	Differential Equations of First Order and First Degree 1.1 Exact differential Equations, Equations reducible to exact form by using	02
	integrating factors.  1.2 Linear differential equations, equation reducible to linear form.	02
	1.3 Application of differential equation of first order and first Degree in engineering.	02
2	Linear Differential Equations With Constant Coefficients and Variable coefficients of higher order:-	
	2.1. Linear Differential Equation with constant coefficient complementary function, particular integrals of differential equation of the type $f(D)y = X$	03
	where X is $e^{a}$ , $\sin(ax + b)$ , $\cos(ax + b)$ , $x^{n}$ , $e^{a}$ , $x^{n}$ . 2.2. Cauchy Differential equation, Method of variation of parameters two variables	03
3	Beta and Gamma Function, Set theory 3.1 Beta and Gamma functions and its properties.	03
	3.2 Basics of set theory and set operations, law of set, partition of set, Power set, cartesian product, Inclusion-Exclusion Principle	03
4	Double Integration:- Prerequisite: Tracing of curves 4.1. Double integration - Evaluation of Double Integrals.(Cartesian & Polar), Change of order of Integration and evaluation	04
	4.2. Evaluation of integrals over the given region.(Cartesian & Polar) 4.3. Evaluation of double integrals by changing to polar coordinates.	02
5	Applications of integration: 5.1 Rectification of plane curves.(Cartesian and polar) 5.2. Application of double integrals to compute Area 5.3 Triple integrations Evaluation (Cartesian explination) and applications are propertied.	02 02
	5.3. Triple integration: Evaluation (Cartesian, cylindrical and spherical polar coordinates)	02
6	Numerical Techniques: - 6.1. Numerical solution of ordinary differential equation	
	(a) Euler's method (b) Modified Euler method, (c)Runge-Kutta fourth order method	03
	6.2. Numerical integration- (a) Trapezoidal (b) Simpson's 1/3rd (c) Simpson's 3/8th rule	03

### **Theory Assessment:**

### **Internal Assessment Test:**

Assessment consists of two class tests of 40 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and the second class test when an additional 35% syllabus is completed.

### **End Semester Theory Examination:**

- 1. Question paper will comprise of total 05 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total 03 questions need to be solved.
- 3. Question No: 01 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus wherein 4 sub-questions of 5 marks each will be asked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- 5. Weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture mentioned in the syllabus.

### Term Work:

General Instructions:

- 1. Batch wise practical's are to be conducted. The number of students per batch should be as per norms.
- 2. Students must be encouraged to write SCILAB Programs in the laboratory. Each Student has to perform at least 4 SCILAB practical's and at least 6 assignments on the entire syllabus.
- 3. SCILAB Practical's will be based on (i) Euler's method (ii) Modified Euler method, (iii) Runge-Kutta fourth order method (iv) Trapezoidal (v) Simpson's 1/3rd (vi) Simpson's 3/8th rule(vii) Differential equations (viii) Integration.(At least four)

The distribution of Term Work marks will be as follows

Attendance (Theory, Tutorial and Practical's) : 05 marks Class assignments on entire syllabus : 10 marks

SCILAB Practical's : 10 marks

### **Books/References:**

- 1. Higher Engineering Mathematics, Dr.B.S.Grewal, Khanna Publication
- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, Wiley EasternLimited, 9thEd.
- 3. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, Narosa publication,
- 4. Applied Numerical Methods with MATLAB for Engineers and Scientists by Steven Chapra, McGraw Hill.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 108	Engineering Physics II	02	01	-	02	0.5	-	2.5

	Examination Scheme								
Course Name Theory		Томи							
Code		Internal			End	Exam.	Term	Pract	Total
			Assessn	<u>ient</u>	Sem	Duration	Work	oral /	Iotai
		1	2	Avg.	Exam.	(in Hrs)	VVOIK		
EC 108	Engineering	30	30	30	45	2	25	-	
	Physics II								100

- 1. To impart knowledge of basic concepts in engineering physics and founding principles of technology.
- 2. To provide the knowledge and methodology necessary for solving problems in the field of engineering.
- 3. To develop scientific temperament for scientific observations, recording, and inference drawing essential for technology studies.

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to

- 1. Explain the functioning of lasers and their various applications.
- 2. Able to explain the working principle of optical fibres and their applications especially in the field of communication.
- 3. To comprehend the basic concepts of semiconductor physics and apply the same to electronic devices.
- 4. Able to explain working principles of various semiconductor devices and their use in various applications.
- 5. Interpret and explore basic sensing techniques for physical measurements in modern instrumentations.
- 6. To analyse digital logic processes and implement logical operations using various combinational logic circuits.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
1.	Lasers:	04
	Laser: spontaneous emission and stimulated emission; metastable state, population inversion, types of pumping, resonant cavity, Einstein's equations; Helium Neon laser; Nd:YAG laser; Semiconductor laser Applications of laser- Holography (construction and reconstruction of holograms) and industrial applications (cutting, welding etc), Applications in the medical field.	

2. Optical Fibres: Working Principle and structure Numerical Aperture for step index fibre; critical ang acceptance; V number; number of modes of propagation; ty fibres; (Applications) Fibre optic communication system; sens	ola: angla of
Numerical Aperture for step index fibre; critical ang acceptance; V number; number of modes of propagation; ty	rla: angla of
acceptance; V number; number of modes of propagation; ty	
temperature, smoke, water level), applications in the medical	,
2	05
Semiconductor Physics	
Splitting of energy levels for band formation; Class	
semiconductors(direct & indirect band gap, elemental and	
Conductivity, mobility, current density (drift & d	, I
semiconductors(n type and p type); Fermi Dirac distributi	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Fermi energy level in intrinsic & extrinsic semiconducto	
impurity concentration and temperature on fermi level;	
diagram for p-n junction(unbiased, forward bias, reverse bias)	
mechanism (zener avalanche), Hall Effect and its applications	5.
4. Semiconductor Devices and its Applications:	03
P-n junction diode, Light Emitting Diode (LED), Zener diode	e, Photo diode,
Photovoltaic cell (Solar Cell), BJT.	
5. Physics of Sensors:	03
Temperature Sensor- Resistance Temperature Detectors(RTDs	s) (PT-100)
Pressure Transducers- Capacitive pressure transducer, Indu-	ctive pressure
transducer.	
Piezoelectric transducers: Concept of piezoelectricity, use of	piezoelectric
transducer as ultrasonic generator and application of ultrason	nic transducer
for distance measurement, liquid and air velocity measurement	
	05
6. Logic gates and combinational Logic circuits:	
6. Logic gates and combinational Logic circuits: Review of Binary,Octal and Hexadecimal Number syste	ems and their
Review of Binary,Octal and Hexadecimal Number syste	l, Logic levels,
Review of Binary,Octal and Hexadecimal Number syste interconversion, Difference between analog and digital signal	l, Logic levels, ND and NOR

Detailed Lab Syllabus:
Suggested Experiments: (Any five)

Sr.	
No.	List of Experiments
1	Determination of number of lines on the grating surface using LASER Source.
2	Determination of Numerical Aperture of an optical fibre.
3	Determination of wavelength using Diffraction grating. (Laser source)
4	Determination of angular divergence of laser beam.
5	Study of Hall Effect.
6	Determination of energy band gap of semiconductor.
7	Study of I-V characteristics of LED.
8	Determination of 'h' using Photocell.
	Study of I-V characteristics of semiconductor photodiode and determination of its
9	spectral response.
10	Study of I-V characteristics of a photovoltaic solar cell and finding the efficiency.
	Design AND, OR, NOT, EXOR, EXNOR gates using Universal gates: NAND and
11	NOR
12	Implement Half adder, Full adder, Halfsubtractor and Full subtractor circuits.

### **Theory Assessment:**

### 1. Internal Assessment Test

Assessment consists of two class tests of 30 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and the second class test when an additional 35% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

### 2. End Semester Examination:

In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mentioned in the syllabus.

- Question paper will comprises of 4 questions, each carrying 15 marks.
- Question number 1 will be compulsory and based on maximum contents of the syllabus
- Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example, if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from other than module 3)
- Total three questions need to be solved.

### Lab Assessment:

1.Term work: Term Work shall consist of minimum five experiments.

The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

Laboratory work (Experiments and Journal): 10 marks
Project GroupWise **or** Topic Presentation: 10 marks
Attendance (Theory and Practical): 05 marks

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing in the TW.

### **Books/References:**

- 1. A text book of Engineering Physics-Avadhanulu&Kshirsagar, S. Chand
- 2. A textbook of Optics N. Subramanyam and Brijlal, S.Chand
- 3. Fundamentals of optics by Jenkins and White, McGrawHill
- 4. Modern Engineering Physics Vasudeva, S.Chand
- 5. Concepts of Modern Physics- ArtherBeiser, Tata McGraw Hill
- 6. A TextBook of Engineering Physics, S. O. Pillai, New Age International Publishers.
- 7. Optics Ajay Ghatak, Tata McGraw Hill
- 8. Solid State Electronic Devices- B. G. Streetman, Prentice Hall Publisher
- 9. R. P. Jain, "Modern Digital Electronics", Tata McGraw Hill Education, Fourth Edition (2010).
- 10. Handbook of Modern Sensors Physics design and application- Jacob Fraden, Springer, AIP press.
- 11. Physics for Engineers, M.R. Srinivasan, New Age International Publishers.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practica l/Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 109	Engineering Chemistry II	02	01	-	02	0.5	-	2.5

Course Code		Examination Scheme								
	Course Name	Theory Marks Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
		1	2	Avg.	Sem. Exam	Work	Fractical	Orai	Totai	
EC 109	Engineering Chemistry II	30	30	30	45	25		-	100	

- 1. With the knowledge of the basic chemistry, the student will be able to understand and explain scientifically the various chemistry related problems in the industry/engineering field.
- 2. The student will be able to understand the new developments and breakthroughs efficiently in engineering and technology.

### **Course outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. To recognize the electrochemical processes and apply the concepts in electrochemistry.
- 2. To develop knowledge on electrochemical energy storage systems considering the operation and design of various battery technologies.
- 3. To identify various polymeric materials and their applications in engineering.
- 4. To acquire theoretical background of types of nanomaterial's and their applications.
- 5. To acquire basic knowledge of the materials used in electronics
- 6. To describe the theoretical background of spectroscopic techniques such as NMR, IR, UV spectroscopy.

Module	<b>Detailed Contents</b>	Hrs.
1	Pre-requisite: redox reaction, cell reaction, electrode and its type, salt bridge 1.1. Electrode potential, electrode reaction, derivation of Nernst equation for single electrode potential, numerical problems.  1.2 Electrochemical cell -Weston standard Cadmium cell 1.3 Reference electrodes -Introduction, Construction, working of SHE, Calomel electrode.  1.4 Ion selective electrodes: Introduction, Construction and working of glass	05
	electrode,  1.5 Electrochemical Sensors	

2	Battery Technology Pre- requisite: Electrochemical Reactions, Cell potential, Electrochemical	05
	series	
	2.1 Introduction, classification – primary, secondary and reserve batteries.	
	Characteristics – Capacity, Electricity storage density, energy efficiency, cycle	
	life and shelf life.	
	2.2 Construction, working and applications of Ni – Cd rechargeable batteries	
	2.3 Lithium batteries - Introduction, construction, working and applications of	
	Li-MnO2	
	2.4 Fuel Cells: Introduction, classification of fuel cells, limitations &	
	advantages of fuel cells, Construction of Hydrogen oxygen alkaline fuel cells.	
3	Polymeric Materials	05
	<b>Pre-requisite</b> : Polymer, Monomer, Polymerization, Degree of polymerisation,	
	Classification of polymers, Mechanism of polymerisation.	
	3.1 Molecular weight of polymers: number average and weight average, numerical problems., Polydispersity Index	
	3.2 Polymer crystallinity - glass transition temperature and its significance	
	3.3 Thermoplastic & Thermosetting polymers- Characteristics	
	3.4 Preparation, properties and uses of PMMA, Urea-Formaldehyde, Phenol	
	- formaldehyde	
	3.5 Conducting polymers – Types, Mechanism of conduction in	
	polymers, Examples, and applications.	
	3.6. Polymers for electronics – Polymer resists for integrated circuit	
	fabrications, lithography and photolithography,	
	3.7. Polymer films in sensor applications	
4	Nanochemistry	04
	<b>Pre-requisite:</b> Concept of nano scale, definition of nanoparticles	
	4.1. Importance of nano size, Properties of nanomaterials – Size, optical	
	properties, magnetic properties, electrical properties.	
	4.2 Nanoscale materials- carbon nanotubes, nano wires, fullerenes.	
	4.3 Synthesis of Nano particles by Chemical vapor deposition (CVD) method	
	and Laser Ablation Method 4.4 Nano electronics	
	4.5 Applications of nano materials	
	Materials For Electronics	
5	6.1. Introduction, Electronic properties of materials, classification based on	02
	conductivity of materials, Specific conducting materials (graphite, Au, Pt,	
	Ag, Al, Cu and steel)	
	6.2. Factors influencing the conductivity of materials, Applications of	
	Optoelectronic and Dielectric materials.	
6	Spectroscopic Techniques	03
0	Pre-requisites: Electromagnetic radiation, characteristics of electromagnetic	03
	radiation, electromagnetic spectrum.	
	5.1. Spectroscopy - Principle, Interaction of radiation with matter, Selection	
	rules.	
	5.2 Types of spectroscopy,: IR, UV, NMR, Emission Spectroscopy, (Flame	
	Photometry),	
	5.3 Fluorescence and Phosphorescence, Jablonski diagram	

### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

_	DETINEED END STEERIDGS.						
	Sr. No.	List of Experiments					
ſ	1	Determination of Cell potential of Zn- Cu system					

2	Molecular weight determination of polymers by Oswald Viscometer
3	Preparation of Urea Formaldehyde
4	Preparation of biodegradable polymer using corn starch or potato starch.
5	Preparation of Magnetic Nanoparticles.
6	Synthesis of Biodiesel
7	Determination of electrical conductivity of unknown solution.
8	Preparation of Hand Sanitizer using ethyl alcohol
9	Determination of Caffeine in Tea
10	Determination of pH using glass electrode.

### **Theory Assessment:**

### 1.Internal Assessment Test

Assessment consists of two class tests of 30 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and the second class test when an additional 35% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

### 2.End Semester Examination

In question paper, weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mentioned in the syllabus.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 5 questions, each carrying 15 marks.
- 2. Question number 1 will be compulsory and based on maximum contents of the syllabus
- 3. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example, if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from other than module 3).
- 4. Total three questions need to be solved.

### Lab Assessment:

### Term work:

Term Work shall consist of minimum five experiments.

The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

Laboratory work (Experiments and Journal): 10 marks Assignments and Viva on modules: 10 marks Attendance (Theory and Tutorial): 05 marks

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing in the TW.

### **Books/References:**

- 1. Engineering Chemistry P.C.Jain and Monika Jain, DhanpatRai Publications
- 2. A Textbook of Engineering Chemistry, Shashi Chawla (DhanpatRai publications)
- 3. A textbook of Engineering Chemistry S.S. Dara, S. Chand Publishing House
- 4. Engineering Chemistry O.G. Palanna, Tata McGraw Hill
- 5. Material Science and Engineering by W.D.Callister
- 6. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy C.N .Banwell, Tata McGraw Hill
- 7. Instrumental methods of chemical analysis B.K.Sharma, Goel Publishing House
- 8. "Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties and Applications", A. S. Edelstein and R. C. Cammarata- Institute of Physics Pub., 2001

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 110	Engineering Mechanics and Graphics	03	02	-	03	01	-	04

Course			<b>Examination Scheme</b>							
	Course Name		Theor	y Mark	s					
Code		Name Internal assessment			End Sem.	Term Work	Practical	Oral	Total	
		1	2	Avg.	Exam					
EC 110	Engineering Mechanics and Graphics	40	40	40	60	25	25	-	150	

- 1. To develop the capacity to predict the effects of force and motion and to acquaint the concept of static and dynamic equilibrium.
- 2. Ability to visualize physical configurations in terms of actual systems and it's constraints, and able to formulate the mathematical function of the system.
- 3. To study, analyses and formulate the motion of moving particles/bodies.
- 4. To impart and inculcate proper understanding of the theory of projection.
- 5. To impart the knowledge of reading a drawing
- 6. To improve the visualization skill.

### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of course learner/student will be able to

- 1. The ability to verify the law of moments and draw Free Body Diagram and label the reactions on it.
- 2. Determine the centroid and MI of plane lamina.
- 3. Makes the students able to apply equilibrium equations in statics.
- 4. Apply the basic principles of projections in Projection of Lines
- 5. Apply the basic principles of projections in reading and converting 3D view to 2D drawing.
- 6. Visualize an object from the given two views.

### **Prerequisite:**

10 + 2 Physics, Mathematics and Drawing skills

Module	Detailed Content	Hrs					
1	Coplanar and Non-Coplanar Force System and Resultant:						
	System of Coplanar Forces: Classification of force systems, Principle						
	of transmissibility, composition and resolution of forces.						
	Resultant: Resultant of coplanar and non-coplanar force system						
	(Concurrent forces, parallel forces and non-concurrent Non-parallel						

	system of forces). Moment of force about a point, Couples, Varignon's	
	Theorem. Force couple system. Distributed Forces in plane.	
2	<b>Equilibrium of System of Coplanar Forces and Beams:</b>	06
	Conditions of equilibrium for concurrent forces, parallel forces and	
	non-concurrent non- parallel general forces and Couples. Equilibrium	
	of rigid bodies free body diagrams. Types of beams, simple and	
	compound beams, type of supports and reaction. Determination of	
	reactions at supports for various types of loads on beams. (Excluding	
	problems on internal hinges)	
3	Kinematics of Particle:	06
	Motion of particle with variable acceleration. General curvilinear	
	motion. Tangential& Normal component of acceleration, Application of	
	concepts of projectile motion and related numerical.	
4	Projection of Points and Lines:	06
	Lines inclined to both the Reference Planes (Excluding Traces of lines)	
	and simple application-based problems on Projection of lines.	
5	Orthographic and Sectional Orthographic Projections:	06
	Fundamentals of orthographic projections. Different views of a simple	
	machine part as per the first angle projection method recommended by	
	I.S. Full or Half Sectional views of the Simple Machine parts.	
6	Isometric Views:	06
	Principles of Isometric projection – Isometric Scale, Isometric Views,	
	Conversion of Orthographic Views to Isometric Views (Excluding	
	Sphere).	

## **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS: Software Requirements: AutoCAD**

Hardware Requirements: Pentium / Windows

Minimum three experiments from the following list (1-4) of which minimum one should from dynamics.

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description
1	Verification of Polygon law of coplanar forces.
2	Verification of Principle of Moments (Bell crank lever).
3	Determination of support reactions of a Simply Supported Beam.
4	Kinematics of particles. (Uniform motion of a particle, Projectile motion, motion
	under gravity)
5	One sheet on Orthographic projection. (minimum 2 problem)
6	One sheet on Sectional Orthographic projection. (minimum 2 problem)
7	One sheet on Isometric drawing. (minimum 2 problems)

### **Theory Assessment:**

### 1. Internal Assessment Test:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 40 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and the second class test when an additional 35% syllabus is completed.

### 2. End Semester Theory Examination:

- 1. Question paper will comprise of total 05 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total 03 questions need to be solved.

- 3. Question No: 01 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus wherein 4 sub-questions of 5 marks each will be asked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- 5. Weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture mentioned in the syllabus.

### Lab Assesment:

### 1. Term Work marks will be as follows

Attendance (Theory, Practical's) : 05 marks Assignments on entire syllabus : 10 marks Practical's : 10 marks

**2. Oral/Practical:**Oral/Practical Exams should be conducted based on syllabus and practical's conducted.

### **Books / References:**

- 1. Engineering Mechanics by Beer & Johnston, Tata McGrawHill
- 2. Engineering Mechanics (Statics) by Meriam and Kraige, WileyBools
- 3. Engineering Mechanics (Dynamics) by Meriam and Kraige, WileyBools
- 4. Engineering Mechanics by F. L. Singer, Harper&RawPublication
- 5. Engineering Mechanics by ShaumSeries
- 6. Engineering Drawing (Plane and solid geometry) by N.D. Bhatt, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 7. Machine Drawing by N.D. Bhatt & V.M. Panchal, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 111	Programming with Python	03	02	-	03	01	-	04

Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme (tentative)								
		Interi	Theor	y Mark sment	s End	Term Work	Practical		Total	
		1	2	Avg.	Sem. Exam			Oral		
EC 111	Programming with Python	40	40	40	60	25		25	150	

- 1. Basics of python including data types, operator, conditional statements, looping statements, input andoutput functions in Python
- 2. List, tuple, set, dictionary, string, array and functions
- 3. Object Oriented Programming concepts in python
- 4. Concepts of modules, packages, multithreading and exception handling
- 5. File handling

### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course students will be able

- 1. To understand the structure, syntax of the Python language
- 2. To interpret varied data types in python
- 3. To implement arrays and functions
- 4. To illustrate the concepts of object-oriented programming as used in Python
- 5. To create Python applications using modules, packages, multithreading and exception handling
- 6. To gain proficiency in writing File Handling programs

Prerequisite Subjects: C programming

Sr. No.	Module	Description						
	Prerequisite	Python IDE installation and environment setup.						
1	Basics of	Introduction, Features, Python building blocks – Identifiers,	06					
	Python	Keywords, Indention, Variables and Comments,						
		Basic data types (Numeric, Boolean, Compound)						
		Operators: Arithmetic, comparison, relational, assignment,						
		logical, bitwise, membership, identity operators, operator						
		precedence						

	1		
		Control flow statements: Conditional statements (if, ifelse, nested if)	
		Looping in Python (while loop, for loop, nested loops) Loop manipulation using continue, pass, break. Input/output Functions, Decorators, Iterators and Generators.	
2	Advanad		08
2	Advanced	Lists: a) Defining lists, accessing values in list, deleting values in	08
	data types & Functions	list, updating lists b) Basic list operations c) Built-in list functions Tuples: a) Accessing values in Tuples, deleting values in Tuples,	
	Functions	and updating Tuples b) Basic Tuple operations c) Built-in Tuple	
		functions	
		Dictionaries: a) Accessing values in Dictionary, deleting values in	
		Dictionary, and updating Dictionary b) Basic Dictionary	
		operations c) Built-in Dictionary functions	
		Sets: a) Accessing values in Set, deleting values in Set, updating	
		Sets b) Basic Set operations, c) Built-in Set functions	
		Strings: a) String initialization, Indexing, Slicing, Concatenation,	
		Membership & Immutability b) Built-in String functions	
3	Array and	Arraya: a) Working with Single dimensional Arraya: Creating	06
3	Functions	Arrays: a) Working with Single dimensional Arrays: Creating, importing, Indexing, Slicing, copying and processing array	06
	Tunctions	arrays. b) Working with Multi-dimensional Arrays using NumPy:	
		Mathematical operations, Matrix operations, aggregate and other	
		Built-in functions	
		Functions: a) Built-in functions in python b) Defining function,	
		calling function, returning values, passing parameters c) Nested	
		and Recursive functions d) Anonymous Functions (Lambda,	
		Map, Reduce, Filter)	
4	Object	Overview of Object-oriented programming, Creating Classes and	06
	Oriented	Objects, Self-Variable, Constructors, Inner class, Static method.	
	Programming	Inheritance: Types of Inheritance (Single, Multiple, Multi-level,	
		Hierarchical), super() method, Constructors in inheritance,	
		Method overloading, Method overriding, Abstract class, Abstract method	
5	Exploring	Modules: Writing modules, importing objects from modules,	06
	concept of	Python built-in modules (e.g. Numeric and Mathematical module,	00
	modules,	Functional Programming module, Regular Expression module),	
	packages,	Namespace and Scoping.	
	multithreadin	Packages: creating user defined packages and importing	
	g and	packages.	
	exception	Multi-threading: process vs thread, use of threads, types of	
	handling	threads, creating threads in python, thread synchronization,	
		deadlock of threads.	
		Exception handling: Compile time errors, Runtime errors,	
		exceptions, types of exception, try statement, except block, raise	
		statement, Assert statement, User-Defined Exceptions.	
6	File handling	File Handling: Opening file in different modes, closing a file,	4
	The nanding	Writing to a file, accessing file contents using standard library	
		functions, Reading from a file – read(), readline(), readlines(),	
		Renaming and Deleting a file, File Exceptions, Pickle in Python.	
	l	1 und Determing a me, i me Exceptions, i lekte m i ymon.	

### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Minimum Hardware Requirements	Software Requirements	Other Requirements			
PC With following Configuration 1.Intel Dual core Processor or higher 2.Minimum 2 GB RAM 3.Minimum 40 GB Hard disk 4.Network interface card	<ol> <li>Windows or Linux Desktop OS</li> <li>Python 3.6 or higher</li> <li>Notepad ++</li> <li>Python IDEs like IDLE, Pycharm, Pydev, Netbeans or Eclipse</li> <li>Mysql</li> </ol>	Internet Connection for installing additional packages			

### **List of suggested Experiments:**

	Egesteu Experiments.
1)	Write python programs to understand <ul> <li>a) Basic data types, Operators, expressions and Input Output Statements</li> <li>b) Control flow statements: Conditional statements (if, ifelse, nested if)</li> <li>c) Looping in Python (while loop, for loop, nested loops)</li> </ul>
2)	Write python programs to understand <ul><li>a) Different List and Tuple operations using Built-in functions</li><li>b) Built-in Set and String functions</li></ul>
3)	Write python programs to understand c) Basic Array operations on 1-D and Multidimensional arrays d) Implementing User defined and Anonymous Functions
4)	Write python programs to understand  a) Classes, Objects, Constructors and Static method  b) Different types of Inheritance  c) Method overloading, Method overriding, Abstract class and Abstract method
5)	<ul> <li>Write python programs to understand</li> <li>a) Creating User-defined modules/packages and import them in a program</li> <li>b) Creating user defined multithreaded application to demonstrate simultaneous execution of multiple threads</li> <li>c) Creating a menu driven applications which should cover the built-in exceptions in python</li> </ul>
6)	Write python programs to understand  a) Different File Handling operations in Python

### **Theory Assessment:**

### 1.Internal Assessment Test:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 40 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and the second class test when an additional 35% syllabus is completed.

### **2.End Semester Theory Examination:**

- 1. Question paper will comprise of total 05 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. Total 03 questions need to be solved.
- 3. Question No: 01 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus wherein 4 sub-questions of 5 marks each will be asked.
- 4. Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- 5. Weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture mentioned in the syllabus.

### Lab Assessments:

### 1. Term workAssessment:

The Term work shall consist of at least 15 practical's based on the above list. The term work Journal must include at least 2 Programming assignments. The Programming assignments should be based on real world applications which cover concepts from more than one module of syllabus.

Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 15 Marks (Experiment) + 5 Marks (Assignments/tutorial/write up) + 5 Marks (Attendance)

### 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

An Oral & Practical exam will be held based on the above syllabus.

### **Books:**

- 1. Dr. R. Nageswara Rao, "Core Python Programming", Dreamtech Press, Wiley Publication
- 2. M. T. Savaliya, R. K. Maurya, "Programming through Python", StarEdu Solutions.
- 3. E Balagurusamy, "Introduction to computing and problem solving using python", McGraw Hill Publication.

### **References:**

- 1. Zed A. Shaw, "Learn Python 3 the Hard Way", Zed Shaw's Hard Way Series.
- 2. Martin C. Brown," Python: The Complete Reference", McGraw-Hill Publication.
- 3. Paul Barry," Head First Python", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Media, Inc.

### Web resources:

- 1. https://docs.scipy.org/doc/numpy/user/quickstart.html
- 2. https://matplotlib.org/tutorials/
- 3. https://pandas.pydata.org/docs/getting\_started/
- 4. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/python-build-a-rest-api-using-flask/

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 112	Professional Communication and Ethics I	02	02	-	02	01	-	03

Course Code		Examination Scheme								
	Course Name	Theory Marks Internal assessment			End	Term				
		1	2	Avg.	Sem. Exam	Work	Practical	Oral	Total	
EC 112	Professional Communication and Ethics	20	20	20	30	25	-	-	75	

- 1. To understand, compare and demonstrate the importance and relevance of communication with specific emphasis on listening skill.
- 2. To promote practice in speaking skill and encourage learners to compose on the spot speeches for the purpose of developing and generating ideas.
- 3. To train learners in reading strategies that will enhance their global understanding of the text and help—them to comprehend academic and business correspondence.
- 4. To illustrate effective writing skills in business, academic and technical areas.
- 5. To inculcate confident personality traits with grooming and social etiquette.
- 6. To train learners in producing words on the basis of contextual cues and reflect on errors in sentences.

### **Course Outcomes**:

On successful completion of course learner/student will be able to

- 1. Listen, comprehend and identify potential barriers in spoken discourse with ease and accuracy.
- 2. Develop confidence and fluency in speaking at social, academic and business situations as well as make effective professional presentations.
- 3. Implement reading strategies for systematic, logical understanding that will enhance the skill of comprehension, summarization and evaluation of texts.
- 4. Understand and demonstrate effective writing skills in drafting academic, business and technical documents.
- 5. Communicate effectively in academic as well as business settings, displaying refined grooming and social skills.
- 6. Anticipate the meaning of unfamiliar words with the help of contextual cues and construct grammatically correct sentences.

### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Module	<b>Detailed Contents</b>	Hrs.
1	The Importance and Strategies of Effective Listening Prerequisite: Able to listen, read, speak, write and comprehend the target language Introduction to communication 1.1 Importance and relevance of communication 1.2 Listening skill -Ability to discriminate stress and intonation -Comprehend meaning of audio text-graded on the basis of vocabulary, sentence construction and theme.	04
2	-potential barriers  Developing Speaking Skills  2.1 Intensive Speaking- on the spot topics  2.2 Responsive speaking-answering a question  2.3 Interactive speaking-conversations  2.4 Extensive speaking-speech, oral presentations-specific emphasis on plagiarism check and generating the report	04
3	Strategies and Techniques to build Reading Skill  3.1 Global understanding of the text- inference, anticipation and deduction  3.2 Detailed understanding of text-scanning for specific information ( special emphasis on reading comprehension exercises and summarization)	02
4	Developing Professional Writing Skills  4.1 Effective introduction with emphasis on general statement, opposing statement and thesis statement  4.2 Critical response to a text with special reference to purpose, evaluation of the content, theme and style of a text  4.3 Organization of ideas, sentence construction and word choice, grammar and usage  4.4 Explanation and support of ideas (special reference to writing paragraphs and business letters- Sales and complain letters)	04
5	Etiquette and Grooming for Personality Development 5.1 Social Etiquette 5.2 Corporate etiquette 5.3 Confidence building and Personality development	01
6	Vocabulary and Grammar 6.1 Contextual vocabulary Development- Word Maps 6.2 Identifying errors in a sentence.	01

### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Lab Prerequisite: Basic language skills

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description
1	Written record of listening activities-Listening practice tasks of 3 types
	(through audio recordings of (1)
	Monologues (2) Dialogues (3)
	Formal/Expert Talk or Lecture)
2	Transcription of the public speech along with a plagiarism report-Practice public speech

3	Summarization through graphic organizers (1. Text to graphic organizer 2. Graphic
	organizer to text)
4	Case studies on critical thinking
	2. 2 business letters in complete block format
5	Documentation of case studies/Role play based on Module 5
6	Contextual Vocabulary Development
	2. Aptitude Test

### **Theory Assessment:**

### 1. Internal Assessment Test

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and the second class test when an additional 35% syllabus is completed. (Note: Summarization should be a compulsory question in Test II and not in the End Semester Theory Examination.)

### 2. End Semester Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 5 questions, each carrying 10 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

### **Lab Assessment:**

### Term work:

- Term Work shall consist of 8 Assignments.
- The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

Assignments : 10 marks

Oral Exam/ Public Speaking : 10 marks ttendance (Theory and Tutorial) : 05 marks

### **Books/References:**

- 1. Raman Meenakshi & Sharma Sangeeta, Communication *Skills*, Oxford University Press
- 2. Kumar Sanjay & LataPushp, Communication Skills, Oxford University Press
- 3. Locker, Kitty O. Kaczmarek, Stephen Kyo. (2019). Business Communication: Building Critical Skills. Place of publication not identified: Mcgraw-hill.
- 4. Murphy, H. (1999). Effective Business Communication. Place of publication notIdentified: Mcgraw-Hill.
- 5. Lewis, N. (2014). Word power made easy. Random House USA.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 113	Basic Engineering Workshop II	-	03	-	-	1.5	-	1.5

Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
		Theory Marks					Dugatical		Total	
		Internal assessment			End Term			Oral		
		1	2	Avg.	Sem. Exam	Work	Practical	Orai	iotai	
EC 113	Basic Engineering Workshop II	-	1	-	-	50	-	-	50	

- 1. To impart training to help the students develop engineering skill sets.
- 2. To inculcate respect for physical work and hard labor.
- 3. To get exposure to interdisciplinary engineering domain.

### **Course Outcomes:**

Trade

On completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Develop the necessary skill required to handle/use different carpentry tools.
- 2. Identify and understand the safe practices to adopt in electrical environment.
- 3. Demonstrate the wiring practices for the connection of simple electrical load/equipment.
- 4. Design, fabricate and assemble pcb.
- 5. Develop the necessary skill required to handle/use different masons tools.
- 6. Develop the necessary skill required to use different sheet metal and brazing tools.

**Detailed Content** 

Hrs

7. Able to demonstrate the operation, forging with the help of a simple job.

ITauc	Detance Content	1113				
Nos.						
Note:						
Trade 1 ar	nd 2 are compulsory. Select any ONE trade topics out of the topic trade 3	to 5.				
Demonstrat	tions and hands on experience to be provided during the periods allotted for the s	same.				
Report on t	he demonstration including suitable sketches is also to be included in the term work					
CO-1 is rela	ated to Trade-1					
CO-2 to CO	0-4 is related to Trade-2 CO-5 is related to Trade-3					
CO-6 is rela	ated to Trade-4 CO-7 is related to Trade-5					
CO evaluat	ion is to be done according to the opted Trades in addition to Compulsory Trades.					
	Carpentry(Compulsory)					
	• Use and setting of hand tools like hacksaws, jack planes, chisels and					
Trade-1						
	turning methods.					
	• Term work to include one carpentry job involving a joint and report on					

	demonstration of a job involving wood turning	
Trade-2	<ul> <li>Basic Electrical work shop:(Compulsory):</li> <li>Single phase and three phase wiring. Familiarization. of protection switchgears and their ratings (fuse, MCB, ELCB). Wiring standards, Electrical safety in the work place safe work practices. Protective equipment, measures and tools.</li> <li>Layout drawing, layout transfer to PCB, etching and drilling and soldering technique</li> </ul>	08
Trade-3	<ul> <li>Masonry:</li> <li>Use of masons tools like trowels, hammer, spirit level, square, plumb line and pins etc. demonstration of mortar making, single and one and half brick masonry, English and Flemish bonds, block masonry, pointing and plastering.</li> </ul>	06
Trade-4	Sheet metal working and Brazing:  • Use of sheet metal, working hand tools, cutting, bending, spot welding	06
Trade-5	<ul> <li>Forging (Smithy):</li> <li>At least one forging job to be demonstrated and a simple job to be made for Term Work in a group of 4 students.</li> </ul>	06

### Lab Assessment:

### 1. Term work Assessment:

Term work shall consist of respective reports and jobs of the trades selected the distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows.

Laboratory work (Job and Journal) : 40 marks Attendance (Practical and Theory) : 10 marks

### **Books/References:**

- 1. Workshop Technology by H K Hajara Choudhary
- 2. Manufacturing Technology by R C Jain
- 3. Workshop Technology by R S Khurmi and J S Gupta
- 4. Workshop Technology by Chapman.

5.

# Bachelor of Technology In Electronics & Computer Science

(Semester III)

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practica l/Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 201	Engineering Mathematics III	03	-	01	03	-	01	04

Course Code		Examination Scheme							
	Course Name	Theory Marks Internal assessment			End	Term	Dua of a al	Oval	Total
		1	2	Average	Sem. Exam	Work	Practical	Oral	Total
EC 201	Engineering Mathematics-III	40	40	40	60	25	-	-	125

**Prerequisite:** Engineering Mathematics-I and Engineering Mathematics-2

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Learn the Laplace Transform, Inverse Laplace Transform of various functions, its applications.
- 2. Understand the concept of Fourier Series, its complex form and enhance the problem solving skills.
- 3. Understand Matrix algebra for engineering problems.
- 4. Understand the concept of complex variables, C-R equations with applications.
- 5. Understand the concept of Relation and function.
- 6. Understand the concept of coding theory

### **Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Apply the concept of Laplace transform and its application to solve the real integrals in engineering problems.
- 2. Expand the periodic function by using the Fourier series for real-life problems and complex engineering problems.
- 3. Apply the concepts of Eigen values and eigenvectors in engineering problems.
- 4. Apply complex variable theory, application of harmonic conjugate to get orthogonal trajectories and analytic functions.
- 5. Apply the concept of relation and function.
- 6. Use groups and codes in Encoding-Decoding.

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs.
1	Laplace Transform	Definition of Laplace transform and Laplace transform of standard functions, Properties of Laplace Transform: Linearity, First Shifting Theorem, change of scale Property, multiplication by t, Division by	07

		t, (Properties without proof). Inverse of Laplace Transform by	
		partial fraction and convolution theorem.	
2.	Fourier Series , Fourier Transform	Dirichlet's conditions, Fourier series of periodic functions with period $2\pi$ and 2L, Fourier series for even and odd functions, Half range sine and cosine Fourier series, Orthogonal and Ortho-normal functions, Fourier Integral Representation, Fourier Transform and Inverse Fourier transform of constant and exponential function.	06
3.	Linear Algebra Matrix Theory, Quadratic Forms	Eigenvalues and eigenvectors; Diagonalization of matrices; Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, Quadratic forms over real field, Linear Transformation of Quadratic form, Reduction of Quadratic form to diagonal form using congruent transformation.  Rank, Index and Signature of quadratic form, Sylvester's law of inertia, Value- class of a quadratic form-Definite, Semidefinite and Indefinite.  Reduction of Quadratic form to a canonical form using congruent transformations.	07
4.	Complex Variables and conformal mappings	Function f(z)of complex variable, Introduction to Limit, Continuity and Differentiability of (z), Analytic function: Necessary and sufficient conditions for f(z) to be analytic, Cauchy-Riemann equations in Cartesian coordinates, Milne-Thomson method: Determine analytic function f(z)when real part(u), imaginary part (v) or its combination (u+v / u-v) is given, Conformal mapping, Linear and Bilinear mappings, cross ratio	06
5.	Relation and Function	Partition of A Set, Relation, Diagram of A Relation, Matrix of A Relation, Digraph of A Relation, Types of Relation, Number of Binary Relations, Number of Reflexive Relations, Equivalence Relation, Relation of the Path, Operations on Relations, Closures, Warshall's Algorithm,	07
6.	Algebraic Structures, coding theory	Properties of Binary Operations, Semi-Group. Monoid, Group, Ring, Isomorphism, Homomorphism, Group Code, Decoding and Error Correction, Maximum Likelihood Technique	06

### **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

### **Lab Assessment:**

### 1. Term work Assessment:

Term work should consist of all the work done in tutorials and assignments. The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance throughout in all the assigned work.

### **Text Books & References:**

1. Complex Variables and Applications, Brown and Churchill, McGraw-Hill education.

- 2. Advanced engineering mathematics H.K. Das, S. Chand, Publications.
- 3. Higher Engineering Mathematics B. V. Ramana, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publication
- 4. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, Narosa publication
- 5. Advanced Engineering Mathematics Wylie and Barret, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
- 6. Beginning Linear Algebra Seymour Lipschutz Schaum's outline series, Mc-Graw Hill Publication
- 7. Higher Engineering Mathematics, Dr. B. S. Grewal, Khanna Publication
- 8. Discrete Mathematical Structures Bernard Kolman, Robert C. Busby ,Sharon Cutler Ross, Nadeem-ur-Rehman, "Pearson Education".
- 9. Discrete Mathematical Structures: Theory and Applications, D.S. Malik and M.K. Sen: Cengage Learning, 2004.
- 10. Discrete Mathematics with Applications, Thomas Koshy: Elsevier, 2005, Reprint 2008.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 202	Communication Engineering	03	02		03	01		04

					Exam	ination S	Scheme		
Course	Course Name	Theory Marks							
Code	Course Ivame	Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total
		1	2	Average	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Orai	Total
EC 202	Communication Engineering	40	40	40	60	25			125

Prerequisite: Basic Electrical Engineering

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Gain the core idea of electromagnetic Spectrum.
- 2. To introduce students to various Communication Methods and Introduction to Noise and its effect on the Communication System.
- 3. To analyze different parameters of analog communication techniques.
- 4. Study the Sampling theorem and Pulse Analog and digital modulation techniques.
- 5. Learn the concept of multiplexing and digital bandpass modulation techniques.
- 6. To understand the fundamental concepts of electronic communication and their use in computer applications.

### **Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Use different modulation and demodulation techniques used in analog communication
- 2. Identify and solve basic communication problems
- 3. Analyze transmitter and receiver circuits
- 4. Compare and contrast design issues, advantages, disadvantages and limitations of analog communication systems
- 5. To understand the fundamental concepts of electronic communication
- 6. To study basic concepts of information theory.

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs.
1.	Basics of Communication System	Block diagram, electromagnetic spectrum, signal bandwidth and power, types of communication channels, Introduction to time and frequency domain. Types of noise, signal to noise ratio, noise figure and noise temperature, Friss transmission formula.	06
2.	Communication Fundamentals: Analog Communication	Block diagram and elements of analog communication systems, Theory of amplitude modulation, mathematical Derivation Of AM and types of AM. Block diagram of AM transmitter (HLM and LLM). Generation of DSB-SC using	09

	(Amplitude Modulation)	diode Ring balanced modulator. Generation of SSB using phase shift method.	
		<b>AM Receivers:</b> Receiver Characteristics (Selectivity, Sensitivity, Fedility) TRF Receiver and its disadvantages Superheterodyne Receiver. (Numerical's on Transmitter and Receiver).	
3.	Communication Fundamentals: Angle Modulation	Frequency modulation (FM): Basic concept, mathematical analysis, spectrum of FM wave, sensitivity, phase deviation and modulation index, deviation ratio, narrowband FM and wideband FM. Varactor diode modulator, Direct FM transmitter, indirect FM Transmitter, pre-emphasis and de-emphasis.  FM demodulation: Balance slope detector, Foster-Seely discriminator, ratio detector, comparison between AM, FM and PM Applications of AM, FM and PM	08
4.	Pulse Modulation Techniques	Statement of Sampling Theorem, Generation and detection of PAM, PWM, PPM, PCM, DM and ADM. Quantization process, Pulse code modulation, Delta modulation, Adaptive delta modulation. Introduction to Line Codes and ISI.	06
5.	Multiplexing Techniques	Principles of FDM. FDM Hierarchy. FDM Transmitter and Receiver. Principles of TDM. TDM Transmitter and Receiver. TDM – PCM system. TDM –PAM system. (Numericals)	06
6.	Communication Fundamentals: Information theory	Amount of information, average information, information rate, Statement of Shannon's theorem, channel capacity (Numericals)	04

### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Hardware Requirements: Demonstrative kits

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description
1	Study of Electronic Component and measuring instruments
2	Modulation and Demodulation of AM.
3	Modulation and demodulation of FM
4	Study of super heterodyne receiver
5	Modulation and Demodulation PAM.
6	Modulation and Demodulation PWM.
7	Modulation and Demodulation PPM.
8	Modulation and Demodulation PCM.
9	FDM
10	TDM

### **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

### Lab Assessment:

### 1. Term work Assessment:

Minimum 8 experiments to be performed based on the entire syllabus. Term work of 25 Marks will be based on the assessment on the overall performance of the student in every experiment and assignments graded from time to time.

### **Books:**

- 1. George Kennedy, Bernard Davis, SRM Prasanna, Electronic Communication Systems, Tata McGraw Hill, 5th Ed
- 2. Simon Haykin, Michael Moher, Introduction to Analog & Digital Communications, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., 2nd Ed.
- 3. Wireless Communication and Networking, Vijay Garg

### **References:**

- 1. Wayne Tomasi, Electronic Communications Systems, Pearson Publication, 5th Ed.
- 2. B P Lathi, Zhi Ding, Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems, Oxford University
- 3. Herbert Taub, Donald L Schilling, Goutam Saha, Principles of Communication Systems, Tata McGraw Hill, 3rdEd.
- 4. K Sam Shanmugam, Digital and Analog Communication Systems, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, 1st Ed.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 203	Analog Electronics Circuits	03	02		03	01		04

Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
		Inte		ory Marks sessment	End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
		1	2	Average	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Orai	Total	
EC 203	Analog Electronics Circuits	40	40	40	60	25	25		150	

Prerequisite: Basic Electrical Engineering

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To enhance comprehension capabilities of students through understanding of electronic circuits.
- 2. To perform DC and AC analysis of BJT and MOSFET amplifier circuits.
- 3. To teach fundamental principles of operational amplifiers.
- 4. To develop an overall approach for students from selection of integrated circuit, specification, functionality and applications.

### **Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Understand construction, characteristics and working of semiconductor devices such as BJT, MOSFET.
- 2. Derive expressions for performance parameters of BJT and MOSFET based Electronic circuits
- 3. Select and Design electronic circuits (using BJT and MOSFET) for given specifications
- 4. Derive and determine various performances-based parameters and their significance for Op-Amp.
- 5. Analyze and identify the closed loop stability considerations, linear and nonlinear applications of operational amplifiers.
- 6. Design an application with the use of integrated circuits.

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs.
1.	Semiconducto r devices	1.1Bipolar Junction Transistor - BJT operations, voltages and current equations, BJT characteristics (CE, CB, CC configurations), early effect.  1.2 Field Effect Devices-	06

		JFET: Construction, operation and characteristics. MOSFET: Construction, operation and characteristics of	
		D-MOSFET and EMOSFET.	
2.	Biasing Circuits of BJTs and MOSFETs	<ul> <li>2.1 Concept of DC load line, Q point and regions of operations, Analysis and design of biasing circuits for BJT (Voltage divider Bias ONLY)</li> <li>2.2 DC load line and region of operation for MOSFETs. Analysis and design of biasing circuits for E-MOSFET (voltage divider bias ONLY).</li> </ul>	06
3.	Small Signal Amplifiers	3.1Concept of AC load line and Amplification, Small signal analysis (Zi, Zo, Av and Ai) of CE amplifiers using hybrid pi model ONLY.  3.2 Small signal analysis (Zi, Zo, Av) of CS (for EMOSFET) amplifiers.  Introduction to multistage amplifiers. Cascade and cascode only.(Concept, advantages & disadvantages)	07
4.	Operational Amplifiers	4.1The ideal operational amplifier (op-amp), internal block diagram of op-amp, characteristics of op-amp, ideal & practical op-amp parameters / specifications (no detailed description or any analysis), mathematical model of op-amp, IC 741 op-amp with pin diagram & description 4.2 Operational amplifier open loop & closed loop configurations (theoretical description only), the concept of virtual ground & virtual short	06
5.	Applications of Operational Amplifier	5.1 The op-amp inverting amplifier & op-amp non-inverting amplifier (mathematical analysis for derivation of output voltage only,numerical examples & designing) 5.2 Adder, summing amplifier, averaging circuit, subtractor, integrator (ideal), differentiator (ideal), op-amp instrumentation amplifier (only mathematical analysis for derivation of output voltage)	07
6.	Special Purpose Integrated Circuits	6.1 IC 555 timer internal block diagram & pin configuration, operation in astable & monostable multivibrator with mathematical analysis & numerical examples, design problems on astable & monostable multivibrator, applications in astable & monostable configuration 6.2 Functional block diagram, working and design of general purpose IC 723 (HVLC and HVHC).(theoretical description only). working of the switching regulator. (theoretical description only)	07

## **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Hardware Requirements: Breadboard, Transistors, Resistors, Diodes, Connecting

wires, Op-amp IC 741, timer IC555 **Software Requirements:** LTSpice

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description						
1	To study input and output characteristics of CE configuration						
2	Analyze Integrator using op-amp IC 741						
3	Design Monostable Multivibrator using IC 555.						
4	To study EMOSFET biasing circuits						

5	To study BJT as CE amplifier.and calculate its voltage gain
6	To study frequency response of a multistage amplifier.
7	Design inverting, non-inverting amplifier and buffer using IC 741
8	Design Wein bridge and RC phase shift Oscillator using op-amp IC 741
9	Simulation experiment on drain and transfer characteristics of JFET
10	Simulation experiment on multistage amplifier.
11	Design High Voltage High Current voltage regulator using IC 723.

### **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to the number of hours assigned to each module.

### Lab Assessment:

### 1. Term work Assessment:

At least 8 experiments covering the entire syllabus of AEC should be set to have well predefined inference and conclusion. Simulation experiments are also encouraged. Minimum 3 Simulation Experiments covering the entire syllabus must be performed during the "Laboratory session batch wise". The experiments should be student centric and attempt to make experiments more meaningful, interesting and innovative. Term work assessment must be based on the overall performance of the student with every experiment and assignments are graded from time to time.

### 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

The oral examination will be based on the entire syllabus.(10 marks for performance and 15 marks for oral)

### **Books:**

- 1. Donald A. Neamen, "Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design", TATA McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition.
- 2. Ramakant A. Gayakwad, "Op-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuits", Pearson Prentice Hall. 4th Edition.

### **References:**

- 1. Robert Boylestad," Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory", Pearson.
- 2. George Clayton and Steve Winder, "Operational Amplifiers", NewnesBali, "Linear Integrated Circuits", Mc Graw Hill
- 3. Gray, Hurst, Lewise, Meyer, "Analysis & Design of Analog Integrated Circuits, Wiley Publications.
- 4. K. R. Botkar, "Integrated Circuits", Khanna Publishers (2004)
- 5. S. Salivahanan, N. Suresh Kumar, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Tata McGraw Hill
- 6. D. Roy Choudhury and S. B. Jain, "Linear Integrated Circuits", New Age International Publishers, 4th Edition.

- 7. Sergio Franco, "Design with operational amplifiers &analog integrated circuits", Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd edition
- 8. William D. Stanley, "Operational Amplifiers with Linear Integrated Circuits", Pearson, 4th Edition

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 204	Digital Circuits & System Design	03	02		03	01		04

Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
		Theory Marks Internal assessment			End	Т			
		1	2	Average	Sem. Exa m	Term Work	Practical	Oral	Total
EC 204	Digital Circuits & System Design	40	40	40	60	25		25	150

Prerequisite: Physics of Std 11th, 12th and FE - Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand various number systems & codes and to introduce students to various logic gates, SOP, POS form and their minimization techniques.
- 2. To teach the working of combinational circuits, their applications and implementation of combinational logic circuits using MSI chips.
- 3. To teach the elements of sequential logic design, analysis and design of sequential circuits.
- 4. To understand various counters and shift registers and its design using MSI chips.
- 5. To explain and describe various logic families, their interfacing and Programmable Logic Devices.
- 6. To train students in writing programs with VHDL hardware description languages.

### **Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Perform code conversion and able to apply Boolean algebra for the implementation and minimization of logic functions.
- 2. Analyze, design and implement Combinational logic circuits.
- 3. Analyze, design and implement Sequential logic circuits.
- 4. Design and implement various counter using flip flops and MSI chips.
- 5. Understand TTL & CMOS logic families, PLDs, CPLD and FPGA.
- 6. Understand basics of VHDL Hardware Description Language and its programming with combinational and sequential logic circuits.

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs.
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1.	Logic Gates and Boolean Algebra	Digital logic gates, Realization using NAND, NOR gates, Boolean Algebra, De Morgan's Theorem, SOP and POS representation, K Map up to four variables.	04
2.	Combinational Circuits using basic gates as well as MSI devices	Arithmetic Circuits: Half adder, Full adder, Ripple carry adder, Carry Look ahead adder, Half Subtractor, Full Subtractor, multiplexer, cascading of Multiplexer, demultiplexer, decoder, Comparator (Multiplexer and demultiplexer gate level upto 4:1). MSI devices: IC7483, IC74151, IC74138, IC7485.	07
3.	Elements of Sequential Logic Design	Sequential Logic: Latches and Flip-Flops. RS, JK, Master slave flip flops, T & D flip flops with various triggering methods, Conversion of flip flops Counters: Asynchronous, Synchronous Counters, Up Down Counters, Mod Counters, Ring Counter, Twisted ring counter, Shift Registers, Universal Shift Register.	07
4.	Sequential Logic Design	Sequential Logic Design: Mealy and Moore Machines, Clocked synchronous state machine analysis, State reduction techniques (inspection, partition and implication chart method) and state assignment, sequence detector, Clocked synchronous state machine design.  Sequential logic design practices: MSI counters (7490, 7492, 7493,74163, 74169) and applications, MSI Shift registers (74194) and their applications.	07
5.	Logic Families and Programmable Logic Devices	Logic Families: Types of logic families (TTL and CMOS), characteristic parameters (propagation delays, power dissipation, Noise Margin, Fan-out and Fan-in), transfer characteristics of TTL NAND (Operation of TTL NAND gate), CMOS Logic: CMOS inverter, CMOS NAND and CMOS NOR, Interfacing CMOS to TTL and TTL to CMOS. Programmable Logic Devices: Concepts of PAL and PLA. Simple logic implementation using PAL and PLA, Introduction to CPLD and FPGA architectures.	07
6.	Introduction to VHDL	Design of Combinational circuits using VHDL: Introduction to Hardware Description Language, Core features of VHDL, data types, concurrent and sequential statements, data flow, behavioral, structural architectures, subprograms, Examples like Adder, subtractor, Multiplexers, De-multiplexers, decoder.  Design of Sequential circuits using VHDL: VHDL code for flip flop, counters.	07

# **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Hardware Requirements: Hardware Kits

**Software Requirements:** VHDL simulation software

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description
1	Implementation of Asynchronous counter using MSI counter IC and flip flops
2	Implementation of synchronous counter using MSI counter IC and flip flops

3	Conversion of Flip flops.
4	Application of Universal Shift Register.
5	Design and implement Mealy machine
6	Design and implement Moore machine
7	Design sequence detector using Flip Flop
8	VHDL program for Combinational circuits
9	VHDL program for sequential circuits
10	VHDL program for Mealy and Moore machines.

# **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

# 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to the number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1.Term work Assessment:

At least 6 experiments covering the entire syllabus of DCSD should be set to have well predefined inference and conclusion. The experiments should be student centric and attempt should be made to make experiments more meaningful, interesting. Simulation experiments are also encouraged. Experiments must be graded from time to time. The grading and term work assessment should be done based on this scheme. The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Practical and Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus. Equal weightage should be given to laboratory experiments and while assigning term work marks.

#### 2.Oral/Viva Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus.

### **Books:**

- 1. R. P. Jain, Modern Digital Electronics, Tata McGraw Hill Education, Third Edition 2003.
- 2. Morris Mano, Digital Design, Pearson Education, Asia 2002.

3. J Bhaskar, VHDL Primer, Prentice Hall, Third Edition (1999).

## **References:**

- 1. Digital Logic Applications and Design John M. Yarbrough, Thomson Publications, 2006
- 2. John F. Warkerly, Digital Design Principles and Practices, Pearson Education, Fourth Edition, 2008.
- 3. Stephen Brown and Zvonko Vranesic, Fundamentals of digital logic design with VHDL, McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition.
- 4. Volnei A. Pedroni, "Circuit Design with VHDL" MIT Press (2004)
- 5. Digital Circuits and Logic Design Samuel C. Lee, PHI
- 6. William I.Flectcher, "An Engineering Approach to Digital Design", Prentice Hall of India.
- 7. Parag K Lala, "Digital System design using PLD", BS Publications, 2003.
- 8. Charles H. Roth Jr., "Fundamentals of Logic design", Thomson Learning, 2004.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 205	Data Structures and Algorithms	03	02		03	01		04

	Course Name	Examination Scheme									
Course Code		Theory Marks Internal assessment End				Term	erm				
		1	2	Average	Sem. Exam	Work	Practical	Oral	Total		
EC 205	Data Structures and Algorithms	40	40	40	60	25	(-)	25	150		

**Prerequisite:** C Programming

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To teach concept and implementation of linear and nonlinear data structures.
- 2. To analyze various data structures and select the appropriate one to solve a specific real-world problem.
- 3. To introduce various techniques for representation of the data in the real world.

## **Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Students will be able to implement linear and Non-Linear data structures.
- 2. Students will be able to handle various operations like searching, insertion, deletion and traversals on various data structures.
- 3. Students will be able to explain various data structures, related terminologies and its types.
- 4. Students will be able to choose appropriate data structure and apply it to solve problems in various domains.
- 5. Students will be able to analyze and Implement appropriate sorting and searching techniques for a given problem.
- 6. Students will be able to demonstrate the ability to analyze, design, apply and use data structures to solve engineering problems and evaluate their solutions.

## **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs.
1.	Introduction to Data Structures	Introduction to Data Structures, Types of Data Structures – Linear and Nonlinear, Operations on Data Structures, Concept of array, Static arrays vs Dynamic Arrays, structures, Array Data Type:- Single and Multidimensional Arrays. Introduction to	04

		Analysis of Algorithms, characteristics of algorithms, Time and Space complexities, Asymptotic notations.	
2.	Stack and Queue	Stack: Basic Stack Operations, Representation of a Stack using Array, Applications of Stack – Well form-ness of Parenthesis, Infix to Postfix Conversion and Postfix Evaluation.  Queue: Operations on Queue, Array Implementation of Queue, Types of Queue-Circular Queue, Priority Queue, Dequeue, queue-Round Robin Algorithm, Applications of Queue:-Interrupt handling	07
3.	Linked List	Representation of Linked List, Linked List v/s Array, Types of Linked List - Singly Linked List (SLL), Doubly Linked List, Circular Linked List, Operations on Singly Linked List: Insertion, Deletion, reversal of SLL, Print SLL. Implementation of Stack and Queue using Singly Linked List. Singly Linked List Application-Documenting a sequence of heterogeneous records.	08
4.	Tree	Tree Terminologies, Binary Tree, Types of Binary Tree, Binary Tree Representation: Array and Linked Representation of Binary trees, Binary Tree Traversals algorithms: In-order, Pre-order, Post-order, Binary Search Tree Operations on Binary Search Tree, Applications of Binary Tree - Expression Tree, Huffman Encoding.	07
5.	Graph	Graph Terminologies, Representation of graph (Adjacency matrix and adjacency list), Graph Traversals – Depth First Search (DFS) and Breadth First Search (BFS), Connected Component, Spanning Trees, Minimum Cost Spanning Trees: Prims and Kruskal's algorithm, Application of Graph – Topological Sorting.	06
6.	Sorting and Searching	Searching: Linear search, Random search, Binary search, Hashing, Applications:- Finding a root of a general quadratic polynomial over a finite interval.  Sorting: Bubble, Insertion, selection, Quick Sort, Merge Sort, Two Way Merge Sort, Counting sort, Comparison of sorting Techniques based on their complexity, A few practical considerations for in-memory sorting	07

# **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

**Software Requirements:** Turbo C/Code Blocks, Windows/Linux

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description
1	Program to reverse a list of given numbers using stack ADT.
2	Program to Check whether parentheses are balanced or not.
3	Convert an Infix expression to Postfix expression using stack ADT.
4	Program to evaluate Postfix Expression using Stack ADT.
4	Program to implement Linear Queue ADT using array.
5	Program to implement Stack/Queue using linked list.
6	Program to implement Circular Queue ADT using array.
7	Program to implement Priority Queue ADT using array.
8	Program to implement Binary Search Tree ADT using Linked List.

9	Program to implement searching algorithms -Linear search, Binary search.
10	Implement Depth First Search and Breadth First Search Graph Traversal technique.
11	Program to implement sorting algorithms (any 2)- bubble, selection, insertion, merge, quick.
12	Implementation of Prim's and Kruskal's algorithms for finding out Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given input graph. For eg. Finding out electricity distribution cable network with minimum overall cable length.

#### **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

# 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1. Term work Assessment:

The experiments should be student centric and attempt to make experiments more meaningful, interesting and innovative. Term work assessment must be based on the overall performance of the student with every experiment and assignments are graded from time to time.

# 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

The oral examination will be based on the entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Aaron M Tenenbaum, Yedidyah Langsam, Moshe J Augenstein, "Data Structures Using C", Pearson Publication.
- 2. Jean Paul Tremblay, P. G. Sorenson, "Introduction to Data Structure and Its Applications", McGraw-Hill Higher Education
- 3. Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald Rivest, Clifford Stein, "Introduction to Algorithms", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. (Originally MIT Press); Third edition, 2010
- 4. Mark A.Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C", Pearson Education India; 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2002.
- 5. Data Structures using C and C++, Rajesh K Shukla, Wiley India
- 6. Data Structures Using C, Aaron M Tenenbaum, Yedidyah Langsam, Moshe J Augenstein, Pearson.
- 7. Data Structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C, Richard F. Gilberg & Behrouz A., Forouzan, Second Edition, CENGAGE Learning.
- 8. Introduction to Data Structure and Its Applications, Jean Paul Tremblay, P. G. Sorenson.

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. C & Data Structures, Prof. P.S. Deshpande, Prof. O.G. Kakde, DreamTech press
- 2. E. Balagurusamy, "Data Structure Using C", Tata McGraw-Hill Education India
- 3. Rajesh K Shukla, "Data Structures using C and C++", Wiley-India

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
	Human	02			02	1		02
EC 200	Values and							
EC 206	Social							
	Ethics							

	Course Name	Examination Scheme									
Course Code		Theory Marks Internal assessment En				Term					
		1	2	Average	End Sem. Exam	Work	Practical	Oral	Total		
EC 206	Human Values and Social Ethics	1	-	-1	1	50			50		

**Prerequisite:** Should have respect for justice and be able to reflect on one's personal beliefs and values.

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To enable learners to understand the core values that shape the ethical behaviour of a professional.
- 2. To develop an awareness on the different ethical dilemmas at the work place and society.
- 3. To inculcate the ethical code of conduct in writing technical article and technology development.
- 4. To internalize ethical principles and code of conduct of a good human being at home, society and at work place.

## **Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Learners will be able to recognize the relation between ethics and values pertinent for an engineering professional.
- 2. Learners will be able to exercise the responsibility for establishing fair and just processes for participation and group decision making
- 3. Learners will be able to demonstrate an awareness of self-held beliefs and values and how they are altered in interactions with others.
- 4. Learners will be able to acquire the writing skills necessary to analyse data from research and attribute the source with proper citation.
- 5. Learners will be competent to incorporate values and ethical principles in social and professional situations.

## **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs.
1.	Ethics and Values	Meaning & Concept of Ethics Difference between Ethics and Values Ethical code of conduct	03
2.	Professional Ethics	Professional Ethics vs Personal ethics Components of professional ethics Professional values and its importance	05
3.	Ethics and Society	Relevance of values and ethics in social work Ethical dilemmas Values and ethical principles of social work  • Service • Dignity and worth of a person • Importance of Human relationships • Integrity • Competence • Social Justice	04
4.	Ethics in Technical writing	Documenting sources Presentation of Information Ethics & Plagiarism	07
5.	Ethics and Technology Development	Risk management and Individual rights  Moral issues in development and application of technology Privacy/confidentiality of information  Managing Technology to ensure fair practices	07

# **Assessments:**

Termwork : 50 marks (Continuous evaluation)

# **Books/References:**

- 1. Martin Cohen, 101 Ethical Dilemmas Routledge, 2nd edition, 2007.
- 2. M. Govindarajan, S. Natarajan & V.S. Senthilkumar, *Professional Ethics and Human Values*, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited, 2013.
- 3. Mike W. Martin, *Ethics in Engineering*, McGraw Hill Education; Fourth edition, 2017.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 291	Mini Project I (Java		1#+2		-	1		1
	Programming)							

<sup>1&</sup>lt;sup>#</sup> to be taken class wise

Course Name	Examination Scheme									
	Theory Marks									
	Internal assessment (Review)			End Sem.	Term Work	Practical	Oral	Total		
	1(10)	2(10)	Average	Exam						
Mini Project I (Java	-	-	-	-	25	25		50		
	Mini Project I	1(10)  Mini Project I (Java -	Course Name Internal associated (Review 1(10))  Mini Project I (Java	Course Name  Internal assessment (Review)  1(10) 2(10) Average  Mini Project I (Java	Course Name    Theory Marks   End	Course Name  Theory Marks  Internal assessment (Review) Sem.  1(10) 2(10) Average Exam  Mini Project I (Java 25	Course Name    Theory Marks   Internal assessment (Review)   1(10)   2(10)   Average   Exam   End Sem.   Exam   Practical	Course Name  Theory Marks  Internal assessment (Review)  1(10) 2(10) Average Exam  Mini Project I (Java 25 25		

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To make students familiar with Methods, Constructors, Arrays, Multithreading and Applet in java
- 2. To familiarize the students to use a programming language to resolve problems.
- 3. To familiarize the process of solving the problem in a group.
- 4. To acquaint with the process of applying basic engineering fundamentals to attempt solutions to the problems.

## **Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Understand Java Programming.
- 2. Develop a program that efficiently implements the features and packaging concept of java.
- 3. Implement Exception handling and Applets using Java.
- 4. Identify problems based on societal /research needs , write code using java and demonstrate capabilities of self-learning in a group, which leads to lifelong learning.
- 5. Analyse the impact of solutions in societal and environmental context for sustainable development.
- 6. Use standard norms of engineering practices

#### **DETAILED SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description	No of Hours
1	Introduction to Java	Java History, Java Features, Java Virtual Machine, Data Types and Size (Signed vs. Unsigned, User	3
		Defined vs. Primitive Data Types, Explicit Pointer type)	

		Installing Java, Java Program Development, Java Source File Structure, Compilation, Executions.	
2	Object-Oriented Programming	Class Fundamentals, Object & Object reference, Creating and Operating Objects, Constructor & initialization code block, Access Control, Modifiers, Abstract Class & Interfaces Defining Methods, Argument Passing Mechanism.	6
3	Classes, and Inheritance	Use and Benefits of Inheritance in OOP, Types of Inheritance in Java, Inheriting Data members and Methods, Role of Constructors in inheritance	6
4	Package	Organizing Classes and Interfaces in Packages, Package as Access Protection, Defining Package, Classpath, Setting for Packages, Making JAR Files for Library Packages Import and Static Import Naming Convention For Packages.	4
5	Exception Handling	The Idea behind Exception, Exceptions & Errors, Types of Exception, Control Flow In Exceptions, JVM reaction to Exceptions, Use of try, catch, finally, throw, throws in Exception Handling, In-built and User Defined Exceptions	3
6	Applet	Applet: Applet Fundamental, Applet Architecture, Applet Life-Cycle, Applet Skeleton, Applet, and Application Program.	4

# **Guidelines for Mini Project**

- Students shall form a group of 3 to 4 students, while forming a group shall not be allowed less than three or more than four students, as it is a group activity.
- Students should do surveys and identify needs, which shall be converted into problem statements for mini projects in consultation with faculty supervisor/head of department/internal committee of faculties.
- Students shall submit an implementation plan in the form of Gantt/PERT/CPM chart, which will cover weekly activity of mini projects.
- A log book to be prepared by each group, wherein the group can record weekly work progress, guide/supervisor can verify and record notes/comments.
- Faculty supervisor may give inputs to students during mini project activity; however, focus shall be on self-learning.
- Students in a group shall understand the problem effectively, propose multiple solutions and select the best possible solution in consultation with the guide/ supervisor. Students shall convert the best solution into a working model using various components of their domain areas and demonstrate. The solution to be validated with proper justification and report to be compiled in standard format.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1.Term work Assessment:

Marks awarded by guide/supervisor based on log book : 10
Marks awarded by review committee : 10
Quality of Project report : 05

# 2.Oral/Practical Assessment:

Practical and Oral exam will be based on the project implemented in the semester.

# **Software Requirements:**

Netbeans:https://netbeans.org/downloads/ J-Edit/J-Editor/Blue J

# Bachelor of Technology In Electronics & Computer Science

(Semester IV)

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 208	Engineering Mathematics IV	03		01	03		01	04

Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
		Theory Marks								
		Internal assessment			End	Term	   Practical	Oral	Total	
		1	2	Average	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Oran	Total	
EC 208	Engineering Mathematics IV	40	40	40	60	25	_		125	

**Prerequisite:** Engineering Mathematics I, Engineering Mathematics II and Engineering Mathematics III.

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Understand the basic techniques of statistics like correlation, regression, and curve fitting for data analysis, Machine learning, and AI.
- 2. Acquaint with the concepts of probability, random variables with their distributions and expectations.
- 3. Understand the concepts of vector spaces used in the field of machine learning and engineering problems.
- 4. Introduce students to equivalence relations, recurrence relations, Introduce students to graphs, and trees.
- 5. Understand the concepts of complex integration.
- 6. Use concepts of vector calculus to analyze and model engineering problems.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Apply the concept of Correlation and Regression to the engineering problems in data science, machine learning, and AI.
- 2. Illustrate understanding of the concepts of probability and expectation for getting the spread of the data and distribution of probabilities.
- 3. Apply the concept of vector spaces and orthogonalization process in Engineering Problems.
- 4. Express recursive functions of other subjects like Data Structures as recurrence relation, Ability to understand use of functions, graphs and trees in programming applications.
- 5. Use the concepts of Complex Integration for evaluating integrals, computing residues & evaluate various contour integrals
- 6. Apply the concepts of vector calculus in real life problems.

# **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs.
1.	Correlation, Regression and Curve Fitting,	Karl Pearson's Coefficient of correlation (r), Spearman's Rank correlation coefficient (R), Lines of regression, Fitting of first and second degree curves.	06
2.	Probability, Probability Distributions	Conditional probability, Total Probability and Baye's Theorem, Discrete and Continuous random variables, Probability mass and density function, Probability distribution for random variables, Expectation, Variance, Binomial distribution ,Poisson distribution, Normal distribution	06
3.	Linear Algebra : Vector Spaces	Vectors in n-dimensional vector space, norm, dot product, The Cauchy Schwarz inequality, Unit vector; Linear combinations, linear Dependence and Independence, QR decomposition; Orthogonal projection, Orthonormal basis, Gram-Schmidt process for vectors; Vector spaces over real field, subspaces.	06
4.	Graphs and Trees	Types of Graphs, Homomorphism And Isomorphism Of Graphs, Subgraphs, Types of Graphs, Complement of Graph, Connected Graphs, Eulerian And Hamiltonian Graphs, Trees, Binary Trees, Minimum Spanning Tree, Kruskal's Algorithm	08
5.	Lattice Theory & Recurrence relation	Poset, Hasse Digram, Isomorphism, Extremal Elements of Posets, Lattices, Special Types of Lattices, Solving Recurrence relation, Linear Homogenous Recurrence relation with constant coefficients, Non-Homogenous Recurrence relation	06
6.	Complex Integration and Vector Integration	Line Integral, Cauchy's Integral theorem for simple connected and multiply connected regions (without proof), Cauchy's Integral formula (without proof). Taylor's and Laurent's series (without proof). Definition of Singularity, Zeroes, poles of f(z), Residues, Cauchy's Residue Theorem (without proof)  Vector integral: Line Integral, Green's theorem in a plane (Without Proof), Stokes' theorem (Without Proof) only evaluation. Gauss' divergence	07

# **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

# 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.

- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.

Weightage of marks should be proportional to the number of hours assigned to each module.

#### **Lab Assessment:**

#### **Term work Assessment:**

Term work should consist of all the work done in tutorials and assignments. The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance throughout in all the assigned work.

#### **Books/References:**

- 1. Probability, Statistics and Random Processes, T. Veerarajan, Mc. Graw Hill education.
- 2. Vector Analysis, Murray R. Spiegel, Schaum Series.
- 3. Beginning Linear Algebra Seymour Lipschutz Schaum's outline series, Mc-Graw Hill Publication.
- 4. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, Narosa publication.
- 5. Discrete Mathematical Structures"Bernard Kolman, Robert C. Busby ,Sharon Cutler Ross, Nadeem-ur-Rehman, "Pearson Education.
- 6. Discrete Mathematical Structures: Theory and Applications, D.S. Malik and M.K. Sen: Cengage Learning, 2004.
- 7. Higher Engineering Mathematics B. V. Ramana, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publication.
- 8. Advanced Engineering Mathematics Wylie and Barret, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
- 9. Advanced engineering mathematics H.K. Das, S. Chand, Publications.
- 10. Discrete Mathematics with Applications, Thomas Koshy, Elsevier, 2005, Reprint 2008.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 209	Instrumentation & Control System	03		-1	03			03

	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
Course Code		Theory Marks								
		Internal assessment			End	Term	Term D			
					Sem.	Work	Work   Practical	Oral	Total	
		1	2	Average	Exam					
EC 209	Instrumentation & Control System	40	40	40	60		_		100	

**Prerequisite:** Applied Mathematics( Laplace Transform, Ordinary differential equations), Applied Physics, Basic Electrical Engineering

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To develop the ability to model control systems and determine their time response and frequency response.
- 2. To develop the ability to analyze stability of control systems.
- 3. To develop the ability to understand various types of sensors, transducers and data acquisition systems.

# Course Outcomes: After successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Derive the transfer functions for any given control systems.
- 2. Analyze the performance of control systems based on the time domain and frequency domain specifications.
- 3. Evaluate the stability of the control systems in time domain and frequency domain.
- 4. Understand the working principle of sensors and transducers.
- 5. Explain various parameters of data acquisition systems.
- 6. Describe instrument communication standards.

#### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs.
1.	Introduction to Control System	Examples of control systems; open and closed loop systems; Servomechanism.  Mathematical modeling of Electrical & Mechanical Systems; Transfer function model.  Block diagram and Signal Flow Graph (SFG) representation of control systems; Block diagram reductions; Mason's gain formula.	08

2.	Time Response Analysis	Standard test input signals; time response of first and second order systems for standard test inputs; Transient response specification for second order system; Error constants and type of the system.  Concept of stability; Routh-Hurwitz Criteria; Relative stability analysis; Root-Locus technique and construction of root-loci.	08
3.	Frequency Response Analysis	Introduction to frequency response; Frequency response plots: Polar plot and Bode plot; Stability margins in frequency domain, Nyquist stability criterion and stability analysis using Nyquist plot (Numericals not expected).	06
4.	Sensor and Transducers	Introduction to sensors and transducers. Various types of sensors. Various types of transducers and their principle of operation. Selection criteria of transducers.  Displacement and pressure transducers: potentiometers, pressure gauges, Linear variable differential transducer (LVDT), strain gauges.  Temperature transducers: working principle, ranges and applications of resistance temperature detectors (RTD), thermocouple and thermistor temperature transducers.	07
5.	Signal conditioning DAS and SCADA	Introduction to instrumentation systems, data acquisition system (DAS), use of DAS in Intelligent instrumentation system.  Data logger, its types and applications.  SCADA communication architecture, types, applications, open SCADA protocols. Introduction to Distributed Control system [D.C.S] and fibre optic instrumentation.	06
6.	Telemetry and Instrument communicatio n standards	Introduction to telemetry, landline telemetry, radio telemetry and types of multiplexing.  Instrument interfacing, Current loop, RS232/485, Field bus, Modbus GPIB, USB Protocol, and HART communication Protocol.	04

# **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

# 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.

Weightage of marks should be proportional to the number of hours assigned to each module.

#### **Books:**

- 1. K. Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering", PHI, New Delhi
- 2. I. J. Nagrath, M. Gopal, "Control System Engineering", 5th edition, New Age International Publishers
- 3. A.K. Sawhney, "Electrical & Electronic Measurement & Instrumentation" DRS. India

- 4. D. Patranabis, "Principle of Industrial Instrumentation", Tata McGraw Hill.
- 5. H.S.Kalsi, "Electronic Instrumentation"-TMH, 2nd Edition.

#### **References:**

- 1. Kuo B.C., Automatic Control Systems, Prentice Hall of India Ltd., New Delhi, 1995.
- 2. Norman S. Nise, "Control System Engineering", John Wiley and Sons
- 3. C. S. Rangan, G. R. Sharma and V. S. Mani, 'Instrumentation Devices and Systems', Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd.
- 4. Helfrick& Cooper, "Modern Electronic Instrumentation & Measuring Techniques" PHI

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 210	Database Management System	03	02		03	01		04

	Course Name	<b>Examination Scheme</b>								
Course Code		Theory Marks Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
		1	2	Average	Sem. Exam	Work	Fractical	Orai	Total	
EC 210	Database Management System	40	40	40	60	25	25		150	

Prerequisite: Data Structures

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Develop entity relationship data model and its mapping to relational model
- 2. Learn relational algebra and Formulate SQL queries
- 3. Apply normalization techniques to normalize the database
- 4. Understand the concept of transaction, concurrency control and recovery techniques.

# **Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Recognize the need of database management system
- 2. Design ER and EER diagram for real life applications
- 3. Construct relational models and write relational algebra queries.
- 4. Formulate SQL queries.
- 5. Apply the concept of normalization to relational database design.
- 6. Describe the concept of transaction, concurrency and recovery.

#### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs.
1.	Introduction Database Concepts	Introduction, Characteristics of databases, File system v/s Database system, Data abstraction and data Independence, DBMS system architecture, Database Administrator	04
2.	Entity-Relationsh ip Data Model	The Entity-Relationship (ER) Model: Entity types: Weak and strong entity sets, Entity sets, Types of Attributes, Relationship constraints: Cardinality and Participation,	06

3.	Relational Model and relational Algebra	Introduction to the Relational Model, relational schema and concept of keys. Relational Algebra-operators, Relational Algebra Queries.	07
4.	Structured Query Language (SQL)	Overview of SQL, Data Definition Commands, Integrity constraints: key constraints, Domain Constraints, Referential integrity, check constraints, Data Manipulation commands, Data Control commands, Set and string operations, aggregate functions, group by, having, Views in SQL, joins, Nested and complex queries, Triggers.	08
5.	Relational-Databa se Design	Concept of normalization, Function Dependencies, First Normal Form, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF.	06
6.	Transactions Management and Concurrency and Recovery	Transaction concept, Transaction states, ACID properties, Transaction Control Commands, Concurrent Executions, Serializability-Conflict and View, Concurrency Control: Lock-based, Timestamp-based protocols, Recovery System: Log based recovery, Deadlock handling.	07

# **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

**Hardware Requirements: 2GB RAM** 

**Software Requirements:** SQL server (Oracle/MySQL/PostGreSQL)

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description							
1	Identify the case study and detail statement of the problem. Design an Entity-Relationship(ER) / Extended Entity-Relationship (EER) Model.							
2	Mapping ER/EER to Relational schema model.							
3	Create a database using Data Definition Language (DDL) and apply integrity constraints for the specified System.							
4	Apply DML Commands for the specified system.							
5	Perform Simple queries, string manipulation operations and aggregate functions.							
6	Implement Views and Join operations.							
7	Perform Nested and Complex queries							
8	Perform DCL and TCL commands.							
9	Implement function and trigger.							
10	Demonstrate Database connectivity							
11	Implementation and demonstration of Transaction and Concurrency control techniques using locks.							

# **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

# 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.

Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1.Term work Assessment:

Term work should have min. 8 experiments. Journal must include at least 2 assignments on content of theory and practical of "Database Management System". The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks).

## 2.Oral/ Practical Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Practical and Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus.

#### **Books:**

- 1. Korth, Slberchatz, Sudarshan, Database System Concepts, 6thEdition, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Elmasri and Navathe, Fundamentals of Database Systems, 5thEdition, Pearson Education.
- 3. Raghu Ramkrishnan and Johannes Gehrke, Database Management Systems, TMH.

#### **References:**

- 1. Microsoft SQL Server Black Book By Patrick Dalton.
- 2. https://www.w3schools.com/sql/
- 3. https://www.postgresqltutorial.com/

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 211	Microprocessor & Microcontroller	03	02	1	03	01		04

	Course Name	<b>Examination Scheme</b>								
Course		Theory Marks								
Code		Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
		1	2	Average	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Orai	Total	
EC 211	Microprocessor & Microcontroller	40	40	40	60	25	-		125	

Prerequisite: Digital System Design

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand the basic concepts of Microcomputer systems.
- 2. To understand the architecture of the 16-bit Microprocessor 8086.
- 3. To understand the architecture and instruction set of 8-bit Microcontroller 8051.
- 4. To write assembly and C programs for 8051 Microcontroller.
- 5. To understand peripheral devices and their interfacing with Microcontroller.
- 6. To understand various applications of microcontroller.

## **Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Understand the architecture and aspects of 8086 microprocessor and 8051 microcontroller.
- 2. Identify the features of various microcontroller
- 3. Interface microcontroller with hardware for given application
- 4. Write and execute assembly and C language programs(software) for given application
- 5. Explain the Interrupt system, operation of Timers/Counters and Serial port of 8051
- 6. Develop small microcontroller based applications.

#### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs.
1.	Introduction to Microprocessor System.	1.1 Microprocessor based system: CPU, I/O Devices, Clock, Memory, Concept of Address, Data and Control Bus, 1.2 Introduction to 8086 Microprocessor: 8086 architecture & 8086 pin description in detail(with Minimum and Maximum mode pins). 1.3 Major features of 8086 microprocessor.1.4	07

		pipelined operation 1.5 Programmer's Model & Memory	
		Segmentation. <b>1.6</b> Read and Write bus cycle of 8086.	
2	8051 Microcontroller Architecture	2.1 Concept of Harvard & Von Neumann Architecture 2.2 Comparison between Microprocessor and Microcontroller 2.3 8051 Features, its architecture (ALU, PC, DPTR, PSW, Internal RAM, Internal ROM, Latch, SFRs, General purpose registers, Timer/Counter, Interrupt, Ports)and Functions of each pin of 8051 2.4 Memory organization (Program and Data memory Map)	05
2.	8051 Microcontroller Hardware	3.1 Stack, Stack Pointer and Stack operation, 3.2 Timers/Counters logic diagram and its operation in various modes, 3.3 I/O Ports structure: Port 0, Port 1, Port2, Port 3. 3.4 Serial Communication in various modes 3.5 Interrupt structure with vector address, priority and operation 3.6 Modes of operation: Power down and idle mode	07
3.	8051 Microcontroller programming	4.1 Addressing modes (Immediate, Register, Direct, Indirect, Indexed, Relative and bit addressing.) 4.2 Assembler directives of 8051. 4.3 Instruction Set: Data Transfer, Arithmetic, Logical, Branching, and Machine Control 4.4 Programming concepts: Looping, Counting, sorting and Indexing, Data manipulation, Masking 4.5 Basic Programs related to: arithmetic, logical, Branch	08
4.	8051 Microcontroller hardware configuration and Programming	<b>5.1</b> Configuration and programming of I/O Port . <b>5.2</b> Configuration and programming of interrupts using SFRs: IE,IP <b>5.3</b> Configuration and programming of Timer/Counter using SFRs: TMOD, TCON, THx, TLx <b>5.4</b> Serial port configuration and programming	06
5.	8051 Interfacing & Applications	6.1 Display interfacing: 7-segment LED display, 16x2 generic alphanumeric LCD display.6.2 Analog devices interfacing: 8-bit ADC and DAC 6.3 Motor interfacing: dc motor, stepper motor 6.4 Waveform generation	06

# **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Lab Prerequisite: Digital System Design
Hardware Requirements: Experiments can be conducted on Assembler, Emulator

**Software Requirements:** Hardware kits

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description
1	Introduction to 8086 microprocessor kit and assembler.
2	To write an assembly language program to perform Arithmetic and Logical Operations using 8051 microcontroller.
3	To write an assembly language program to transfer of data bytes between Internal and External Memory using 8051 microcontroller.
4	To write an assembly language program to perform experiments based on General Purpose Input-Output & Timers.
5	Program for Serial communication of 8051 using UART.

6	Programs for Interfacing of Stepper Motor/DC motor with 8051 microcontroller.
7	Programs for generating waveform (Square, Trinagular, Sine wave) with 8051 microcontroller.
8	Programs for Interfacing of LCD with 8051
9	Mini project based on any application related to 8051 microcontroller.

# **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

# 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to the number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1.Term work Assessment:

08 Experiments covering the entire syllabus must be given during the "Laboratory session batch wise". Computation/simulation based experiments are also encouraged. The experiments should be student centric and attempts should be made to make experiments more meaningful, interesting and innovative. Application oriented one mini-project can be conducted for a maximum batch of at least 04 students.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Microprocessor and Interfacing: By Douglas Hall (TMH Publication)
- 2. M. A. Mazidi, J. G. Mazidi and R. D. Mckinlay, "The 8051 Microcontroller & Embedded systems", Pearson Publications, Second Edition 2006.
- 3. C. Kenneth J. Ayala and D. V. Gadre, "The 8051 Microcontroller & Embedded system using assembly & 'C' ", Cengage Learning, Edition 2010.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. 8086 Microprocessor Programming and Interfacing the PC: By Kenneth Ayala (West Publication).
- 2. Microcomputer Systems: 8086/8088 family Architecture, Programming and Design: By Liu & Gibson (PHI Publication).
- 3. Satish Shah, "The 8051 Microcontrollers", Oxford publication first edition 2010.
- 4. "MCS@51 Microcontroller, Family users Manual" Intel.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 212	Analysis of Algorithms	03	02	1	03	01	1	04

	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
Course		Theory Marks								
Code		Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
		1	2	Average	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Orai	Total	
EC 212	Analysis of Algorithms	40	40	40	60	25	25	-	150	

Prerequisite: Data Structure

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To conceptualize learners with mathematical models for analysis of algorithm
- 2. To understand and solve problems using various algorithmic design strategies
- 3. To apply algorithm strategies to real life problems

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Analyse space and time complexity of various algorithms
- 2. Describe, Apply and Analyse design strategy and complexity for optimization problems
- 3. Describe, Apply and Analyse design and complexity of Backtracking
- 4. Describe, Apply and Analyse design and complexity of Branch and Bound
- 5. Describe, Apply and Analyse divide and conquer approach
- 6. Define and give examples complexity classes P and NP

## **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs.
1.	Introduction to algorithms and analysis of algorithm	Notion of an Algorithm, Brief introduction:-algorithm design paradigms, Algorithm analysis :- Asymptotic notations $0, \Omega, \theta, \omega, o$ $0, \Omega, \theta, \omega, o$ and their properties, notions of time and space complexity, best case, worst case and average case analysis of algorithms, Brief introduction:- randomized algorithms and notion of expected time complexity	07
2.	Divide and Conquer Approach	Recurrence equations, Solution of recurrence equations:-Recurrence Tree method, Master Theorem, General structure of a Divide and Conquer algorithm, Finding closest pair of points in 2D plane, Merge/Quick sort.	06

3.	Dynamic Programming Approach	General method, applications-Matrix chain multiplication, Optimal binary search trees, Single Source Shortest Path:-Bellman-Ford algorithm, All pairs shortest path problem:-Floyd-Warshall, Travelling salesperson problem.	08
4.	Greedy Method Approach	General method, Applications-Job sequencing with deadlines, fractional knapsack problem, Minimum cost spanning trees, Single source shortest path problem:- Dijkstra's algorithm	08
5.	Backtracking and Branch-and-b ound	Backtracking: General method, graph coloring Branch and Bound: General method, applications - 0/1 knapsack problem- LC Branch and Bound solution, FIFO Branch and Bound solution.	05
6.	Selected algorithms and Non-determin istic polynomial time algorithms	Number Theoretic:- Euclid's algorithm for GCD and it's time complexity analysis, Graph Theoretic:- Johnson's algorithm for All pair Shortest Path problem Computational Complexity classification of problem: Brief introduction:- non deterministic algorithms, Complexity classes:- P, NP.	05

## **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Lab Prerequisite:

**Hardware Requirements:** 

**Software Requirements: C/Python/C++** 

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description
1	Implement Merge and Quick sort algorithms.
2	Implement Bellman-Ford algorithm.
3	Implement Floyd-Warshall algorithm.
4	Implement Dijkstra's algorithm for the single source shortest path problem on a given weighted graph.
5	Implement Prim/Kruskal algorithm for finding a minimum cost spanning tree of a given input graph.
6	Implement a backtracking based algorithm for vertex coloring of a given graph.
7	Implement Johnson's algorithm for shortest paths, for a given graph.
8	Implement a randomized algorithm for searching an element in an unsorted array and derive its expected time complexity.
9	Implement Euclid's algorithm to calculate GCD of a given set of n>2 natural numbers.

# **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

# 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.

- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1.Termwork Assessment:

Term work should consist of all the work done in tutorials and assignments. The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance throughout all the assigned work.

**2. Oral/Practical Assessment:** Practical & Oral Exams should be conducted based on syllabus and practicals conducted.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Ellis Horowitz, Satraj Sahni and Rajasekharam, Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, Galgotia publications pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Parag Himanshu Dave, Himanshu Bhalchandra Dave, Design and Analysis Algorithms Publisher: Pearson

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. T.H.Cormen, C.E.Leiserson, R.L.Rivest, C. Stein, Introduction to Algorithms, 2nd edition, Prentice-Hall India, 2001.
- 2. J. Kleinberg and E. Tardos, Algorithm Design, Pearson International Edition, 2005.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 213	System Software & Operating Systems	03	02		03	01	-	04

					Exami	nation Sc	heme			
Course		Theory Marks								
Code	Course Name	Inte	rnal ass	essment	End	Term Work	Practical	Oral	Total	
		1	2	Average	Sem. Exam	WUIK				
EC 213	System Software & Operating Systems	40	40	40	60	25			125	

**Prerequisite:** Basic knowledge of Data structures and Computer architecture, Any programming language

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand the role and functioning of various system programs over application programs.
- 2. To understand basic concepts and designing of assembler and Macro processor
- 3. To understand the role of loaders, linkers and Compilers.
- 4. To introduce basic concepts and functions of operating systems.
- 5. To understand the concepts and implementation of Process Management, IPC, memory management policies, File and I/O Management.

# **Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Identify the relevance of different system programs.
- 2. Identify the need of assembler and macro processor design.
- 3. Understand the functions of linkers, loaders and compilers.
- 4. Understand the role of Operating System in terms of process, memory, file and I/O management.
- 5. Apply and analyse the concept of a process, process scheduling and synchronization
- 6. Apply and analyze different techniques of memory management, file and I/O management.

# **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs.
1.	Introduction to System Software	Concept of System Software, Introduction to various system programs such as Assembler, Macro processor, Loader, Linker, Compiler, Interpreter, Device Drivers, Operating system, Editors, Debuggers.	03
2.	Assemblers and Macro Processors	Elements of Assembly Language programming, Assembler Design: Introduction to single pass Assembler Design for Hypothetical machines, data structures used.  Macro definition and call, parameterized, conditional Macro, Design of Two pass macro processor for Hypothetical machines, data structures used.	08
3.	Linkers, Loaders and Compilers	Functions of loaders, Absolute loader/Compile and Go loader, Phases of compilers: Lexical Analysis, Syntax analysis, SR Parser, Introduction to semantic analysis, Intermediate Code Generation: Types of Intermediate codes, Code optimization techniques, Introduction to Code Generation.	08
4.	Overview of operating System	Introduction, Objectives, Functions and Types of Operating System, Operating System Services and Interface; Operating system structures: Layered, Monolithic and Microkernel.	04
5.	Process Management	Concept of a Process, Process States, Operation on Process Uniprocessor Scheduling-Types: Preemptive and Non-preemptive, scheduling algorithms Threads: Definition and Types, Concept of Multithreading, Inter-Process Communication, Process Synchronization, Mutual Exclusion: ,Semaphores, Producer Consumer problem, Principles of Deadlock: Conditions Deadlock Handling Mechanism.	08
6.	Memory Management and I/O Management	Basic Concepts of Memory Management; Memory Allocation Techniques, Paging, TLB, Segmentation, Virtual Memory; Demand Paging, Page Replacement Algorithms, I/O Devices, Disk Scheduling algorithm: FCFS, SSTF, SCAN, CSCAN, LOOK, C-LOOK, Linux I/O.	08

# **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Lab Prerequisite: Any programming language, Knowledge on Operating system principles

Hardware Requirements: 2GB RAM,PC i3 processor and above

Software Requirements: C, IDE/Compiler (Geany). Linux Operating System

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description
1	Implementation of File handling program to check whether entered input is Mnemonic or Pseudo opcode or symbol.
2	Design and Development of Simple Macro Processor
3	Implementation of Lexical analysis phase of compilers
4	Implementation of Intermediate code generation phase of compilers

5	Implementation of code generation phase of compilers
6	Explore usage of basic and advanced Linux Commands
7	Explore the file and process management system calls.
8	Create a child process in Linux using the fork system call. From the child process obtain the process ID of both child and parent by using getpid and getppid system call.
9	Write a program to demonstrate the concept of non-preemptive and preemptive scheduling algorithms.
10	Write a program in C demonstrate the concept of page replacement policies

# **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

# 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to the number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1.Term work Assessment:

Term work should consist of 10 experiments. Journal must include at least 2 assignments on content of theory and practical of "System Software & Operating Systems". The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks).

## **Text Books:**

- 1. D. M Dhamdhere: Systems programming, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. A. V. Aho, R. Shethi, Monica Lam, J.D. Ulman: Compilers Principles, Techniques and Tools, Pearson Education, Second Edition.
- 3. William Stallings, Operating System: Internals and Design Principles, Prentice Hall, 8th Edition, 2014, ISBN-10: 0133805913 ISBN-13: 9780133805918.
- 4. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin and Greg Gagne, Operating System Concepts, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 9th Edition, 2016, ISBN 978-81-265-5427-0

#### **References:**

- 1. Compiler construction : principles and practices , Kenneth C.Louden ,CENGAGE Learning.
- 2. System software: An introduction to system programming, Leland L. Beck, Pearson.
- 3. Principles of Operating Systems, Naresh Chauhan, First Edition , Oxford university press.
- 4. Achyut Godbole and Atul Kahate, Operating Systems, McGraw Hill Education, 3rd Edition

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 292	Mini Project II (Python Programming)		1#+2	1	1	01	1	01

1<sup>#</sup> to be taken class wise

		Examination Scheme							
Course			Theory Marks					Oral	Total
Code	Course Name	Internal assessment(Review)			End Sem.	Term Work	Practical		
		1(10)	2(10)	Avge	Exam				
EC 292	Mini Project II (Python Programming)					25	25		50

# **Course prerequisite:**

Basics of Python Programming, Skill Lab: C++ and Java Programming.

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Infer the Object-oriented Programming concepts in Python.
- 2. Formulate GUI Programming and Database operations in Python.
- 3. Explore file and database handling in Python.
- 4. Identify problems based on societal /research needs.
- 5. Develop applications based on machine learning, deep learning using Python.
- 6. Examine methodology in detail about impact of solutions in societal and environmental context for sustainable development.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Interpret object-oriented programming in Python
- 2. Design GUI Applications in Python.
- 3. Handle Database operations in Python.
- 4. Identify problems based on societal /research needs , write code using Python and demonstrate capabilities of self-learning in a group, which leads to lifelong learning.
- 5. Develop machine learning applications using Python.
- 6. Analyze the impact of solutions in societal and environmental context for sustainable development.

# **DETAILED SYLLABUS:**

Modul e No.	Unit No.	Topics	Hrs.
1.0		Introduction to Python - a recap	3
	1.1	Introduction to Python, strings, Lists, Tuples, Strings, Lists, Tuples, Dictionaries, Sets	
	1.2	Functions and file handling, Object oriented programming	
2.0		Basic databases using Python	4
	2.1	Introduction to Pandas, Pandas data structures – Series and DataFrame, Data wrangling using pandas, Loading a dataset into a dataframe	
	2.2	Selecting Columns from a dataframe, Selecting Rows from a dataframe, Adding new data in a dataframe, Deleting data from a dataframe	
3.0		Numpy, Matplotlib, Seaborn, Scipy,	5
	3.1	Introduction to Numpy, Creating and Printing Ndarray, Class and Attributes of Ndarray, Basic operation, Copy and view, Mathematical Functions of Numpy.	
	3.2	Introduction to Matplotlib, Scatter plot, Line plot, Bar chart, Histogram, Introduction to seaborn and scipy	
4.0		GUI and web Framework in Python	5
6	4.1	Introduction to GUI building libraries, Tkinter Programming, Flask Framework, Web application using Flask, working with Postman, Debugging Calculator application	
5.0		Basic image processing using Python	5
	5.1	Introduction to digital image processing, Basic operations on an image, Crop, Scale, Rotate, Flip, Changing contrast, brightness and color, Edge detection, blur, sharpening	
6.0		Demo Projects	4
	6.1	Face detection, Helmet detection, Image scraping and creating a own dataset from web, any two Flask End-to-End Projects	

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Yashavant Kanetkar, "Let us Python: Python is Future, Embrace it fast", BPB Publications; 1 edition (8 July 2019).
- 2. Dusty Phillips, "Python 3 object-oriented Programming", Second Edition PACKT Publisher August 2015.
- 3. John Grayson, "Python and Tkinter Programming", Manning Publications (1 March 1999). 4. Core Python Programming, Dr. R. Nageswara Rao, Dreamtech Press
- 4. Beginning Python: Using Python 2.6 and Python 3.1. James Payne, Wrox publication 6. Introduction to computing and problem solving using python, E Balagurusamy, McGraw Hill Education.
- 5. Zed A. Shaw, "Learn Python the Hard Way: A Very Simple Introduction to the Terrifyingly Beautiful World of Computers and Code", Addison Wesley; 3 edition (1 October 2013).

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course A hands-on, Project Based Introduction to programming" No Starch Press; 1 edition (8 December 2015).
- 2. Paul Barry, "Head First Python" O'Reilly; 2 edition (16 December 2016)
- 3. Andreas C. Mueller, "Introduction to Machine Learning with Python", O'Reilly; 1 edition (7 October 2016)
- 4. David Beazley, Brian K. Jones, "Python Cookbook: Recipes for Mastering Python 3", O'Reilly Media; 3 edition (10 May 2013).
- 5. Bhaskar Chaudhary, "Tkinter GUI Application Development Blueprints: Master GUI programming in Tkinter as you design, implement, and deliver 10 real world application", Packt Publishing (November 30, 2015)

#### **Software Tools:**

- 1. Python IDE: <a href="https://www.python.org/downloads/">https://www.python.org/downloads/</a>
- 2. Anaconda Environment: https://www.anaconda.com/distribution/

## **Online Repository:**

- 1. Github
- 2. Python 3 Documentation: <a href="https://docs.python.org/3/">https://docs.python.org/3/</a>
- 3. "The Python Tutorial", <a href="http://docs.python.org/release/3.0.1/tutorial/">http://docs.python.org/release/3.0.1/tutorial/</a>
- 4. http://spoken-tutorial.org
- 5. Python 3 Tkinter library Documentation: https://docs.python.org/3/library/tk.html
- 6. Numpy Documentation: <a href="https://numpy.org/doc/">https://numpy.org/doc/</a>
- 7. Pandas Documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/docs/
- 8. Matplotlib Documentation: https://matplotlib.org/3.2.1/contents.html
- 9. Scipy Documentation: <a href="https://www.scipy.org/docs.html">https://www.scipy.org/docs.html</a>
- 10. Machine Learning Algorithm Documentation: <a href="https://scikit-learn.org/stable/">https://scikit-learn.org/stable/</a>
- 11. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106182/

## Suggested list of sample course projects:

- 1. Human Activity Recognition with Video Classification
- 2. Instagram filters using Python

- 3. Drowsiness detection
- 4. Image caption generator
- 5. Speed typing Test using Python
- 6. Train announcement system using python
- 7. Develop classification model using freely available datasets
- 8. Develop python application for sentiment analysis
- 9. Build an app that will track the number of calories that you eat every day.
- 10. Create a currency convertor using python
- 11. Create an alarm clock
- 12. Create a mail sending program
- 13. Review Scraper
- 14. Image Scraper and deployment on Heroku, AWS and Azure
- 15. Content aggregator
- 16. Face mask detection
- 17. Music player
- 18. Plagiarism Checker
- 19. Tic Tac Toe project.
- 20. Fake News Detection project.
- 21. Parkinson's Disease Detection project.
- 22. Color Detection project
- 23. Speech Emotion Recognition project.
- 24. Breast Cancer Classification project.
- 25. Age and Gender Detection project.
- 26. Calender GUI

# **Guidelines for Mini Project**

- 1. Students shall form a group of 3 to 4 students, while forming a group shall not be allowed less than three or more than four students, as it is a group activity.
- 2. Students should do surveys and identify needs, which shall be converted into problem statements for mini projects in consultation with faculty supervisor/head of department/internal committee of faculties.
- 3. Students shall submit an implementation plan in the form of Gantt/PERT/CPM chart, which will cover weekly activity of mini projects.
- 4. A log book to be prepared by each group, wherein the group can record weekly work progress, guide/supervisor can verify and record notes/comments.
- 5. Distribution of Term work marks for both semesters shall be as below;
- 6. Marks awarded by guide/supervisor based on log book: 10
- 7. Marks awarded by review committee: 10
- 8. Quality of Project report: 05
- 9. Faculty supervisor may give inputs to students during mini project activity; however, focus shall be on self-learning.

10. Students in a group shall understand the problem effectively, propose multiple solutions and select the best possible solution in consultation with the guide/ supervisor. Students shall convert the best solution into a working model using various components of their domain areas and demonstrate. The solution to be validated with proper justification and report to be compiled in standard format.

## **Lab Assessment:**

#### 1.Term work Assessment:

• Marks awarded by guide/supervisor based on log book: 10

• Marks awarded by review committee: 10

• Quality of Project report : 05

## 2.Oral/Practical Assessment:

Practical and Oral exam will be based on the project implemented in the semester.

# **Software Requirements:**

Python IDE: https://www.python.org/downloads/https://docs.anaconda.com/anaconda/navigator/

# Bachelor of Technology In Electronics & Computer Science

(Semester V)

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 301	Signals and Systems	03		01	03		01	04

		Examination Scheme								
Course	Course	Theory Marks				Term				
Code	Name	Internal assessment			End Sem.	Wor	Practical	Oral	Total	
		1	2	Average	Exam	k				
EC 301	Signals and Systems	40	40	40	60	25			125	

- 1. To identify, classify and analyze various types of signals and systems.
- 2. To analyze time Domain analysis of continuous and discrete time signals and systems.
- 3. To Analyze the continuous and discrete time LTI signals and systems in frequency domain using Fourier Transform.
- 4. To analyze, formulate and solve problems on frequency domain analysis of continuous time systems using Laplace Transform.
- 5. To analyze, formulate and solve problems on frequency domain analysis of discrete time systems using Z- Transform.
- 6. To provide foundation of signal and system concepts to areas like communication, control and comprehend applications of signal processing in communication systems.

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion students will be able to

- 1. Classify and analyze various types of signals and systems.
- 2. Determine convolution integral and convolution sum.
- 3. Analyze the continuous and discrete time signals and systems in frequency domain using Fourier Transform.
- 4. Analyze, formulate and solve problems on frequency domain analysis of continuous time systems using Laplace Transform.
- 5. Analyze, formulate and solve problems on frequency domain analysis of discrete time systems using Z- Transform.
- 6. Understand the concept of FIR and IIR system.

**Prerequisite:** Engineering Mathematics III

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content							
	Introduction of	Introduction to Signals: Definition of Signals ,							
1	Continuous and	Representation of continuous time signals and discrete	07						
1.	Discrete Time	time signals, Sampling theorem, sampling of continuous							
	Signals and systems:	time signals Basic Elementary signals, Arithmetic							

		operations on the signals- Time Shifting, Time scaling, Time Reversal of signals Classification of Continuous time signals and Discrete time signal Introduction to Systems: Definition of Systems, Classification of Continuous time systems and Discrete time systems, Applications of Signals and Systems	
2.	Time domain analysis of continuous time and discrete time systems	Linear Time Invariant (LTI) systems; impulse response, step response, Convolution integral and Convolution sum for analysis of LTI systems, properties of convolution integral/sum, Correlation of Signals: Auto-correlation and Cross correlation of Continuous time signals (Numericals not expected) and Discrete time signal.	06
3.	Fourier Analysis of Continuous and Discrete Time Signals and Systems	Fourier transform of periodic and non-periodic functions, Properties of Fourier Transform, Inverse Fourier Transform, Frequency Response: computation of Magnitude and Phase Response, Limitations of Fourier Transform	07
4.	Frequency domain analysis of continuous time system using Laplace transform	Definition of Laplace Transform (LT), Region of Convergence (ROC), Properties of Laplace transform, Inverse Laplace transform.  Analysis of continuous time LTI systems using Laplace Transform: Causality and stability of systems in s-domain, Total Response of the system, Relation between LT and FT	07
5.	Frequency domain analysis of discrete time system using Z- transform	Definition of unilateral and bilateral Z Transform, Region of Convergence (ROC), Properties of Z-Transform, Inverse Z-Transform. Analysis and characterization of the LTI system using Z transform: Transfer Function and difference equation, plotting Poles and Zeros of a transfer function, impulse and step response, causality, stability, Total response of a system. Relation between Laplace Transform and Z-Transform, Relation between ZT and FT	08
6.	FIR and IIR systems	Concept of finite impulse response systems and infinite impulse response systems, Linear Phase FIR systems. IIR Realization structures of LTI Discrete time system: Direct form –I and direct form II.	04

SR NO	List of Tutorials
01	Tutorial No 1: Mathematical Operations on Continuous and Discrete time signals
02	Tutorial No 2: Classifications of Continuous and Discrete time signals and systems
03	Tutorial No 3: Convolution and Correlation of Continuous and Discrete time signals
04	Tutorial No 4 : Sums on properties of Continuous time and Discrete time Fourier Transform
05	Tutorial No 5: Magnitude and Phase Response Sums of Fourier transform
06	Tutorial No 6: ROC, properties of Laplace transform

07	Tutorial No 7: Inverse Laplace transform and total response
08	Tutorial No 8: ROC and properties of Z transform
09	Tutorial No 9: Inverse Z transform and total response
10	Tutorial No 10 : FIR Realization structures  1. Direct form –I  2. Direct form II

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessments:

#### **Term Work Assessment:**

- At least 08 tutorials covering the entire syllabus must be conducted.
- The tutorials should include easy, medium and high level thinking questions. Term work assessment must be based on the overall performance of the student with every tutorial graded from time to time. The grades should be converted into marks as per the Credit and Grading System manual and should be added and averaged. The grading and term work assessment should be done based on this scheme.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. NagoorKani, "Signals and Systems", Tata McGraw Hill, Third Edition, 2011.
- 2. Tarun Kumar Rawat, "Signals and Systems", Oxford University Press 2016.
- 3. Simon Haykin and Barry Van Veen, "Signals and Systems", John Wiley and Sons, Second Edition, 2004.

- 1. Hwei. P Hsu, "Signals and Systems", Tata McGraw Hill, Third edition, 2010
- 2. Rodger E Ziemer, William H. Tranter and D. Ronald Fannin, "Signals and Systems", Pearson Education, Fourth Edition 2009.
- 3. Alan V. Oppenheim, Alan S. Willsky and S. Hamid Nawab, "Signals and Systems", Prentice-Hall of India, Second Edition, 2002.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 302	Computer Networks	03	02		03	01		04

		<b>Examination Scheme</b>							
Course Code	Course	Theory Marks							
Course Code	Name	Int	ernal asso	essment	End Sem.	Term Work	Practical	Oral	Total
		1	2	Average	Exam				
EC 302	Computer Networks	40	40	40	60	25		25	150

- 1. To introduce networking architecture and protocols.
- 2. To understand the various layers and protocols in the TCP/IP model.
- 3. To recognize different addressing schemes, connecting devices and routing protocols.
- 4. To select the required protocol from the application layer protocols.

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion students will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate understanding of networking concepts and required protocols.
- 2. Analyze the various layers and protocols of the layered architecture.
- 3. Evaluate different addressing schemes, connecting devices and routing protocols.
- 4. Appreciate the application layer protocols.

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs
1.	Introduction to Network Architectures, Protocol Layers, and Service models	Uses of computer networks. Topologies, LAN, MAN, WAN, Network topologies, Addressing: Physical / Logical /Port addressing, Protocols and Standards.  Protocol Architecture: Need of layered protocol architecture, Layers details of OSI, , Protocol Layers and Their Service Models TCP/IP Model: Protocol suite, Comparison of OSI and TCP/IP	06

2.	Physical Layer	Transmission Media: Guided media like Coaxial, fiber, twisted pair, and Wireless media, Transmission Impairments. Interconnecting Devices: Hub, Bridges, Switches, Router, Gateway  Data communication model: DTE, DCE, RS-232D Interface, Null Modem, Multiplexing: FDM, Synchronous TDM, Statistical TDM, ADSL, xDSL, Cable modem	09
3.	Data Link Control	Data link services: Framing, Flow control, Error control, ARQ methods, Piggybacking  High Level Data Link Control (HDLC): HDLC configurations, Frame formats, Typical frame exchanges.  Medium Access Control Protocols: ALOHA, Slotted ALOHA, CSMA, CSMA/CD	08
4.	Network Layer	Switching: Switched Communication networks, Circuit switching Networks, , Circuit switching Concepts, Packet switching Principles: Virtual circuit switching and Datagram switching  Routing in Packet Switching Networks: Characteristics, Routing strategies, Link state Routing versus Distance vector Routing. Least-Cost Routing Algorithms: Dijkstra's Algorithm, Bellman Ford Algorithm.  Internet Protocol: Principles of Internetworking: Requirements, Connectionless Operation Internet Protocol Operation: IP packet, IP addressing, subnet addressing, IPv4, ICMP, ARP, RARP IPv6 (IPv6 Datagram format, comparison with IPv4, and transition from IPv4 to IPv6)	04
5.	Transport Layer	Connection —oriented Transport Protocol Mechanisms: Transmission Control Protocol (TCP): TCP Services, TCP Header format, TCP three way handshake, TCP state transition diagram. User datagram Protocol (UDP)  Congestion: Effects of congestion, Congestion control methods, Traffic management, Congestion control in Packet switching Networks	08
6.	Application Layer	Application layer Protocols : HTTP, FTP, DNS,SMTP, SSH	04

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Hardware Requirements: Switches Routers, Cables Crimping Tools

**Software Requirements:** Cisco PacketTRacer, NS 2

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab Description
1	To study basic networking commands.
2	To perform crimping and set up a LAN connection.
3	To configure a network using Distance Vector Routing Protocol-RIP using Cisco Packet Tracer.
4	Configure a network using Path Vector Routing Protocol- BGP using Cisco Packet Tracer
5	To perform subnetting using Cisco Packet Tracer.
6	To study about NS2 simulator in detail.
7	Creating two nodes and set up a LAN connection using NSG 2.1
8	To Simulate and to study stop and Wait protocol using NS 2.1
9	To Simulate Sliding Window protocol using NS 2.1

#### **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessments:

#### 1. Term Work Assessment:

- At least 08 experiments covering entire syllabus and one mini project should be set to have well predefined inference and conclusion.
- The experiments should be students' centric and attempt should be made to make experiments more meaningful, interesting and innovative. Term work assessment must be based on the overall performance of the student with every experiment graded from time to time. The grades should be converted into marks as per the Credit and Grading System

manual and should be added and averaged. The grading and term work assessment should be done based on this scheme.

#### 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Practical and Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus. Students are encouraged to share their experiments/mini project codes on online repository.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Data Communications and Networking Behrouz A. Forouzan, Fourth Edition TMH.2006.
- 2. Computer Networks Andrew S Tanenbaum, 4th Edition, Pearson Education..
- 3. Alberto Leon Garcia, "Communication Networks", McGraw Hill Education, Second Edition.
- 4. J. F. Kurose and K. W. Ross ,"Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach", Addison Wesley, 5th Edition

- 1. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networks-S.Keshav,2nd Edition, Pearson Education.
- 2. Understanding communications and Networks,3rd Edition, W. A. Shay, Cengage Learning T L Singal "wireless communications", Mc Graw Hill Education
- 3. Computer and Communication Networks, Nader F. Mir, Pearson Education.
- 4. Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet, James F.Kurose, K.W.Ross, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 303	Computer Organization & Architecture	03			03			03

			Examination Scheme								
Course		Theory Marks									
Code	Course Name	Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Practical Oral	Total		
		1	2	Average	Sem.	Work	Tractical	Orai	Total		
		•		riverage	Exam						
	Computer										
EC 303	Organization &	40	40	40	60				100		
	Architecture										

- 1. To conceptualize the basics of organizational and architectural issues of a digital computer.
- 2. To analyze performance issues in processor and memory design of a digital computer.
- 3. To understand various data transfer techniques in digital computers.
- 4. To analyze processor performance improvement using instruction level parallelism

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Explain the basic structure of a computer.
- 2. Do computer arithmetic operations.
- 3. Elaborate control unit operations.
- 4. Able to perform the concept of cache mapping techniques.
- 5. Explain the concept of I/O organization and conceptualize instruction level parallelism.
- 6. Able to explain the advance computer architectures

**Prerequisite:** Microprocessor and Microcontroller

Sr. No	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs
	Introduction	1.1 Introduction to Computer Organization & Architecture, Basic	
1.	to Computer	functional blocks of a computer: CPU, memory, input-output	06
	Organization	subsystems, control unit.	00

		1.2 Instruction set architecture of a CPU - registers, instruction	
		execution cycle, RTL interpretation of instructions, addressing	
		modes, instruction set.	
		1.3 Evolution of computers, Von Neumann model,	
		1.4 Performance measure of computer architecture.	
		2.1 Signed number representation, fixed and floating point	
	Data	representations, character representation.	
	presentation	2.2 Computer arithmetic - integer addition and subtraction, ripple	
2.	and	carry adder, carry look-ahead adder.	08
	Arithmetic	2.3 Multiplication - shift-and-add, Booth multiplier, carry save	00
	algorithm	multiplier.	
	aigorithin	2.4 Division - non-restoring and restoring techniques.	
		2.5 Floating point arithmetic : Addition, Subtraction	
	Duogassass	3.1 CPU Architecture, register organization, instruction formats,	_
	Processor	basic instruction cycle, instruction interpretation and sequencing	
3.	Organization	3.2 Control unit: soft wired (micro-programmed) and hardwired	06
	and	control unit design methods	
	Architecture	3.3 Introduction to RISC and CISC architectures	
		4.1 Semiconductor memory technologies : SRAM, DRAM.	
		Interleaved and associative memory,	
4.	Memory	4.2 Cache memory concept, mapping techniques, cache	08
	Organization	coherency, cache performance.	
		4.3 Virtual memory concept, segmentation and paging-	
		5.1 IO fundamentals: handshaking, buffering, programmed	
5.	Input / Output	controlled IO, interrupt driven IO; Interrupt handling mechanism,	04
]	Organization	5.2 Buses: protocols, arbitration, direct memory access (DMA).	
		6.1 Parallel Architecture: Classification of Parallel Systems,	
		Flynn's Taxonomy, Array Processors, Clusters, and NUMA	
	Fundamentals	Computers.	
6.	of Advanced	6.2 Multiprocessor Systems : Structure & interconnection	07
0.	Computer	Networks	07
	Architecture		
		6.3 Multi-Core Computers: Introduction, Organization and	
		Performance.	

- **1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.
- 2. End Sem Theory Examination:
  - Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
  - Total 3 questions need to be solved.
  - Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
  - Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
  - Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Computer Organization and Design, 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., D. A. Patterson and J. L. Hennessy
- 2. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic and Safwat Zaky, "Computer Organization", Fifth Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 3. John P. Hayes, "Computer Architecture and Organization", Third Edition

- 1. William Stallings, "Computer Organization and Architecture: Designing for Performance", Eighth Edition, Pearson.
- 2. Govindarajulu, "Computer Architecture and Organization: Design Principles and Applications", Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 3. Dr. M. Usha and T. S. Srikanth, "Computer System Architecture and Organization", First Edition, Wiley-India.
- 4. Ramesh Gaonkar, "Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications with the 8085", Fifth Edition, Penram.
- 5. Microprocessor Architecture, Jean Loup Baer

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 304	Software Engineering	03			03			03

				Exa	Examination Scheme						
Course Code	Course Name	Inte	Theory	y Marks sment	End	Term	n (i)	Oral	Total		
		1	2	Average	Sem. Exam	Work	Practical				
EC 304	Software Engineering	40	40	40	60				100		

- 1. To demonstrate and evaluate real time projects with respect to software engineering principles.
- 2. To provide the knowledge of software engineering discipline.
- 3. To apply analysis, design and testing principles to software project development.
- 4. To design and develop different software projects.
- 5. To provide knowledge about gathering requirements, analysing them and to develop prototypes.

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Understand and demonstrate basic knowledge in software engineering.
- 2. Identify requirements, analyze and prepare models.
- 3. Plan, schedule and track the progress of the projects.
- 4. Design & develop the software projects.
- 5. Identify risks, manage the change to assure quality in software projects.
- 6. Apply testing principles on software project and understand the maintenance concepts.

## **Prerequisite:**

- 1. Concepts of Object Oriented Programming & Methodology
- 2. Knowledge of developing applications with front end & back end connectivity.

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs
	Introduction to software Engineering	<ul> <li>"Generic view of Process, Software Process, Capability Maturity Model (CMM)"</li> </ul>	
1.	process paradigms  and Agile  methodology	Prescriptive Models: Waterfall Model,     Incremental-RAD Model	06

2.	Requirement Elicitation and Software Project estimation.	<ul> <li>"Evolutionary Process Model Prototyping, Spiral and Concurrent Development Model"</li> <li>Specialized Models: Component based, Aspect Oriented Development</li> <li>Agile Methodology, Agility Principles, Scrum and Extreme Programming &amp; Kanban model</li> <li>Requirement, Types of Requirements, Requirement gathering, Requirement Engineering Task</li> <li>Identifying Stakeholders, Multiple viewpoints, SRS (Software Requirement Specification)</li> <li>Project Estimation, LOC based, FP based and Use case based estimation</li> <li>Management Spectrum, 4Ps (people, product and process) Process &amp; Project metrics</li> </ul>	08
3.	Project Scheduling ,Monitoring & Risk Management	<ul> <li>process), Process &amp; Project metrics.</li> <li>Project scheduling: Defining a Task Set for the Software Project</li> <li>Timeline charts, Tracking the Schedule, Earned Value Analysis</li> <li>Risk Identification, Risk Assessment,</li> <li>Risk Projection, RMMM</li> </ul>	06
4.	Software Analysis and design	<ul> <li>"Introduction of Analysis elements, Scenario based, Flow based,</li> <li>behavior and class based Design Concepts"</li> <li>Classification of UML</li> <li>Developing UML Diagrams</li> <li>Requirement Model – Scenario-based model, Class-based model, Behavioral model.</li> <li>Principles, Architecture Design, .Coupling vs. Cohesion</li> <li>Post Development models- Component Level Design, System Level Design,</li> <li>Types of User Interface Design &amp; develop an UI Design</li> </ul>	07
5.	Software Configuration management and quality Assurance	<ul> <li>SCM Process</li> <li>Version control management</li> <li>Re- engineering &amp; Reverse Engineering</li> <li>SCM repositories</li> <li>Software Quality Assurance Task and Plan,</li> <li>Software Reliability, Formal Technical Review (FTR), Walkthrough</li> <li>McCall's Quality Factor</li> </ul>	05
6.	Software testing and Web Engineering	<ul> <li>Purpose of STLC</li> <li>Strategic Approach of Testing , White-Box, Grey-Box and Black Box testing and their types, Boundary-value Analusis, Path Testing- Calculate</li> </ul>	07

Cyclomatic Complexity, Equivalence class	
partitioning	
• Types of Software Testing – Manual Testing,	
Automated Testing, Object-oriented Testing approach,	
Derive a Test case	
Importance of Web Engineering	
Web project planning and management	
Web-based System ,Major Differences between Web	
Applications and Conventional Software	
Elements of Web Site Construction	

- **1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.
- 2. End Sem Theory Examination:
  - Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
  - Total 3 questions need to be solved.
  - Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
  - Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
  - Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Roger Pressman, —Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach", McGraw-Hill Publications (7th edition)
- 2. Ian Sommerville, —Software Engineering, Pearson Education (9th edition)
- 3. Ali Behfrooz and Fredeick J. Hudson, "Software Engineering Fundamentals", Oxford University Press

- 1. Pankaj Jalote, "An integrated approach to Software Engineering", Springer/Narosa
- 2. Rajib Mall, "Fundamentals of Software Engineering", Prentice Hall India
- 3. Ugrasen Suman, —Software Engineering Concepts and Practices, Cengage Learning
- 4. Jibitesh Mishra and Ashok Mohanty, —Software Engineering, Pearson

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 305	Professional Communication & Ethics II	01		02	01	-	01	02

		Examination Scheme									
Course	C N	Theory Marks									
Code	Course Name	Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total		
		1	2	Average	Sem.	Work	Tuetteur	oru.	10001		
		•		Tiverage	Exam						
	Professional										
EC 305	Communication &					50			50		
	Ethics II										

- 1. To enable learners to formulate professional documents in a structured manner that meets the corporate requirements.
- 2. To provide an appropriate environment, opportunity and scope to the learners to acquire skills such as collaboration, leadership qualities, assertiveness etc. necessary for group discussion and team building.
- 3. Train learners in effective presentation, research, organisational, creative and critical thinking skills necessary for global and industrial set up.
- 4. To promote the importance of having an impressive personality that will enhance self-esteem, build self-confidence and sensitize the learners in appropriate behaviour.
- 5. To prepare the learners for campus placement, employability and competitive examination required for lifelong learning.
- 6. Fostering skills in technology-mediated social and professional communications and collaborative learning.

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Acquire the writing skills necessary for professional documents to meet the corporate requirement.
- 2. Demonstrate the skills required for self-improvement and effective communication.
- 3. Develop self-confidence and behave professionally.
- 4. Perform successfully in competitive exams like GRE, CET and TOEFL
- 5. Illustrate effective presentation, research, organisational, creative and critical skills necessary for lifelong learning.
- 6. Acquire the skills necessary to communicate using blogs, LinkedIn, You Tube, Facebook and Twitter.

**Prerequisite:** Possess the necessary language skills.

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs			
1.	Structure, Style and Language of Report Writing	plagiarism, use of quotation marks appropriately.  1.3 Research Methodology  1.4 Presenting data-figures, diagrams and labelling  1.5 How and why to write discussion  1.6 Citing and referencing- IEEE format  1.7 Writing an abstract				
2.	Practicing Critical Thinking	<ul> <li>2.1 Framing the situation</li> <li>2.2 Gathering information from different sources and comparing them</li> <li>2.3 Create/write an autonomous research paper</li> </ul>	04			
3.	Oral Skills for Employability	<ul> <li>3.1 Group Discussion- with special reference to leadership qualities, assertiveness, analysing the topic, developing different perspectives, introducing and concluding the discussion.</li> <li>3.2 Interview-with special reference to introducing oneself and answering questions with confidence.</li> <li>3.3 Presentation Skills-with special reference to preparing slides, dress code, non-verbal communication including paralinguistic features, introduction and conclusion.</li> </ul>	06			
4.	Personality Development And Social Etiquettes	<ul> <li>4.1. Personality Development</li> <li>Improving self-awareness- analysing our own experiences, looking at ourselves through the eyes of others</li> <li>Knowing and Building our own identity</li> <li>Discovering and Developing our talents</li> <li>Teamwork/collaboration</li> <li>4.2. Social Etiquettes</li> <li>Formal Dining Etiquettes</li> <li>Cubicle Etiquettes</li> <li>Learning Accountability and Accepting Criticism</li> <li>Demonstrating Flexibility and Cooperation</li> <li>Selecting Effective Communication Channels</li> </ul>	03			
5.	Content writing	5.1 Writing Resume and statement of purpose 5.2 Research Skills 5.3 Organisational skills 5.4 Creative Writing- Blog posts, Web pages etc.	04			

		6.1 Introduction to Social Media and its relevance in communication	
	Communicati	6.2 Benefits of social media in communication	
6.	on through	6.3 Impact of social media in human communication (positive	03
	Social Media	and negative)	
		6.4 Responsibility in Using Social Media Showing Empathy and	
		Respect	

# **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Details of Assignments	Details of Activities	Hrs
Ι	Written assignment on Literature Review 20 page report on technical topic-(to be included as part of term work)	Sample IEEE papers to be shared with students and train them to identify contributions of each author.  These contributions can then be written in the format required in journals.	4
II	Written assignment on summarizing a technical proposal 4 page technical proposal (to be included as part of term work)	Example of summarizing techniques to be demonstrated.	4
III	Oral Skills for Employability to be included in term work.	Role play and mock interviews  Mock group discussion  Mock presentation	2 2 2
IV	Written Assignment on Documentation of Business Meeting	Mock meetings	2
V	Written Assignment on Resume writing/Statement of Purpose.	NA	2
VI	Written Assignment on Blog Posts	NA	2

# **Term work Assessment:**

# Term work will consist of-

- 1. Assignments-10 marks
- 2. Group Discussion-10 marks

- 3. Interviews-5marks
- 4. Report- 5 marks
- 5. Technical Proposal- 5 marks
- 6. Attendance -5 marks
- 7. Presentation- 10 mark
- 8. The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance in class activities and assignments is met by the student.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Virendra Singh Nirban, Krishna Mohan, RC Sharma, Business Correspondence and Report Writing.
- 2. Raman Meenakshi & Sharma Sangeeta, Technical Communication Principles and Practice, Second edition, Oxford University Press.
- 3. Ann Handley Everybody Writes: Your Go-To Guide to Creating Ridiculously Good Content, Wiley.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practica l/Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 306	Computer Graphics and Virtual Reality	03			03	01		04

	Course Name	Examination Scheme									
Course		Theory Marks									
Code		Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total		
		1	2	Average	Sem.	Work	Tractical	Oran	Total		
	C 4				Exam						
	Computer										
EC 306	Graphics and	40	40	40	60	25		25	150		
	Virtual Reality										

- 1. To introduce the use of the components of a graphics system and become familiar with the building approach of graphics system components and algorithms related to them.
- 2. Provide an understanding of how to scan convert the basic geometrical primitives, how to transform the shapes to fit them as per the picture definition.
- 3. To be able to discuss the application of computer graphics concepts in the development of computer games, information visualization, and business applications.
- 4. To comprehend and analyze the fundamentals of animation, virtual reality, underlying technologies, principles, and applications.

## Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. List the basic concepts used in computer graphics.
- 2. Implement various algorithms to scan, convert the basic geometrical primitives, transformations, Area filling, clipping.
- 3. Describe the importance of viewing and projections.
- 4. Define the fundamentals of animation, virtual reality and its related technologies.
- 5. Understand a typical graphics pipeline
- 6. Design an application with the principles of virtual reality

**Prerequisite:** Basic Mathematics (knowledge of Matrices)

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs
1.	Introduction to Computer	Introduction: Display Devices, Bitmap and Vector based graphics, Overview of Coordinate System. Scan Conversion of: point, line using Digital differential analyzer & Bresenham's	07

	graphics and	algorithm, circle using midpoint approach, Curve Generation:	
	Output primitives	Bezier and B-Spline curves. Introduction to fractals: generation procedure, classification, dimension and Koch Curve.	
2.	Area Filling, Transformations (2D and 3D)	Area filling: Inside/Outside Test, Scan line Polygon Fill Algorithm, Boundary Fill and Flood Fill algorithm. Basic Geometrical 2D Transformations: Translation, Rotation, Scaling, Reflection, Shear, their homogeneous Matrix representation and Composite transformation. Three Dimensional transformations: Translation, Scaling, Rotations, Composite.	06
3.	Viewing (2D and 3D) and Clipping, Projection	Viewing: Introduction, Viewing Pipeline, View Coordinate reference frame, Window to viewport transformation. Three-Dimensional Viewing: 3D Pipeline, Viewing transformation, Clipping: Point clipping, Line clipping: Cohen Sutherland Algorithm, Liang Barsky algorithms, Polygon clipping: Sutherland Hodgeman polygon clipping and Weiler Atherton. Text Clipping.  Projections: Parallel (Oblique and orthographic), perspective (one, two and three Point) with matrix representation.	09
4.	Introduction To Animation	Animation: Key Frame Animation, Animation Sequence, Motion Control Methods.  Morphing, Warping- Mesh Warping.	06
5.	Introduction to Virtual Reality	Virtual Reality: Basic Concepts, Overview and perspective on virtual reality, Human sensation and perception. Classical Components of VR System, Types of VR Systems, Three-Dimensional Position Trackers, Navigation and Manipulation Interfaces, Gesture Interfaces, Input Devices, Graphical Display, Sound displays, and Haptic Feedback. Graphical Rendering Pipeline, Haptic Rendering Pipeline, Open GL rendering pipeline. Applications of Virtual Reality.	06
6.	VR Modeling and Programming	Geometric Modeling: Virtual Object Shape, Object Visual Appearance. Kinematics Modeling: Object Position, Transformation Invariants, Object Hierarchies, Physical Modeling: Collision Detection, Surface Deformation, Force Computation. Behavior Modeling. Programming through VRML/X3D: Defining and Using Nodes and Shapes, VRML Browsers, Java 3D, OpenCV for augmented reality.	05

# **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

**Prerequisite:** Knowledge of C/C++ programming language

**Software Requirements:** C compiler.

SN	Detailed Lab Description
1	Implement DDA Line Drawing algorithm
2	Implement midpoint Circle algorithm.
3	Implement Area Filling Algorithm: Boundary Fill, Flood Fill.
4	Implement Curve: Bezier for n control points

5	Character Generation: Bit Map method or Stroke Method
6	Implement 2D Transformations: Translation, Scaling, Rotation
7	Implement Line Clipping Algorithm: Cohen Sutherland
8	Implement polygon clipping algorithm: Sutherland Hodgeman
9	Perform projection of a 3D object on Projection Plane
10	Perform Animation (Use multiple objets)
11	Create interactive application(games)
12	Design VR system for real time requirement (e.g. car driving simulator for
12	driving learners)

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to the number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessments:

#### 1. Term work Assessment:

- Term work should consist of 10 experiments.
- Journal must include at least 2 assignments
- Mini Project to be performed using C /C++/OpenGL/Blender/ any other tool (2/3 students per group). Possible Ideas: Game development with audio, Graphics editor: Like Paint brush, Text editor etc.

Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 10-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks, Mini Project: 5-marks)

#### 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

Based on the above contents and entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Donald Hearn and M. Pauline Baker, "Computer Graphics", Pearson Education.
- 2. R. K Maurya, "Computer Graphics with Virtual Reality", Wiley India.

- 1. Grigore Burdea, Philippe Coiffet, "Virtual Reality Technology", Wiley.
- 2. Steven Harrington, "Computer Graphics", McGraw Hill.
- 3. Rogers, "Procedural Elements of Computer Graphics", Tata McGraw Hill.
- 4. Vince, "Virtual Reality Systems", Pearson Education.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 307	Advance Database Management System + Data Warehousing & Mining	03	02		03	01		04

	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
Course Code		Theory Marks Internal assessment			End	Term				
Code		1	2	Average	Sem. Exam	Work	Practical	Oral	Total	
EC 307	Advance Database Management System + Data Warehousing & Mining	40	40	40	60	25		25	150	

- 1. To provide insights into distributed database designing.
- 2. To specify the various approaches used for using XML and JSON technologies.
- 3. To apply the concepts behind the various types of NoSQL databases and utilize it for Mongodb.
- 4. To identify the significance of Data Warehousing and Mining.
- 5. To develop research interest towards advances in data mining.

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion students will be able to

- 1. Design distributed database using the various techniques for query processing.
- 2. Organize the data using XML and JSON database for better interoperability.
- 3. Compare different types of NoSQL databases.
- 4. Formulate NoSQL queries using Mongodb.
- 5. Understand data warehouse fundamentals and design data warehouse with dimensional modelling and apply OLAP operations.
- 6. Understand data mining principles and perform Data preprocessing and Visualization.

**Prerequisite:** Database Management System (DBMS)

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs
1.	Distributed Databases	Introduction, Distributed DBMS Architecture, Data Fragmentation, Replication and Allocation Techniques for Distributed Database Design, Distributed Transaction	08

		Management – Definition, properties, types, architecture. Distributed Query Processing - Characterization of Query Processors, Layers/ phases of query processing. Distributed Concurrency Control- Taxonomy, Locking based, Basic TO algorithm, Recovery in Distributed Databases: Failures in distributed database, 2PC and 3PC protocol.	
2.	Data interoperability – XML and JSON	XML Databases: Document Type Definition, XML Schema, Querying and Transformation: XPath and XQuery. Basic JSON syntax, (Java Script Object Notation), JSON data types, Stringifying and parsing the JSON for sending & receiving, JSON Object retrieval using key-value pair and JQuery, XML Vs JSON.	05
3.	NoSQL Distribution Model	NoSQL database concepts: NoSQL data modeling, Benefits of NoSQL, comparison between SQL and NoSQL database system. Replication and sharding, Distribution Models Consistency in distributed data, CAP theorem, Notion of ACID Vs BASE, handling Transactions, consistency and eventual consistency. Types of NoSQL databases: Key-value data store, Document database and Column Family Data store, Comparison of NoSQL databases w.r.t CAP theorem and ACID properties.	07
4.	NoSQL using MongoDB	NoSQL using MongoDB: Introduction to MongoDB Shell, Running the MongoDB shell, MongoDB client, Basic operations with MongoDB shell, Basic Data Types, Arrays, Embedded Documents. Querying MongoDB using find() functions, advanced queries using logical operators and sorting, simple aggregate functions, saving and updating document. MongoDB Distributed environment: Concepts of replication and horizontal scaling through sharding in MongoDB.	05
5.	Data Warehousing Fundamentals	Introduction to Data Warehouse, Data warehouse architecture, Data warehouse versus Data Marts, E-R Modeling versus Dimensional Modeling, Information Package Diagram, Data Warehouse Schemas; Star Schema, Snowflake Schema, Factless Fact Table, Fact Constellation Schema. Update to the dimension tables. Major steps in ETL process, OLTP versus OLAP, OLAP operations: Slice, Dice, Rollup, Drilldown and Pivot.	07
6.	Introduction to Data Mining, Data Exploration and Data Pre-processing	Data Mining Task Primitives, Architecture, KDD process, Issues in Data Mining, Applications of Data Mining, Data Exploration: Types of Attributes, Statistical Description of Data, Data Visualization, Data Preprocessing: Descriptive data summarization, Cleaning, Integration & transformation, Data reduction, Data Discretization and Concept hierarchy generation.	07

# **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

**Software Requirements:** SQL, Java/Python, WEKA

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab Description
1	Design of a distributed database for a real life application - Fragmentation, Query Processing.
2	Simulation of Recovery methods in distributed DB.
3	Design XML schema for real life application and write queries using XPath & XQuery.

4	Implement data transfer using JSON.
5	Design a database using NoSQL model and query it.
6	Implement different operations in MongoDB.
7	One case study on building Data warehouse/Data Mart -Write Detailed Problem statement and design dimensional modelling (creation of star and snowflake schema).
8	Implementation of all dimension table and fact table based on the case study.
9	Implementation of OLAP operations: Slice, Dice, Rollup, Drilldown and Pivot based on the case study.
10	Perform data Pre-processing task and demonstrate Classification, Clustering, Association algorithm on data sets using data mining tool (WEKA/R tool).

**1. Internal Assessment**: Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessments:

#### 1.Term work Assessment:

Term work should consist of minimum 8-10 experiments. Journal must include at least 2 assignments on content of theory and practical. The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance (Theory & Practical): 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks).

# **2. Oral/Viva Assessment**: Oral exam to be conducted by Internal & External examiners. **Text Books:**

- 1. Korth, Siberchatz, Sudarshan, "Database System Concepts", 6thEdition, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Elmasri and Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", 5thEdition, Pearson Education.
- 3. Ozsu, M. Tamer, Valduriez, Patrick, "Principles of distributed database systems",3rd Edition, Pearson Education, Inc.
- 4. PramodSadalge, Martin Fowler, NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence, Addison Wesely/ Pearson.
- 5. Jeff Friesen, Java XML and JSON, Second Edition, 2019, après Inc.
- 6. Paulraj Ponniah, "Data Warehousing: Fundamentals for IT Professionals", Wiley India.
- 7. Han, Kamber, "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques", Morgan Kaufmann 2nd edition.

- 1. Peter Rob and Carlos Coronel, Database Systems Design, Implementation and Management, Thomson Learning, 5th Edition.
- 2. Adam Fowler, NoSQL for dummies, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 3. Shashank Tiwari, Professional NOSQL, John Willy & Sons. Inc
- 4. MongoDB Manual: https://docs.mongodb.com/manual.
- 5. Reema Theraja, "Data warehousing", Oxford University Press 2009.
- 6. Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach and Vipin Kumar, "Introduction to Data Mining", Pearson Publisher 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- 7. Ian H. Witten, Eibe Frank and Mark A. Hall, "Data Mining", Morgan Kaufmann 3rd edition.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 308	Advanced Operating System	03	02		03	01	l	04

	Course Name	Examination Scheme							
Course Code		Theory Marks Internal assessment			End	l Term	Practical	Oral	Total
		1	2	Average	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Orai	Total
EC 308	Advanced Operating System	40	40	40	60	25		25	150

- 1. To learn the architectural differences and issues related to Advanced Operating System.
- 2. To learn the Unix Operating System.
- 3. To get a comprehensive knowledge of the distributed systems.
- 4. To get a comprehensive knowledge of Real time operating system.
- 5. To get a thorough knowledge of database operating systems.
- 6. To get thorough knowledge of Mobile Os and cloud operating System.

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Apply the principles and concepts in analyzing and designing Advance Operating System.
- 2. To be able to learn the Unix Operating System.
- 3. Demonstrate the Mutual exclusion, Deadlock detection and agreement protocols of Distributed operating system
- 4. To understand a comprehensive knowledge of Real time operating system.
- 5. To be able to learn knowledge of database operating systems
- 6. Analyze the performance and reliability of different Advanced Operating Systems.

# **Prerequisite:** Knowledge of Operating System

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs
1.	Introduction to Advanced operating System	Functions of operating systems, Design approaches: layered, kernel based and virtual machine approach, types of advanced operating systems (NOS, DOS, Multiprocessor OS, Mobile OS,RTOS, Cloud OS)	07

2.	Unix Kernel and File Management	System Structure, User Perspective, Architecture of Unix Operating System, Buffer cache: Header, Buffer Pool, Retrieving, Reading and Writing Buffer, File Representation: inodes: Structure of file Directories, Path conversion to inode, superblock, inode assignment, allocation of disk blocks	07	
3.	Distributed Operating system concepts	Goals, Distributed Computing Models, Hardware Concepts, Software Concepts, Architecture of DOS. Design Issues: Transparency, Flexibility, Scalability, Reliability, Performance, fault tolerance, Distributed Mutual Exclusion: Introduction, Classification of Mutual Exclusion algorithms, Mutual Exclusion Algorithms, Distributed Deadlock: Introduction, deadlock handling strategies, Deadlock detection: Issues and resolution	07	
4.	Real Time Operating Systems and Mobile OS  Characteristics of Real Time operating Systems, Classification of Real Time Operating Systems, Scheduling in RTOS: Clock driven: cyclic, Event driven: EDF and rate monotonic scheduling, Resource Handling: Resource Sharing, Priority Inversion, PIP, PCP, HLP. Scheduling real time tasks in distributed systems			
5.	Database Operating systems	Concurrency control: Database systems, Concurrency control model of database systems, Problem of Concurrency Control, serializability theory, Distributed Database Systems.  Concurrency Control Algorithms: asic synchronization Algorithms, Lock based, Timestamp based and Optimistic Algorithms, Concurrency Control Algorithms: Data Replication	06	
6.	Mobile OS	Architecture, Android OS, iOS, Virtual OS, Cloud OS and their design issues	04	

# **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

**Software Requirements:** Windows/linux

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab Description
1	Design and developed shell script that support Following Command ls, date, time, echo, cat, pwd, cp,
2	Write a multi-class multithreaded program that simulates multiple sleeping barbers, all in one barbershop that has a finite number of chairs in the waiting room. Each customer is instantiated from a single customer class; each barber is instantiated from a single Barber class
3	Implement the program for EDF
4	Implement the Program for Rate Monotonic algorithm
5	Implement a distributed share list among a group of mobile device users which is similar to Google document.

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.

Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessments:

- Term work should consist of 10 experiments.
- Journal must include at least 2 assignments.
  - 1. **Term work Assessment:** Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 10-marks, Attendance Theory& Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 10-marks)
  - 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

Based on the above contents and entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Mukesh Singhal and Niranjan G.Shivaratri, "Advanced concepts in operating systems: Distributed, Database and multiprocessor operating systems" .MC Graw Hill education.
- 2. Rajib Mall, "Real-Time Systems: Theory and Practice", Pearson education.

- 1. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Modern Systems Principles and Paradigms". PHI.
- 2. Pradeep K.Sinha, "Distributed Operating System-Concepts and design", PHI.
- 3. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Distributed Operating System", Pearson Education.
- 4. Jane W. S. Liu, "Real Time Systems", Pearson education.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 309	Basics of VLSI	03	02		03	01		04

	Course Name	<b>Examination Scheme</b>							
Course Code		Theory Marks Internal assessment			End	Term	Duratinal		T ( )
		1	2	Average	Sem. Exam	Work	Practical	Oral	Total
EC 309	Basics of VLSI	40	40	40	60	25	-	25	150

- 1. To teach fundamental principles of VLSI circuit design and layout techniques.
- 2. To highlight the circuit design issues in the context of VLSI technology
- 3. To design different scaling effects.
- 4. To design semiconductor memories and its importance.
- 5. To teach different clocking techniques and data paths.
- 6. To highlight different interconnects and delay models.

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge to demonstrate a clear understanding of choice of technology and technology scaling.
- 2. Understand the design of MOSFET Inverters.
- 3. Analyze and design MOS based circuits design styles.
- 4. Understand the design of Semiconductor Memories.
- 5. Develop different Data path design
- 6. Demonstrate a clear understanding of system level design issues such as protection, timing and power dissipation

# Prerequisite: Analog Electronics Circuits, Digital Circuits and System Design(DCSD)

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs
	Technology	Comparison of BJT, NMOS and CMOS technology	
1.	Comparison,	Types of scaling, Level 1 and Level 2 MOSFET Models,	07
	MOSFET Scaling	MOSFET capacitances	

2.	MOSFET Inverters	Circuit Analysis: Static and dynamic analysis (Noise, propagation delay and power dissipation) of resistive load and CMOS inverter, comparison of all types of MOS inverters, design of CMOS inverters  Logic Circuit Design: Analysis and design of 2-I/P NAND and NOR using equivalent CMOS inverter, W/L ratio, Complex circuits	08	
3.	MOS Circuit Design Styles	Design Styles: Static CMOS, pass transistor logic, transmission gate, Pseudo NMOS, Domino, NORA, Zipper, C2MOS, sizing using logical effort Circuit Realization: SR Latch, JK FF, D FF, 1 Bit Shift Register, MUX, decoder using above design styles	07	
4.	Semiconductor Memories  SRAM: ROM Array, SRAM (operation, design strategy, leakage currents, read/write circuits), DRAM (Operation 3T, 1T, operation modes, leakage currents, refresh operation), Flash (mechanism, NOR flash, NAND flash)  Peripheral Circuits: Sense amplifier, decoder			
5.	Data Path Design	Adder: Bit adder circuits, ripple carry adder, CLA adder Multipliers and shifter: Partial-product generation, partial-product accumulation, final addition, barrel shifter	05	
6.	VLSI Clocking and System Design	Clocking: CMOS clocking styles, Clock generation, stabilization and distribution  Low Power CMOS Circuits: Various components of power dissipation in CMOS, Limits on low power design, low power design through voltage scaling  IO pads and Power Distribution: ESD protection, input circuits, output circuits, simultaneous switching noise, power distribution scheme  Interconnect: Interconnect delay model, interconnect scaling and crosstalk	06	

# **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Software Requirements: NGSpice, Microwind

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab Description
1	Effect of parasitic capacitance and threshold voltage on output of NMOS inverter with resistive load.
2	Circuit characteristics and performance estimation of NMOS inverter with resistive load.  1) Verification of V OH level for different values of load resistance.  2) Find rise time for different values of load resistance.
3	Circuit characteristics and performance estimation of NMOS inverter with Enhancement mode MOSFET load.

4	Circuit characteristics and performance estimation of NMOS inverter with Depletion mode N channel MOSFET as a load.
5	Circuit characteristics and performance estimation of CMOS inverter.  1) Verification of VOH and VOL levels.  2) Comparision of rise and fall times for different values of W/L ratio of pull up and pull down devices.
6	Circuit characteristics and performance estimation of CMOS Dynamic 2 Input NAND Gate.  1) Verification of VOH and VOL levels for various input possibilities.  2) Verification of precharge and evaluate condition for different inputs.  3) Verification of charge leakage problem.
7	Design of 4:1 MUX using pass transistor logic and transmission gates.
8	Design of 6T SRAM using microwind dsch3.1.
9	Case Study.
10	Case Study.

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessments:

- Term work should consist of 10 experiments.
- Journal must include at least 2 assignments.
- Mini Project to be performed.

#### 1. Term work Assessment:

Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 10-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks, Mini Project: 5-marks)

#### 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

Based on the above contents and entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Sung-Mo Kang and Yusuf Leblebici, "CMOS Digital Integrated Circuits Analysis and Design", Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition.
- 2. Jan M. Rabaey, Anantha Chandrakasan and Borivoje Nikolic, "Digital Integrated Circuits: A Design Perspective", Pearson Education, 2nd Edition.

- 1. Etienne Sicard and Sonia Delmas Bendhia, "Basics of CMOS Cell Design", Tata McGraw Hill, First Edition. 2. Neil H. E. Weste, David Harris and Ayan Banerjee, "CMOS VLSI Design: A Circuits and Systems Perspective", Pearson Education, 3rd Edition.
- 2. Debaprasad Das, "VLSI Design", Oxford, 1st Edition. 6. Kaushik Roy and Sharat C. Prasad, "Low-Power CMOS VLSI Circuit Design", Wiley, Student Edition.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 391	Mini Project III (Web Programming)	1	1#+2	-	1			01

<sup>1&</sup>lt;sup>#</sup> to be taken class wise

	Course Name	<b>Examination Scheme</b>							
Course		Theory Marks							
Code		Internal assessment (Review)			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total
		1(10)	2(10)	Average	Sem. Exam	Work			
EC 391	Mini Project III (Web Programming)	-	ı	-		25		25	50

- 1. To make students familiar with Web Fundamentals, Programming Languages for the Web.
- 2. To make students familiar with HTML Basics, the working environment.
- 3. To develop the ability to logically plan and develop web pages.
- 4. To learn to write, test, and debug web pages using HTML and JavaScript.

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Understand Basics of JavaScript.
- 2. Support the development of web pages.
- 3. Programming the browser and forms with JavaScript.
- 4. Create forms and check for data accuracy.
- 5. Use JavaScript system objects.
- 6. Analyse the impact of solutions in societal and environmental context for sustainable development.
- 7. Use standard norms of engineering practices.

# **DETAILED SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours
I	HTML, CSS and JavaScript	Basic of HTML: Web System architecture-1,2,3 and n tier architecture, URL, domain name system, overview of HTTP	8

		<u> </u>	
		and FTP, Cross browser compatibility issues, W3C Validators. Formatting and Fonts, Anchors, images, lists, tables, frames and forms.  Introduction to CSS: Evolution of CSS, Syntax of CSS, Exploring CSS Selectors, Inserting CSS in an HTML Document, Defining Inheritance in CSS.  Introduction to JavaScript: JavaScript language constructs, Objects in JavaScript- Built in, Browser objects and DOM objects, event handling, form validation and cookies.	
II	Responsive Web Design with CSS3	Native Audio and Video, Geo-location, CSS3 and Responsive Web Design: Media Queries, Selectors, Typography and color Modes, CSS3 Transitions, Transformations and Animations.	4
III	Rich Internet Application (RIA)	Characteristics of RIA, Introduction to AJAX :AJAX design basics, AJAX vs Traditional Approach, , Rich User Interface using Ajax.  Working with JavaScript Object Notation(JSON): Create data in JSON format, JSON Parser .	4
IV	Server Side Programming: PHP	Introduction to PHP- Data types, control structures, built in functions, Building web applications using PHP- tracking users, PHP and Mysql database connectivity with example. Introduction to PHP Framework: Laravel.	5
V	Python Web Framework: Flask	Introduction, Web Frameworks, Introduction to Flask, Creating flask application, "Hello World" Application.	2
VI	Web Extensions	Introduction to XML, Introducing XSL, XSLT.	3

#### **Text Books:**

- **1.** HTML 5 Black Book: Kogent Learning solutions
- **2.** "Learning PHP 5", David Sklar, O'Reilly Publication
- **3.** Rich Internet Application AJAX and Beyond WROX press
- 4. Responsive Web Design with HTML5 and CSS3, Ben Frain, PACKT Publication

#### **References:**

- 1. "Web Technologies: Black Book", Dreamtech publication
- 2. HTML5 Cookbook, By Christopher Schmitt, Kyle Simpson, O'Reilly Media

#### Web Links:

#### HTML

- https://www.w3schools.com/html/default.asp
- https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/HTML

#### CSS

- https://www.w3schools.com/css/default.asp
- https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/CSS

#### JavaScript

- https://www.w3schools.com/js/default.asp
- https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript

#### **Detailed Lab Syllabus:**

Prerequisite: Basic programming skills.

#### **Hardware Requirements:**

PC With following Configuration

- 1. Intel Core i3/i5/i7 Processor
- 2. 4 GB RAM
- 3. 500 GB Hard Disk

#### **Software Requirements:**

- 1. Windows or Linux Desktop OS
- 2. HTML5 compatible web browsers(Chrome, Opera, Firefox, Safari etc)
- 3. HTML, CSS editors like Dreamweaver, Notepad++ etc.
- 4. Netbeans or Eclipse IDE
- 5. XAMPP

Sugge	Suggested list of experiments for practice				
I	HTML	Write five HTML programs showing use of: Links, images, table, lists, forms.			
II	CSS and JavaScript	Create a HTML document and style it using three ways of applying CSS. Create a HTML document applying following CSS styles: color, background, border, margins, padding, text alignment, font, Write a program for form validation using JavaScript.			
III	Responsive web design and RIA	Create a HTML document to display audio and video files. Create a HTML showing use of canvas. Create a HTML showing use of media queries. Write a program using geolocation api. Write a program showing use of AJAX.			

IV	PHP	Write five PHP programs showing use of: server side form validation, session tracking, MySQL connection.
V	Flask	Any two programs creating basic flask applications.
VI	XML	Write a program to create any XML document. Write a program to display a XML document using XSLT.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Responsive Web Design by Example Beginner's Guide by Thoriq Firdaus, PACKT
- 2. Responsive Web Design with HTML5 and CSS3 PACKT
- **3.** Professional Rich Internet Application : AJAX and Beyond WROX press

#### References:

- 1. Laravel: Up and Running, By Matt Stauffer O'Reilly Media.
- 2. Advanced Internet Technologies (includes practicals) ,Deven Shah ,Dreamtech publication
- 3. Flask Web Development: Developing Web Applications with Python, O'Reilly; 2nd edition (16 March 2018).

#### **Guidelines for Mini Project**

- Students shall form a group of 3 to 4 students, while forming a group shall not be allowed less than three or more than four students, as it is a group activity.
- Students should do surveys and identify needs, which shall be converted into problem statements for mini projects in consultation with faculty supervisor/head of department/internal committee of faculties.
- Students shall submit an implementation plan in the form of Gantt/PERT/CPM chart, which will cover weekly activity of mini projects.
- A log book to be prepared by each group, wherein the group can record weekly work progress, guide/supervisor can verify and record notes/comments.
- Faculty supervisor may give inputs to students during mini project activity; however, focus shall be on self-learning.
- Students in a group shall understand the problem effectively, propose multiple solutions and select the best possible solution in consultation with the guide/ supervisor. Students shall convert the best solution into a working model using various components of their domain areas and demonstrate. The solution to be validated with proper justification and report to be compiled in standard format.

#### Distribution of Term work marks shall be as below;

- Marks awarded by guide/supervisor based on log book: 10
- Marks awarded by review committee: 10
- Quality of Project report : 05

# Bachelor of Technology In Electronics & Computer Science

(Semester VI)

Course	Course	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial	Total
Code	Name	(Hrs.)	(Hrs.)	(Hrs.)	(Credits)		(Credits)	(Credits)
EC 310	Image Processing & Machine Vision	03	02		03	01	1	04

				I	Examina	tion Sch	ieme				
Course			Theor	y Marks							
Code	Course Name	Inte	rnal asse	ssment	End	Term	Practical	Oral Total	Total		
		1	2	Average	Sem. Exam	Work			Total		
EC 310	Image Processing & Machine Vision	40	40	40	60	25		25	150		

- 1. To cover the fundamentals and mathematical models in digital image processing and Machine Vision
- 2. To understand basic image segmentation techniques.
- 3. To develop time and frequency domain techniques for image enhancement.
- 4. To expose the students to classification techniques in Machine Vision
- 5. To develop Applications using image processing and Machine Vision

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Understand theory and models in image processing.
- 2. Interpret and analyze 2D signals in Spatial and frequency domain through image transforms.
- 3. Apply quantitative models of image processing for segmentation and restoration for various applications
- 4. Find shape using various representation techniques and classify the object using different classificationmethods
- 5. Develop innovative design for practical applications in various fields.

#### **Prerequisite:**

- Signals and Systems
- Discrete Time Signal Processing

#### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Digital Image Fundamentals	Introduction – Origin – Steps in Digital Image Processing, Components, Elements of Visual	04

		Perception – Image Sensing and Acquisition, Image Sampling and Quantization – Relationships between pixels, Transformation: Orthogonal, Euclidean, Affine Color Image Processing: Color Fundamentals Color models.	
2	Image Transforms	1-D DFT, 2-D Discrete Fourier Transform and Its Inverse, Some Properties of 2D DFT ,Walsh -Hadamard Transform, Discrete Cosine Transform, Haar Transform	04
3	Image Enhancement	Digital Negative, contrast stretching, thresholding, graylevel slicing, bit plane slicing, log transform and power law transform.  Histogram equalization and Histogram Specification Spatial Domain: Averaging filters, order statistics filters, high pass filters and high boost filters  Frequency Domain: The Basics of Filtering in the Frequency Domain, Smoothing and Sharpening frequency domain filters – Ideal, Butterworth and Gaussian filters, Laplacian, Unsharp Masking and Homomorphic filters	08
4	Image Segmentation and Representation	Detection of Discontinuities, Edge Linking using Hough Transform, Thresholding, Region based Segmentation, Split and Merge Technique, Image Representation and Description, Chain Code, Polygonal, Representation, Shape Number, Moments.	06
5	Morphology & Image Restoration	Morphology: Erosion and Dilation, Opening and Closing, The Hit- or-Miss Transformation. Restoration: Degradation model, noise models, estimation of degradation function by modeling, restoration using Weiner filters and Inverse filters	08
6	Boundary Description & Object Recognition	Texture: Statistical Texture Description Methods-Methods based on spatial frequencies, co-occurrence matrices, edge frequency, primitive length, Law's texture energy measures Object Recognition Knowledge representation, Classification Principles, Classifier setting, Classifier Learning, Support vector machine, cluster analysis	09

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description
1	Point Processing Methods - Negative, Log, Power law, Contrast stretching, Bit plane slicing

2	Histogram calculation and equalization
3	Spatial Domain Filtering:  1. Smoothening filters  2. Sharpening with Laplacian  3. Unsharp masking & high boost filtering  4. Edge detection using 1st and 2nd order derivatives
4	Frequency Domain Filtering : Ideal, Butterworth and Gaussian
5	Image segmentation using global Thresholding Algorithm
6	Canny edge detection
7	Shape representation using chain code
8	Morphological operation – Erosion, dilation, opening, closing, hit-miss transform, Boundary extraction
9	Feature extraction using co-occurrence matrix
10	Classification using k-means algorithm
11	Classification using Basiyan classifier
12	Basic binary classification of any data or pattern using Support Vector Machine.
13	Case Study: 1. Face recognition 2. Finger print identification 3. License plate recognition

#### **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1. Term work Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Equal weightage should be given to laboratory experiments and while assigning term work marks.

#### 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

Practical and Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- **1.** Gonzalesand Woods, —Digital Image Processing, Pearson Education, India, Third Edition,
- 2. Milan Sonka, Vaclav Hlavac, Roger Boyle, —Image Processing, Analysis, and Machine Vision, Cengage Engineering, 3rd Edition, 2013

- 1. AnilK.Jain,—FundamentalsofImageProcessing|, PrenticeHallofIndia, FirstEdition, 1989.
- 2. W Pratt, —Digital Image Processing, Wiley Publication, 3rdEdition, 2002
- **3.** S. Jayaraman, E.Esakkirajan and T.Veerkumar, "Digital Image Processing" TataMcGraw Hill Education Private Ltd, 2009.

Course	Course	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial	Total
Code	Name	(Hrs.)	(Hrs.)	(Hrs.)	(Credits)		(Credits)	(Credits)
EC 311	Advanced Microproc essors	03	02		03	01		04

						Exam	ination S	cheme		
	Course			Theory	y Marks	S				
	Code	Course Name	Intern	al asses	sment	End	Term	Practical	Oral	   Total
			Test1	Test 2	Avg.	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Oran	Total
	EC 311	Advanced Microprocessors	40	40	40	60	25	-		125

- 1. To understand the basic concepts of microcomputer systems.
- 2. To understand the architecture of 32-bit Microprocessor 80386.
- 3. To understand THE architecture of 32-bit Microcontroller ARM Cortex M3.
- 4. To write programs for ARM Cortex M3 Microcontroller and their applications in C Language.
- 5. To understand the basics of Embedded system.

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to

- 1. Understand the architecture and aspects of 80386 microprocessor
- 2. Understand the operating modes, address modes of 80386 microprocessor
- 3. Understand the architecture and aspects of ARM Cortex M3 microcontroller.
- 4. Study the in-depth working of the Cortex M3 microcontroller and their Instruction set.
- 5. Write programs for Cortex M3 microcontroller.
- 6. Study basics of embedded systems.

**Prerequisite:** Microprocessor & Microcontroller.

#### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Modul	Unit	Details						
e No.	No.							
	Introdu	uction to Intel 80386DX Processor						
	1.1	1.1 Salient Features of 80386.						
1.	1. 1.2 Architecture of 80386.							
	1.3	Pin Description of 80386.						
	1.4	Programming Model of 80386.						
	Intel 80	0386DX Processor: - 06 hours						
2.	2.1	Operating Modes (Real mode of 80386, Protected mode of 80386,	06					
		Virtual 8086 mode).	vo					

	2.2	Address Translation Mechanism in Protected Mode.							
	2.3	Memory Management.							
	2.4	Protection Mechanism.							
	ARM (	CORTEX-M3 Architecture							
	3.1	Comparison of CISC & RISC architectures, overview of ARM							
		family.							
3.	3.2	ARM Cortex-M3 architecture, Programmer's model: Operation							
] 3.		Modes and States, registers, special registers, Application Program	10						
		Status Register- Integer status flags, Q status flag, GE bits.							
	3.3	Memory system: Features and memory map							
	3.4	Exceptions and Interrupts-Nested vectored interrupt controller							
	ARM I	Instruction Set							
	4.1 Data Processing Instructions								
	4.1	Conditional and Branching Instructions							
4.	4.2	ARM-THUMB Interworking							
	4.4	Single-Register Load-Store Instructions							
	4.5	Stack Instructions							
	4.6	Software Interrupt Instructions							
	ARM l	Programming with Embedded C							
5.	5.1	General Purpose Input Output	05						
3.	5.2	Timer Mode	0.5						
	5.3	Pulse – Width Modulator Configuration							
	Introd	uction to Embedded Systems.							
	6.1	Characteristics and Design metrics of Embedded system.							
6.	6.2	Real time systems: Need for Real-time systems, Hard-Soft Real-time	05						
J.		systems.	UJ						
	6.3 Challenges in Embedded system Design: Power, Speed and Code								
		density.							

#### **Theory Assessments:**

#### 1.Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 40 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approximately 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. The average marks of both the test will be considered for final Internal Assessment. Duration of each test shall be of one hour.

#### 2.End Semester Examination:

- Question paper will comprise of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- The students need to solve a total of 3 questions.
- Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.5) will be selected from all the modules.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. The 80386DX Microprocessor: Hardware, Software and Interfacing: Walter A Triebel, Prentice Hall.
- 2. Intel 80386 Datasheets
- 3. Joseph Yiu, "The Definitive Guide to ARM CORTEX-M3 & CORTEX-M4 Processors", Elsevier, 2014, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
- 4. Dr. K.V. K. K. Prasad, "Embedded Real Time System: Concepts, Design and Programming", Dreamtech, New Delhi, Edition 2014.

5. Rajkamal, "Embedded Systems: Architecture, Programming and Design", McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, New Delhi, 2015, Edition 3rd.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. David Seal, "ARM Architecture", Reference Manual (2nd Edition), Publisher Addison Wesley.
- 2. Jonathan W. Valvano, "Embedded Microcomputer Systems Real Time Interfacing", Publisher - Cengage Learning, 2012 Edition 3rd.

#### **DETAILED LABORATORY SYLLABUS:**

Lab P	Lab Prerequisite: Digital System Design, MPMC						
Hardw	Hardware Requirements: Processor hardware kits						
Softwa	Software Requirements: Processor IDE						
Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description						
1	Display "Hello world" using UART						
2	Speed Control of the DC Motor						
3	Stepper Motor Interface and rotate clockwise and anticlockwise						
4	Display digital output for given analog input using internal ADC						
5	Interface DAC and generate Triangular and Square Waveform						
6	Interface 4X4 Matrix Keypad and display in LCD						
7	Generate PWM waveform and vary its duty cycle						
8	Using external interrupt switches toggle the led's						

9	Display 0-F in 7 segment display
10	Interface a switch and display status in LED, Relay and Buzzer
11	Interface a switch and display status in LED, Relay and Buzzer
12	Interface SPI ADC and display Ambient temperature

#### Lab Assessment:

#### **Term work Assessment:**

08 Experiments covering the entire syllabus must be given during the "Laboratory session batch wise". Computation/simulation based experiments are also encouraged. The experiments should be student centric and attempts should be made to make experiments more meaningful, interesting and innovative.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 312	Skill Lab on R-Progra mming		02			01		01

		Examination Scheme								
Course		Theory Marks								
Code	Course Name	Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
Code		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Orai	Total	
EC 312	Skill Lab on R-Programming					25		25	50	

#### Lab Prerequisite:

Basic statistics

#### Lab Objectives:

- 1. To provide an overview of a new language R used for data science.
- 2. To introduce students to the R programming environment and related ecosystem and thus provide them with an in-demand skill-set, in both the research and business environments.
- 3. To introduce the extended R ecosystem of libraries and packages
- 4. To demonstrate usage of as standard Programming Language.
- 5. To familiarize students with how various statistics like mean median etc. can be collected for data exploration in R
- 6. To enable students to use R to conduct analytics on large real

#### Lab Outcomes:

- 1: Install and use R for simple programming tasks.
- 2. Extend the functionality of R by using add-on packages
- 3. Extract data from files and other sources and perform various data manipulation tasks on them.
- 4. Code statistical functions in R.
- 5. Use R Graphics and Tables to visualize results of various statistical operations on data.
- 6. Apply the knowledge of R gained to data Analytics for real life applications.

SN	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description	Hrs.
1	Introduction: Installing R on personal machines. installing R and RStudio.	3
	The basic functionality of R will be demonstrated, Variable types in R.	
	Numeric variables, strings and factors., Accessing the help system.	
	Retrieving R packages.,Basic data types and operations: numbers, characters	
	and composites.Data entry and exporting dat	
2	Data structures: vectors, matrices, lists and data frames	4
3	R as a programming language: Grouping, loops and conditional execution,	5
	Functions Exploratory data analysisRange, summary, mean, variance,	
	median, standard deviation, histogram, box plot, scatterplot	
4	Graphics in R: Graphics and tables Working with larger datasets	5
	Introduction to ggplot2 graphics	
5	Regression and correlation: Simple regression and correlation, Multiple	5
	regression ,Tabular data and analysis of Categorical data	
6	R for Data Science (Mini Project) Implementing a mini project using any	4
	data mining or big data analytics algorithm in R Extracting data from a large	
	Dataset, Exploratory analysis, Visualizations and interpretation of results	

#### **Laboratory Assessment:**

#### Term Work:

Term Work shall consist of experiments on above guidelines/syllabus. Also Term work Journal must include at least 2 assignments.

25 Marks (Total marks) = 15 Marks (Experiment) + 5 Marks (Assignments) + 5 Marks (Attendance)

#### **End Semester Practical/Oral Examination:**

Pair of Internal and External Examiner should conduct practical/viva based on contents. Distribution of marks for practical/viva examination shall be as follows:

**Practical Examination: 15 Marks Oral Examination: 10 Mark** 

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. URL: https://cran.r-project.org/doc/manuals/r-release/R-intro.pdf (Online Resources)
- 2. R Cookbook Paperback 2011 by Teetor Paul O Reilly Publications
- 3. Beginning R: The Statistical Programming Language by Dr. Mark Gardener, Wiley Publications
- 4. R Programming For Dummies by Joris Meys Andrie De Vries, Wiley Publications

- 1. Hands-On Programming with R by Grolemund, O Reilly Publications
- 2. R for Everyone: Advanced Analytics and Graphics, 1e by Lander, Pearson Ltd.
- 3. R for Data Science Learning Dan Toomey December 2014 Packt

Course	Course	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial	Total
Code	Name	(Hrs.)	(Hrs.)	(Hrs.)	(Credits)		(Credits)	(Credits)
EC 313	Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning	03	02		03	01		04

		<b>Examination Scheme</b>								
Course		Theory Marks								
Code	Course Name	Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
		1	2	Average	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Orar	Total	
EC 313	Artificial									
	Intelligence and	40	40	40	60	25		25	150	
	Machine Learning									

- 1. To conceptualize the basic ideas and techniques of AI
- 2. To distinguish various search techniques and to make student understand knowledge representation and planning
- 3. To introduce students to the basic concepts and techniques of Machine Learning
- 4. To become familiar with regression methods, classification methods, clustering methods

#### Course Outcomes: Upon completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Identify the various characteristics of Artificial Intelligence.
- 2. Choose an appropriate problem solving method for an agent to find a sequence of actions to reach the goal state.
- 3. Analyze the strength and weakness of AI approaches to knowledge representation, reasoning and planning.
- 4. Gain knowledge about basic concepts of Machine Learning.
- 5. Identify machine learning techniques suitable for a given problem.
- **6.** Solve the problems using various machine learning techniques.

#### **Prerequisite:**

Basic Mathematics, Algorithms, Data Structures, Basic Probability and Statistics

#### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs
1.	Introduction to Artificial Intelligence(AI)	Introduction and Definition of Artificial Intelligence. Intelligent Agents: Agents and Environments, Rationality, Nature of Environment, Structure of Agent, types of Agent	05
2.	Problem Solving	Problem Solving Agent, Problem formulation, Solving Problems by Searching. Uninformed Search Methods: Depth First Search, Breadth First Search, Depth Limited Search, Informed Search Method: Heuristic Function, Greedy Best First Search, A* Search Local Search: Hill Climbing Search, Optimization: Genetic Algorithm, Game Playing-Adversarial search, mini-max algorithm	08
3.	Knowledge, Reasoning and Planning	Knowledge based agents First order logic: syntax and Semantic, Knowledge Engineering in FOL Inference in FOL: Unification, Forward Chaining, Backward Chaining and Resolution in FOPL, Planning Agent, Types of Planning: Partial Order, Hierarchical Order, Conditional Order. Expert Systems, Components of Expert System	07
4.	Introduction to Machine Learning	Machine Learning, Types of Machine Learning, Issues in Machine Learning, Application of Machine Learning, Steps in developing a Machine Learning Application.  Basics of Neural Networks: Fundamental concepts, Evolution	06
5.	Learning with Regression and trees:	Learning with Regression: Linear Regression, Logistic Regression. Learning with Trees: Decision Trees, Constructing Decision Trees using Gini Index, Classification and Regression Trees (CART),	06
6.	Learning with Classification and clustering	Classification: Rule based classification, classification by Bayesian Belief networks, Naive Bay's classifier, Hidden Markov Models.  Support Vector Machine: Maximum Margin Linear Separators, Quadratic Programming solution to finding maximum margin separators, Kernels for learning non-linear functions.  Clustering: K-means Clustering, Expectation Maximization Algorithm.	07

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS: .**

**Software Requirements:** The programs can be implemented in either JAVA or Python and prolog.

Hardware Requirements: Any basic computational platform is sufficient.

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab Description
1	Provide the PEAS description and TASK Environment for a given AI problem.
2	Write simple programs using PROLOG as an AI programming Language
3	Start Implementation · Knowledge Representation and Create Knowledge Base
4	Implement any one of the Uninformed search techniques
5	Implement any one of the Informed search techniques e.g. A-Star algorithm for 8 puzzle problem
6	Implement adversarial search using min-max algorithm.
7	To implement Logistic Regression
8	To implement Linear Regression
9	Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based algorithm. Use an appropriate data set for building the decision tree and apply this knowledge to classify a new sample
10	To implement clustering.
11	Write a program to demonstrate Support Vector Machine
12	For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the different machine learning algorithms and compare the result

#### **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to the number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessments:

**Termwork Assessment:** At least 8-10 experiments covering the entire syllabus should be set to have well predefined inference and conclusion. The experiments should be student centric and attempts should be made to make experiments more meaningful, interesting. The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.

- 1. The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:
  - Lab Performance (Experiments /case studies): 15
  - Assignments: 05
  - Attendance (Theory & Practical): 05
- 2. Oral examination will be based on the entire Artificial intelligence and Machine Learning Syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach —Second Edition" Pearson Education.
- 2. Elaine Rich and Kevin Knight —Artificial Intelligencell, Third Editionll, Tata McGraw-Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., 2008.
- 3. George F Luger —Artificial Intelligence Low Price Edition, Pearson Education., Fourth edition
- 4. Peter Harrington Machine Learning In Action , Dream Tech Press
- 5. Ethem Alpaydin, —Introduction to Machine Learning, MIT Press.
- 6. Tom M. Mitchell, —Machine Learning McGraw Hill
- 7. Stephen Marsland, —Machine Learning An Algorithmic Perspectivel, CRC Press

- 1. Elaine Rich and Kevin Knight —Artificial Intelligence Third Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., 2008.
- 2. Ivan Bratko, —PROLOG Programming for Artificial Intelligence, Pearson Education, Third Edition.
- 3. Patrick Henry Winston, —Artificial Intelligence, Addison-Wesley, Third Edition.
- 4. N. P. Padhy, —Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Systems, Oxford University Press.
- 5. Satish Kumar "Neural Networks A Classroom Approach" Tata McGrawHill.
- 6. Margaret.H.Dunham, —Data Mining Introductory and Advanced Topics<sup>II</sup>, Pearson Education
- 7. Kevin P. Murphy, Machine Learning A Probabilistic Perspective
- 8. Samir Roy and Chakraborty, —Introduction to soft computing, Pearson Edition.
- 9. Richard Duda, Peter Hart, David G. Stork, —Pattern Classification, Second Edition, Wiley Publications.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 314	Big Data Analytics	03	02	1	03	01	1	04

	Comme	Examination Scheme									
Course			Theo	ry Marks							
Code	Course Name	Internal assessment			End Term		Practical	Oral	Total		
Code	Name	1	2	Average	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Oran	Total		
EC 314	Big Data Analytics	40	40	40	60	25		25	150		

- 1. To provide an overview of an exciting growing field of Big Data analytics.
- 2. To discuss the challenges traditional data mining algorithms face when analyzing Big Data.
- 3. To introduce the tools required to manage and analyze big data like Hadoop, NoSql MapReduce.
- 4. To teach the fundamental techniques and principles in achieving big data analytics with scalability and streaming capability.
- 5. To introduce to the students several types of big data like social media, web graphs and data streams.
- **6.** To enable students to have skills that will help them to solve complex real-world problems in decision support.

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Explain the motivation for big data systems and identify the main sources of Big Data in the real world.
- 2. Demonstrate an ability to use frameworks like Hadoop, NOSQL to efficiently store, retrieve and process Big Data for Analytics.
- 3. Implement several Data Intensive tasks using the Map Reduce Paradigm
- 4. Apply several newer algorithms for Clustering Classifying and finding associations in Big Data
- 5. Design algorithms to analyze Big data like streams, Web Graphs and Social Media data.
- 6. Design and implement successful Recommendation engines for enterprises.

**Prerequisite:** Database Management System.

#### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1.	Introduction to Big Data	Data Introduction to Big Data, Big Data characteristics, types of Big Data, Traditional vs. Big Data business approach, Big Data Challenges, Examples of Big Data in Real Life, Big Data Applications	03
2.	Introduction to Big Data Frameworks: Hadoop, NOSQL	What is Hadoop? Core Hadoop Components; Hadoop Ecosystem; Overview of: Apache Spark, Pig, Hive, Hbase, Sqoop What is NoSQL? NoSQL data architecture patterns: Key-value stores, Graph stores, Column family (Bigtable) stores, Document stores, MongoDB	07
3.	MapReduce Paradigm	MapReduce: The Map Tasks, Grouping by Key, The Reduce Tasks, Combiners, Details of MapReduce Execution, Coping With Node Failures. Algorithms Using MapReduce: Matrix-Vector Multiplication by MapReduce, Relational-Algebra Operations, Computing Selections by MapReduce, Computing Projections by MapReduce, Union, Intersection, and Difference by MapReduce, Computing Natural Join by MapReduce, Grouping and Aggregation by MapReduce, Matrix Multiplication, Matrix Multiplication with One MapReduce Step . Illustrating use of MapReduce with use of real life databases and applications.	06
4.	Mining Big Data Streams	The Stream Data Model: A DataStream-Management System, Examples of Stream Sources, Stream Queries, Issues in Stream Processing. Sampling Data in a Stream: Sampling Techniques. Filtering Streams: The Bloom Filter Counting Distinct Elements in a Stream: The Count-Distinct Problem, The Flajolet-Martin Algorithm, Combining Estimates, Space Requirements. Counting Ones in a Window: The Cost of Exact Counts, The Datar-Gionis-IndykMotwani Algorithm, Query	06
5.	Big Data Mining Algorithms	Frequent Pattern Mining: Handling Larger Datasets in Main Memory Basic Algorithm of Park, Chen, and Yu. The SON Algorithm and MapReduce. Clustering Algorithms: CURE Algorithm. Canopy Clustering, Clustering with MapReduce Classification Algorithms: Parallel Decision trees, Overview SVM classifiers, Parallel SVM, KNearest Neighbor classifications for Big Data, One Nearest Neighbour.	08
6.	Big Data Analytics Applications	Link Analysis: PageRank Definition, Structure of the web, dead ends, Using Page rank in a search engine, Efficient computation of Page Rank: PageRank Iteration Using MapReduce, Topic sensitive Page Rank, link Spam, Hubs and Authorities, HITS Algorithm. Mining Social- Network Graphs: Social Networks as Graphs, Types, Clustering of	09

Social Network Graphs, Direct Discovery of Communities,
Counting triangles using Map-Reduce. Recommendation
Engines: A Model for Recommendation Systems,
Content-Based Recommendations, Collaborative Filtering.

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

**Software Requirements:** Virtual Machine, Hadoop Frame work, NOSQL and MongoDb Compilers

Hardware Requirements: PC i3 or above, 8 GB RAM

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab Description
1	Assignment on Study of Hadoop ecosystem
2	Programming exercises on Hadoop Using Hive, Pig, Hbase Sqoop NOSQL, MongoDB
3	Implementing simple algorithms in MapReduce Matrix multiplication, Aggregates, joins, sorting, searching etc.
4	<ul> <li>Implementing Algorithms using MapReduce (Any 2)</li> <li>Implementing Frequent Item set Mining</li> <li>Implementing Clustering algorithms Implementing Classification Algorithms</li> </ul>
5	Big Data Applications (Any 2)  • Implementing Analytics on data streams  • Implementing Social Network Analysis Algorithms Implementing Web Graph Algorithms Implementing recommendation Engines
6	Mini Project: One real life large data application to be implemented (Use standard Datasets available on the web) a) Twitter data analysis b) Fraud Detection c) Text Mining d) Recommendation Engines (list of datsets also given in the text book)

#### **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessments:

1. **Termwork Assessment:** Term Work shall consist of at least 10 to 12 practical's based on the above list. Also Term work Journal must include at least 2 assignments. Journal must

include at least 2 assignments. Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 15 Marks (Experiment) + 5 Marks (Assignments) + 5 Marks (Attendance) Oral Examination will be based on the above syllabus.

2. **Oral/Viva Assessment**: An oral exam will be held based on the above syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Radha Shankarmani, M Vijayalakshmi, "Big Data Analytics", Wiley Publications
- 2. Anand Rajaraman and Jeff Ullman "Mining of Massive Datasets", Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Alex Holmes "Hadoop in Practice", Manning Press, Dreamtech Press.
- 4. Professional NoSQL Paperback, by Shashank Tiwari, Dreamtech Press.
- 5. MongoDB: The Definitive Guide Paperback, Kristina Chodorow (Author), Michael Dirolf, O'Reilly Publications.

- 1. Analytics in a Big Data World: The Essential Guide to Data Science and its Applications, Bart Baesens, WILEY Big Data Series.
- 2. Big Data Analytics with R and Hadoop by Vignesh Prajapati Paperback, Packt Publishing Limited
- 3. Hadoop: The Definitive Guide by Tom White, O'Reilly Publications
- 4. Data Science and Big Data Analytics: Discovering, Analyzing, Visualizing and Presenting Data by EMC Education Services
- 5. NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence by Pramod J. Sadalage, Addison Wesley

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 315	Parallel Computing Architecture	03	02		03	01		04

		Examination Scheme								
Course Code	Course Name	Theory Marks Internal assessment			End	Term	Duestical	0	TAL	
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Practical	Oral	Total	
EC 315	Parallel Computing Architecture	40	40	40	60	25		25	150	

- 1. To understand the principles of parallel computer architecture.
- 2. To understand the design of parallel computer systems including modern parallel architectures.
- 3. To assess the communication and computing possibilities of parallel system architecture and to predict the performance of parallel applications.

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Students get accustomed with the representation of data, addressing modes, and instruction sets.
- 2. Students are able to understand parallelism both in terms of a single processor and multiple processors.
- 3. Technical knowhow of parallel hardware constructs to include instruction-level parallelism for multi core processor design.

**Prerequisite:** Computer Organization & Architecture

#### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1.	Fundamentals of Computer Design	Defining Computer Architecture – Trends in Technology – Trends in Power in Integrated Circuits – Trends in Cost – Dependability – Measuring, Reporting and Summarizing Performance – Quantitative Principles of Computer Design – Basic and Intermediate concepts of pipelining – Pipeline Hazards.	04

	Introduction to	Parallel computing structure, scope of parallel computing,		
2.	Parallel Processing	architectures classification schemes, applications of parallel	06	
		processing.		
		Memory structure Hierarchy, Addressing scheme for main		
	Memory and Input	memory, Virtual Memory systems, Memory allocation and		
3.		management strategies, Virtual Memory, Cache Memory,	08	
	output subsystems	Management and Design criteria, I/O subsystems, Interrupt		
		mechanisms, Vector processing requirements.		
		Principles of pipelining, vector processing: Pipelining,		
	Pipelining	Instruction and Arithmetic pipelines, principles of designing	07	
4.		pipelined processors, vector processing requirements		
		Pipeline computers and Vectorization methods: Vectorization		
		and Optimization methods.		
		SIMD computers and Performance enhancement: Study of		
		SIMD array processor and associative processor, Scientific		
5.	CIMD and MIMD	attached processor.	00	
3.	SIMD and MIMD	MIMD: Architecture and memory organization of MIMD	08	
		and Interconnection N/W.		
		Data Driven computing, Data Flow Computer Architecture.		
6.	Parallel Software	Parallel Algorithm, features of Parallel Languages, Parallel	06	
0.	Environment	compiler and OS.	00	

#### **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessments:

- 1. The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:
  - Lab Performance (Experiments /case studies): 15
  - Assignment 05
  - Attendance (Theory & Practical) 05
- **2.** Oral/Viva Assessment: Based on the above contents and entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. David.A.Patterson, John L.Hennessy, "Computer Architecture: A Quantitative approach", Elsevier, 5th Edition 2012.
- 2. K.Hwang, Naresh Jotwani, "Advanced Computer Architecture, Parallelism, Scalability, Programmability", Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition 2010

- 3. D.Culler and J. Singh, Parallel Computer Architecture: A Hardware/Software Approach, Morgan Kaufmann, 1999.
- 4. J. L. Hennessy and D. A. Patterson. Computer Architecture: A Quantitative Approach. Morgan-Kaufmann publishers.
- 5. A.Grama, A. Gupta, G. Karypis, and V. Kumar, Introduction to Parallel Computing, 2nd Edition, Pearson: Addison-Wesley, 2003. Errata is available by John Kirk.
- 6. P.Pacheco, An Introduction to Parallel Programming, Morgan Kaufmann, 2011.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 316	Integrated Circuit Technology	03	02		03	01		04

		Examination Scheme								
Course		Theory Marks								
	Course Name  Code	Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
Couc		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Orai	Total	
EC 316	Integrated Circuit Technology	40	40	40	60	25		25	150	

- 1. To provide knowledge of Wafer preparation and fabrication for VLSI Technology
- 2. To provide knowledge of IC fabrication processes and advanced IC technologies.
- 3. To provide knowledge of IC fabrication processes and design rules.
- 4. To disseminate knowledge about novel semiconductor measurement.
- 5. To provide knowledge about different VLSI Technology.
- 6. To disseminate knowledge about novel VLSI devices and materials.

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Analyze and demonstrate a clear understanding of various MOS fabrication processes & CMOS fabrication flow.
- 2. Analyze and design layout of MOS based Circuits.
- 3. Demonstrate a clear understanding of Semiconductor Measurements & Testing.
- 4. Analyze SOI and GaAs technology.
- 5. Develop different fabrication process.
- 6. Understand advanced technologies, Novel Devices and materials in Modern VLSI Technology.

**Prerequisite:** Electronic Devices and Circuits I, Digital Circuit Design, VLSI Design **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:** 

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1.	Crystal Growth, Wafer preparation and fabrication for VLSI Technology	Semiconductor Manufacturing: Semiconductor technology trend, Clean rooms, Wafer cleaning and Gettering.  Semiconductor Substrate: Crystal structure, Crystal defects, Czochralski growth, Float Zone growth, Bridgman growth of GaAs, Wafer Preparation and specifications	08

2.	Fabrication Processes Part 1	Epitaxy: Classification, Molecular Beam Epitaxy Silicon Oxidation: Thermal oxidation process, Kinetics of growth, Properties of Silicon Dioxide, Oxide Quality. Device Isolation: LOCOS, Shallow Trench Isolation (STI). Deposition: Physical Vapor Deposition-Evaporation and Sputtering, Chemical Vapor Deposition: APCVD, LPCVD, PECVD Diffusion: Nature of diffusion, Diffusion in a concentration gradient, diffusion Equation, diffusion systems, problems in diffusion. Ion Implantation: Penetration range-Nuclear& Electronic stopping and Range, implantation damage, Annealing-Rapid thermal annealing, ion implantation systems.	07
3.	Fabrication Process Part 2	Etching & Lithography: Etching: Basic concepts and Classification Lithography: Introduction to Lithography process, Types of Photoresist, Types of Lithography: Electron beam, Ion beam and X-ray lithography. Metallization and Contacts: Introduction to Metallization, Schottky contacts and Ohmic contacts. CMOS Process Flow: N well, P-well and Twin tub, CMOS Latch Up Design rules, Layout of MOS based circuits (gates and combinational logic), Buried and Butting Contact.	07
4.	Measurement and Testing	Semiconductor Measurements: Conductivity type, Resistivity, Hall Effect Measurements, Drift Mobility. Testing: Technology trends affecting testing, VLSI testing process and test equipment, test economics and product quality.	06
5.	VLSI Technologies	SOI Technology: SOI fabrication using SIMOX, Bonded SOI and Smart Cut ,PD ,SOI and FD SOI Device structure and their features.  Advanced Technologies: low κ and high κ, BiCMOS, HκMG Stack, Strained Silicon.  GaAs Technologies: MESFET Technology, MMIC technologies, MODFET	06
6.	Novel Devices and Materials	Multigate Devices: Various multigate device configurations-double gate, triple gate (FinFET) and Gate All Around (Nanowire).  Nanowire: Concept, VLS method of fabrication, Nanowire FET, Types: Horizontal and Vertical Nanowires, III-V compound Materials in Nanowires.  2-D Materials and FET: Graphene& CNT FET, MOS2 and Black Phosphorous.	05

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Software Requirements: NANOHUB, MICROWIND

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab Description
1	To study the CZ process for Silicon Crystallization.
2	Implement NMOS inverter with resistive load using NANOHUB and study its characteristics.
3	Various effects of Temperature on Thermal Oxidation using NANOHUB.
4	Design of CMOS Inverter using Microwind.
5	Design of CMOS NAND using Microwind.
6	Design of CMOS NOR using Microwind.
7	Design of CMOS EXOR using Microwind.
8	To implement the given function Y=A+BC using Microwind.
9	Design of 6T SRAM using Microwind.
10	Case Study IEEE paper.

#### **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessments:

#### 1.Term work Assessment:

- Term work should consist of 10 experiments.
- Journal must include at least 2 assignments
- Mini Project to be performed

Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 10-marks, Attendance Theory& Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks, Mini Project: 5-marks)

#### 2.Oral/Viva Assessment:

Based on the above contents and entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. James D. Plummer, Michael D. Deal and Peter B. Griffin, "Silicon VLSI Technology", Pearson, Indian Edition.
- 2. Stephen A. Campbell, "The Science and Engineering of Microelectronic Fabrication", Oxford University Press, 2nd Edition.
- 3. Sorab K. Gandhi, "VLSI Fabrication Principles", Wiley, Student Edition.
- 4. G. S. May and S. M. Sze, "Fundamentals of Semiconductor Fabrication", Wiley, First Edition.
- 5. Kerry Bernstein and N. J. Rohrer, "SOI Circuit Design Concepts", Kluwer Academic Publishers, 1st edition.

- 1. Jean-Pierre Colinge, "FinFETs and Other Multigate Transistors", Springer, 1st edition
- 2. M. S. Tyagi, "Introduction to Semiconductor Materials and Devices", John Wiley and Sons, 1st edition.
- 3. James E. Morris and KrzysztolIniewski, "Nanoelectronic Device ApplicationsHandbook", CRC Press.
- 4. Glenn R. Blackwell, "The electronic packaging", CRC Press.
- 5. Michael L. Bushnell and Vishwani D. Agrawal, "Essentials of Electronic Testing for digital, memory and mixed-signal VLSI circuits", Springer.
- 6. G.S.May and S. M. Sze, "Fundamentals of Semiconductor Fabrication", Wiley, First Edition.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 317	Digital Signal Processing	03	02		03	01		04

Course Code		Examination Scheme								
	Course Name	Int	Theory Marks Internal assessment End			Term				
Couc		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Practical	Oral	Total	
EC 317	Digital Signal Processing	40	40	40	60	25		25	150	

- 1. To introduce students with Discrete fourier transform and Fast fourier transforms for analysis of Discrete time signals and systems.
- 2. To use and design techniques for implementation of IIR digital filters.
- 3. To use and design techniques for implementation of FIR digital filters.
- 4. To introduce Finite Word Length effects in Digital Filters.
- 5. To introduce the students to digital signal processors and its applications.
- 6. To use and understand multirate digital signal processing.

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Analyze the discrete time signals and system using different transform domain techniques.
- 2. Apply the knowledge of design of IIR digital filters to meet arbitrary specifications.
- 3. Apply the knowledge of design of FIR digital filters to meet arbitrary specifications.
- 4. Understand the effect of hardware limitations on performance of digital filters.
- 5. Develop different signal processing applications using DSP processors.
- 6. Analyze discrete-time filter banks and multirate signal processing.

## **Prerequisite:** Signals and systems **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs
1.	Discrete Fourier Transform and Fast Fourier Transform	Definition and Properties of DFT, IDFT, Circular convolution, Computation of linear convolution using circular convolution, Filtering of long data sequences: Overlap-Save and Overlap-Add Method	08

		FFT: Fast Fourier Transforms (FFT), Radix-2 decimation in	
		time and decimation in frequency FFT algorithms, inverse FFT	
2.	IIR Digital Filters	Analog filter design -Butterworth filters, Chebyshev Type I filters, Elliptic ,Mapping of S-plane to Z-plane, IIR filter design by impulse invariance method and Bilinear transformation method, Design of IIR digital Butterworth filters and Chebyshev Type I filters.  Analog and Digital frequency transformations with design examples	07
3.	FIR Digital Filters	Introduction of FIR digital filters, Minimum Phase, Maximum Phase, Mixed Phase and linear phase FIR filters, location of the zeros of linear phase FIR filters, Gibbs phenomenon, Design of FIR filters using Window techniques (Rectangular, Hamming, Hanning, Blackmann, Kaiser), Design of FIR filters using Frequency Sampling technique, Comparison of FIR & IIR	07
4.	Finite Word Length effects in Digital Filters	Quantization, truncation and rounding, Input quantization error, Product quantization error, Coefficient quantization error, Zero-input limit cycle oscillations, Overflow limit cycle oscillations, Scaling.  Quantization in Floating Point realization of IIR digital filters, Finite word length effects in FIR digital filters	06
5.	DSP Processors	Introduction to General Purpose and Special Purpose DSP processors, fixed point and floating point DSP processor, digital signal processor architecture, Pipelining, multiplier and accumulator (MAC), Very long instruction word Architecture (VLIW)  Architecture of TMS320C6X fixed and floating DSP processors. Applications of digital signal processing-Speech processing, Radar Signal Processing, Biomedical Applications in DSP	06
6.	Multirate DSP and Filter Bank	Introduction and concept of Multirate Processing, Decimator and Interpolator, Decimation and Interpolation by Integer numbers, Multistage Approach to Sampling rate converters Sample rate conversion using Polyphase filter structure, Polyphase Decomposition, Filter Banks	05

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Hardware Requirements: DSP Processor Kit Software Requirements: Scilab, Matlab

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab Description
1	To perform DFT and IDFT of the discrete time sequence and sketch the magnitude
	and phase spectrum.

2	To perform circular convolution of discrete time sequences using DFT and IDFT method and compute linear convolution using circular convolution.
3	To Design an analog low pass Butterworth and Chebyshev filter
4	To Design IIR butterworth low pass filter using impulse in-variance method.
5	To Design IIR butterworth low pass filter using bilinear transformation method.
6	To Design IIR Chebyshev low pass filter using bilinear transformation method.
7	To Design FIR low pass, high pass filter using various windowing methods and plot their frequency response.
8	To plot magnitude and phase response of low pass ,high pass & all Pass filter
9	To plot magnitude and phase response of comb filter & notch filter.
10	To perform interpolation and decimation on a given discrete signal.
11	To perform the Circular Convolution of two given discrete sequences using TMS320C6745 Kit.
12	To perform the Linear Convolution of two given discrete sequences using TMS320C6745 Kit.
13	One Course Project

#### **Theory Assessments:**

1. **Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessments:

#### 1.Term work Assessment:

At least 08 Experiments and 3 Assignments based on the entire syllabus and **one course project/seminar** must be submitted by a maximum batch of 2 to 3 students. Term work assessment must be based on the overall performance of the student with every experiment and Course-project is graded from time to time.

**2.Oral/Viva Assessment:** Based on the above contents and entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Tarun Kumar Rawat, "Digital Signal Processing", Oxford University Press, 2015
- 2. Nagoor Kani, "Digital Signal Processing", Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited.
- 3. Emmanuel C. Ifeachor, Barrie W. Jervis, "Digital Signal Processing", A Practical Approach by, Pearson Education
- 4. S. Salivahanan, C. Gnanpriya, Digital Signal processing, McGraw Hill

5. Ramesh Babu, "Digital Signal Processing", Scientech Publication (India) Private Limited

- 1. Proakis J., Manolakis D., "Digital Signal Processing", 4th Edition, Pearson Education.
- 2. B. Venkata Ramani and M. Bhaskar, "Digital Signal Processors, Architecture, Programming and Applications", Tata McGraw Hill, 2004.
- 3. A.V.Oppenheim, R.W. Schafer and J.R. Buck, "Discrete Time Signal Processing", Pearson, 8th Indian Reprint, 2004.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 318	Advanced Network Theory	03	02	-	03	01	1	04

	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
Course			Theo	ry Marks						
Code		Int	ernal asso	essment	End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
Couc		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Oran	Total	
EC 318	Advanced Network Theory	40	40	40	60	25	-	25	150	

- 1. To get familiar with emerging wireless technologies.
- 2. To understand basic concept of optical networking.
- 3. To study various WAN technologies like Frame relay and ATM.
- 4. To explore basics of network design.
- 5. To study basic fundamental of network security.
- 6. To discuss about network management and control.

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Get familiar with emerging wireless technologies.
- 2. Understand basic concept of optical networking.
- 3. Study various WAN technologies like Frame relay and ATM.
- 4. Explore basics of network design.
- 5. Study basic fundamental of network security.
- 6. Discuss about network management and control

# **Prerequisite:** Computer Networks **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1.	Emerging Wireless Technologies	Wireless Personal Area Network – Bluetooth Bluetooth (IEEE 802.15.1), Definitions of the Terms Used in Bluetooth, Bluetooth Protocol Stack, Bluetooth Link Types, Bluetooth Security, Network Connection Establishment in Bluetooth, Network Topology in Bluetooth, Bluetooth Usage Models Bluetooth Applications, WAP and Bluetooth Wireless Personal Area Networks (WPAN):Low Rate (LR) and High Rate (HR)Wireless Sensor Network, Usage of Wireless Sensor	05

		Networks, Wireless Sensor Network Model, Sensor Network Protocol Stack, ZigBee Technology, IEEE 802.15.4 LR-WPAN Device Architecture, IEEE 802.15.3a Ultra WideBand, Radio Frequency Identification.	
2.	Optical Networking	SONET/SDH Standards, devices, DWDM, frame format, DWDM, Performance and design considerations	09
3.	WAN Technologies	Frame: FR concept, FR specifications, FR design and VoFR and Performance and design considerations  ATM: The WAN Protocol: Faces of ATM, ATM Protocol operations. (ATM cell and Transmission) ATM Networking basics, Theory of Operations, B-ISDN reference model, PHY layer, ATM Layer (Protocol model), ATM layer and cell Traffic Descriptor and parameters, Traffic Congestion control defined, AAL Protocol model, Traffic contract and QoS, User Plane overview, Control Plane AAL, Management Plane, Sub S3 ATM, ATM public services	08
4.	Network Design	Network layer design, access layer design, access network capacity, network topology and Hardware and completing the access network design	04
5.	Network Security	Security threats, safeguards and design for network security Enterprise Network Security: DMZ, NAT, SNAT, DNAT, Port Forwarding, Proxy, Transparent Proxy, Packet Filtering and Layer 7 Filtering	09
6.	Network Management and Control	Network management definitions, functional areas (FCAPS), SNMP, RMON, Designing a network management solutions, Monitoring and control of network activity and network project management	04

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

#### **Software Requirements:**

- 1. Cisco PacketTRacer, ns 2
- 2. Ns-2: http://www.isi.edu/nsnam/ns/
- 3. Virtual Lab: http://vlab.amrita.edu/index.php?sub=78&brch=256
- 4. Scilab Experiments Book:

https://www.google.co.in/url?sa=t&rct=j&q=&esrc=s&source=web&cd=1&ved=0ahUK EwjgwcelodTTAhVJrI8KHTQUC9AQFggqMAA&url=http%3A%2F%2Fscilab.in%2Fte xtbook\_companion%2Fenerate\_book%2F3446&usg=AFQjCNGDs2a6AHGKL9313\_j8R a1UN-5SQQ&sig2=yT9ep5 ZlhfRDVsv-GmsWw&cad=rja

#### **Online Repository Sites:**

- 1. Google Drive
- 2. GitHub
- 3. Code Guru

Sr.	
No.	Detailed Lab Description
1	Study of Hardware and Software aspects of Wireless Network.
	Study, discussion and installation of different network simulation tools such as NS2/NS3,
2	Netstumbler, Wireshark etc.
3	Analysis of Zigbee Network to compute the energy efficiency of the network.
4	Simulation of Wireless Sensor Network (IEEE802.15.4)in NS2 or any other simulator.

5	To analyze the performance of DWDM.
6	To study the performance of SONET.
7	To study the performance of Frame relay.
8	To analyze the performance of ATM.
9	To configure a Network topology using packet tracer software.
10	To study Eavesdropping Attacks and its prevention using SSH.

#### **Theory Assessments:**

1. **Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessments:

- At least 08 experiments covering entire syllabus and one mini project should be set to have well predefined inference and conclusion.
- The experiments should be students' centric and attempt should be made to make experiments more meaningful, interesting and innovative.

#### 1.Term work assessment:

- Term work must be based on the overall performance of the student with every experiment graded from time to time. The grades should be converted into marks as per the Credit and Grading System manual and should be added and averaged. The grading and term work assessment should be done based on this scheme.
- The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Practical and Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus.
- Students are encouraged to share their experiments/mini project codes on online repository.

#### 2.Oral/Viva Assessment:

Based on the above contents and entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Vijay K. Garg, "Wireless Communication and Networking", Morgan Kaufmann
- 2. Series in Networking—Elsevier
- 3. ATM and IP Internetworking: Khalid Ahmed, John Wiley and Sons Publication.
- 4. Network Security and Management: Brijendra Singh, Third Edition, PHI Publication.
- 5. Optical network design and planning: Jane Simmons (IInd Edition), Springer Publication

- 1. Theodore S. Rappaport "wireless communications principles and practice", PEARSON Second edition.
- 2. Dr SunilkumarS. Manvi, Mahabaleshwar S. Kakkasageri, "Wireless and Mobile Networks Concepts and Protocol" Wiley India Pvt Ltd.
- 3. T L Singal "wireless communications", Mc Graw Hill Education
- 4. Kazem Sohraby, Daniel Minoli, and Taieb Znati, "Wireless Sensor Networks:
- 5. Technology, Protocols, and Applications", Wiley Student Edition.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 319	Mobile Computing	03	02		03	01		04

		Examination Scheme								
Course	Course Name	Theory Marks								
Code		Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Orai	iotai	
EC 319	Mobile Computing	40	40	40	60	25		25	150	

- 1. To introduce the basic concepts and principles in mobile computing. This includes major techniques involved, and networks & systems issues for the design and implementation of mobile computing systems and applications
- 2. To explore both theoretical and practical issues of mobile computing.
- 3. To provide an opportunity for students to understand the key components and technologies
  - involved and to gain hands-on experiences in building mobile applications.
- 4. To understand different mobility management concepts.
- 5. To equip students with skills to analyze and design mobile applications.
- 6. To study emerging technologies like the long term evolution of 3GPP.

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. To identify basic concepts and principles in mobile communication & computing, cellular architecture.
- 2. To describe the components and functioning of mobile networking.
- 3. To classify a variety of security techniques in mobile networks.
- 4. To apply the concepts of WLAN for local as well as remote applications.
- 5. To describe and apply the concepts of mobility management.
- 6. To describe Long Term Evolution (LTE) architecture and its interfaces.

### **Prerequisite:** Computer Networks **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

# Sr. No. Module Detailed Content Hrs Introduction to Mobile Computing, Telecommunication Generations, Electromagnetic Spectrum, Antenna ,Signal Propagation, Signal Characteristics, , Multiplexing, Spread Spectrum: DSSS & FHSS

2.	GSM Mobile Services	GSM Mobile services, System Architecture, Protocols, Localization and Calling, Handover GPRS system and protocol architecture UTRAN, UMTS core network	08
3.	Mobile Networking	Mobile IP, IP Packet Delivery, Agent Advertisement and Discovery, Registration, Tunneling and Encapsulation, Optimization, Reverse Tunneling, Mobile TCP, Fast Retransmit/ Fast Recovery, Transmission/Timeout Freezing, Selective Retransmission.	06
4.	Wireless Local Area Networks	Wireless Local Area Networks: Introduction, Infrastructure and ad-hoc network  IEEE 802.11:System architecture, Protocol architecture, Physical layer, Medium access control layer, MAC management, 802.11a, 802.11b  Bluetooth: Introduction, User Scenario, Architecture, protocol stack HiperLAN 1 & HiperLAN 2	10
5.	Mobility Management	Mobility Management : Introduction, IP Mobility, Optimization, IPv6Macro Mobility : MIPv6 Micro Mobility: Cellular IP	05
6.	Long-Term Evolution(LTE) of 3GPP	LTE System Overview, Voice over LTE (VoLTE)	04

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

**Software Requirements:** J2ME, Android Studio, NS2

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab Description
1	<ol> <li>Study of NS2 installation in ubuntu.</li> <li>Mobile node creation in NS2.</li> <li>Implementation of packet transfer using TCP in mobile nodes.</li> </ol>
2	<ol> <li>Explore and install J2ME</li> <li>Implementation of basic calculator/EMI calculator in J2ME.</li> <li>To implement Mobile node discovery using J2ME.</li> </ol>
3	1) To implement OBEX protocol using bluetooth.
4	<ol> <li>Explore and install Android studio</li> <li>Develop an application that uses GUI components in Android.</li> <li>Write an application that draws basic graphical primitives on the screen in Android</li> </ol>
5	<ol> <li>To understand the cellular frequency reuse concept fulfilling the following objectives:         <ul> <li>a) Finding the co-channel cells for a particular cell.</li> <li>b) Finding the cell clusters within a certain geographic area.</li> </ul> </li> <li>To understand the handover concept in mobile communication.</li> </ol>
6	MINI PROJECT Develop an android application for social needs.

#### **Theory Assessments:**

- 1. **Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.
- 2. End Sem Theory Examination:
- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.

Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessments:

#### 1.Term work Assessment:

At least 08 Experiments and 2 Assignments based on the entire syllabus and **one mini project** must be submitted by a maximum batch of 3 to 4 students. Term work assessment must be based on the overall performance of the student with every experiment and mini project is graded from time to time. The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.

**2.Oral/Viva Assessment:** Based on the above contents and entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Jochen Schilller, Mobile Communication —, Addision wisely, Pearson Education, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.
- 2. Wireless Communications & Networks, By William Stallings, Second Edition, Pearson Education.
- 3. Raj Kamal, Mobile Computing, 2/e, Oxford University Press-New Delhi

- 1. LTE Self-Organizing Networks (SON): Network Management Automation for Operational
  - Efficiency, Seppo Hamalainen, Henning Sanneck, Cinzia Sartori, Wiley publications.
- 2. Christopher Cox, —An Introduction to LTE: LTE, LTE-Advanced, SAE and 4G Mobile Communications, Wiley publications.
- 3. Mobility Protocols and Handover Optimization: Design, Evaluation and Application By Ashutosh Dutta, Henning Schulzrinne, IEEE Press, Wiley Publication.
- 4. Michael Gregg, —Build your own security lab, Wiley India edition.
- 5. Emerging Wireless Technologies and the Future Mobile Internet, Dipankar Raychaudhuri, Mario Gerla, Cambridge.
- 6. Andreas F.Molisch, —Wireless Communications, Second Edition, Wiley Publications.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 320	Wireless Networks	03	02	-	03	01		04

Course Code	Course Name		Examination Scheme									
		Interr	Theory nal asses	Marks sment	End	Term	D.,	01	Total			
		Test1	Test2	Avg.	Sem. Exam	Work	Practical	Oral				
EC 320	Wireless Networks	40	40	40	60	25		25	150			

- 1. To get familiar with basic of wireless system.
- 2. To understand planning and design of various mobile and wireless networks.
- 3. To study various WPAN technologies like Bluetooth, Zigbee etc.
- 4. To explore basics of WAP.
- 5. To study basic fundamental of WLAN technologies.
- 6. To discuss introduction of 5G technology.

# Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Get familiar with basic of wireless system.
- 2. Understand planning and design of various mobile and wireless networks.
- 3. Study various WPAN technologies like Bluetooth, Zigbee etc...
- 4. Explore basics of WAP.
- 5. Study basic fundamental of WLAN technologies.
- 6. Discuss introduction of 5G technology

Prerequisite: Wireless and mobile communication.

## **Detailed Theory Syllabus:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Overview of Wireless System	Advantages, limitations and application wireless media, Infrared Modulation Techniques, DSSS and FHSS, Frequency Spectrum: Radio and Infrared, Wireless generations: 1G: Cellular,2G: Mobile Radio, 3G: UMTS- Security related Encryption Algorithm	05
2	Planning and design of WWANs	Basics of fundamental of WWANs, Planning and design of wireless networks, Receiver sensitivity and link budget, Pole capacity of CDMA cell, Uplink and downlink radio link budget for CDMA system	09

3	WPANs (Low rate and high rate)	Introduction to wireless PAN, Need of Wireless PAN, Bluetooth Technology: History & Applications, Technical Overview, Bluetooth Specifications, Piconet Synchronization, master-slave switch, Bluetooth security, Enhancements to Bluetooth: Bluetooth Interface issues, Intra & Inter Piconet Scheduling, Scatternet Formation, QoS Assignment, IEEE 802.15 Working group for WPAN, IEEE 802.15.3 & IEEE 802.15.4, Comparison between WPAN System & Comparison between WLAN & WPAN	08
4	Basics of WAP	Introduction to WAP, WML basics, Forms and user input, Data base driven WAP	04
5	Fundamentals of WLANs	Introduction to wireless LAN, Transmission Techniques, Medium Access Control Protocol Issues: Hidden Terminal Problem, Reliability, Collision Avoidance, Congestion Avoidance, Congestion Control, Energy Efficiency, IEEE 802.11 Standard for Wireless LAN: Network Architecture, Physical Layer, MAC Layer, Security, System design and considerations, Enhancements to IEEE 802.11 MAC: Power Control, Spatial Reusability & QoS Provisioning	09
6	Introduction to 5G	Salient features of 5G, 5G technology, 5G Architecture, Advantages and disadvantages, Applications, 5G Advancements, 5G Challenges, 5G future scope	04

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

## **Software Requirements:**

- 1. Ns-2: <a href="http://www.isi.edu/nsnam/ns/">http://www.isi.edu/nsnam/ns/</a>
- 2. Virtual Lab: http://vlab.amrita.edu/index.php?sub=78&brch=256
- 3. Scilab Experiments Book:

https://www.google.co.in/url?sa=t&rct=j&q=&esrc=s&source=web&cd=1&ved=0ahUKEwjgwcelodTTAhVJrI8KHTQUC9AQFggqMAA&url=http%3A%2F%2Fscilab.in%2Ftextbook\_companion%2Fenerate\_book%2F3446&usg=AFQjCNGDs2a6AHGKL93l3\_j8Ra1UN-5SQQ&sig2=yT9ep5\_ZlhfRDVsv-GmsWw&cad=rja

## **Online Repository Sites:**

- 1. Google Drive
- 2. GitHub
- 3. Code Guru

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab Description
1	Study of Hardware and Software aspects of Wireless Network.
	Study, discussion and installation of different network simulation tools such as
2	NS2/NS3,Netstumbler, Wireshark etc.
3	Analysis of Zigbee Network to compute the energy efficiency of the network.
4	Simulation of a simple wireless network (IEEE802.11) using NS2 or any other simulator.
5	Configuration of WPAN using Xbee S2 series modules and XCTU software.
6	Use of wireshark to capture WiFi or Bluetooth packets.
7	Configuration of WLAN.

8	Analysis of WiFi network to compute average end to end delay and packet delivery ratio.
9	Link budget analysis of a GSM Network using Scilab / Matlab.
10	Link budget analysis of a WCDMA Network using Scilab / Matlab.
11	Simulation of Wireless Sensor Network (IEEE802.15.4)in NS2 or any other simulator.

## **Theory Assessments:**

1. **Internal Assessment**: Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

## 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.

Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module

#### Lab Assessments:

#### 1.Term work Assessment:

- Term work should consist of 10 experiments.
- Journal must include at least 2 assignments

Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 10-marks, Attendance Theory& Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 10-marks)

## 2.Oral/Viva Assessment:

Based on the above contents and entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Vijay K. Garg, "Wireless Communication and Networking", Morgan -Kaufmann
- 2. Series in Networking—Elsevier
- 3. Theodore S. Rappaport, "wireless communications principles and practice", PEARSON, Second edition.
- 4. T L Singal, "Wireless Communications", Mc Graw Hill Education.
- 5. Fundamentals of 5G Mobile Networks: Jonathan Rodriguez (Ist Edition), Wiley Publication

- 1. WAP Development with WML and WML Script: Ben Forta and Keith
- 2. Dr SunilkumarS. Manvi, Mahabaleshwar S. Kakkasageri, "Wireless and Mobile
- 3. Networks Concepts and Protocol", Wiley India Pvt Ltd.
- 4. Raj Kamal, "Internet of Things Architecture & Design Principles" Mcgraw Hill
- 5. Kazem Sohraby, Daniel Minoli, and Taieb Znati, "Wireless Sensor Networks:
- 6. Technology, Protocols, and Applications", Wiley Student Edition.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
IL 360	Entrepreneurship	03	-	-	03	-	-	03

		<b>Examination Scheme</b>									
Course		Theory Marks									
Code	Course Name	Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total		
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Orai	Total		
IL 360	Entrepreneurship	40	40	40	60	_		_	100		

- 1. To understand the basic concepts of entrepreneurship.
- 2. To understand the role of entrepreneurship in economic development
- 3. To understand the importance of opportunity recognition and internal and external analyses to the success of a business venture
- 4. To enable the learners to know the factors contributed in failure of the enterprise

## **Course Outcomes**:

- 1. Analyse the business environment in order to identify business opportunities
- 2. Identify the elements of success of entrepreneurial ventures
- 3. Evaluate the effectiveness of different entrepreneurial strategies,
- 4. Interpret their own business plan

## **Detailed Theory Syllabus:**

Modul e No	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Conceptual definition of entrepreneurs and entrepreneurship, Advantages and Disadvantages of Being an Entrepreneur, Entrepreneurial motivation, Entrepreneurial characteristics	8
2	Recognizing, assessment and Exploiting the Opportunity, Conducting Internal and External Analyses, Determining the Feasibility of the Concept, Selecting a Marketing Strategy	6
3	Entrepreneurial Business Types A. Overview of Franchising and Their Advantages and Disadvantages B. Overview of Buyouts & Their Advantages and Disadvantages C. Overview of Family Businesses and Their Advantages and Disadvantages	6

4	The Overall Business Plan, Purpose of the Business Plan, Components of the Business Plan, Presentation of the Business Plan, Matching the Business Plan to the Needs of the Firm	6
5	The Marketing Plan, conducting a Market Analysis, Understanding the Target Market, Reaching the Target Market through Locale and Engagement	8
6	Entrepreneurial failure, early stage failure, late stage failure	6

Internal Assessment: 40 marks

End Semester Examination: 60 Marks

## **Books and References:**

1. Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship by H. Nandan, PHI

2. Entrepreneurship by Robert Hisrich, Michael Peters, Dean Shepherd, Sabyasachi Sinha, Mc Graw Hill

3. Why startups fail: A new roadmap for entrepreneurial success by Tom Eisenmann

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
IL 361	IPR and Patenting	03	-	-	03	-	-	03

	Course Name		Examination Scheme								
Course Code		Theory Marks Internal assessment			End	Term	Dwastigal	Owal	Total		
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Practical	Oral	Totai		
IL 361	IPR and Patenting	40	40	40	60	-	-	-	100		

- 1. To introduce fundamental aspects of Intellectual property Rights to learners who are going to play a major role in development and management of innovative projects in industries.
- 2. To get acquainted with Patent search, patent filing and copyright filing procedure and applications, and can make a career as a patent or copyright attorney.
- 3. To make aware about current trends in IPR and Govt. steps in fostering IPR

# **Course Outcomes**:

- 1. Understand the importance of IPR, types of Patent type and its importance in industries.
- 2. Able to search, draft and file the patent and copyright application to the patent office.
- 3. Learn the recent trends of IPR and can open the way for the students to catch up Intellectual Property (IP) as a career option:
  - a) R&D IP Counsel in research organization
  - b) Government Jobs Patent Examiner
  - c) Private Jobs
  - d) Patent agent and Trademark agent.

# **Detailed Theory Syllabus:**

Module No	Module	Detailed Content	Hrs.
1	Overview of Intellectual Property	Introduction and the need for intellectual property right (IPR) - Kinds of Intellectual Property Rights: Patent, Copyright, Trade Mark, Design, Geographical Indication, Plant Varieties and Layout Design – Genetic Resources and Traditional Knowledge – Trade Secret - IPR in India: Genesis and development – IPR in abroad - Major International Instruments concerning Intellectual Property Rights: Paris Convention, 1883, the Berne Convention, 1886, the Universal Copyright Convention, 1952, the WIPO Convention, 1967,the Patent Co-operation Treaty, 1970, the TRIPS Agreement, 1994	9
2	Patents	Patents - Elements of Patentability: Novelty, Non-Obviousness (Inventive Steps), Industrial Application - Non - Patentable Subject Matter - Registration Procedure, Rights and Duties of Patentee, Assignment and licence, Restoration of lapsed Patents, Surrender and Revocation of Patents, Infringement, Remedies & Penalties - Patent office and Appellate Board	7
3	Copyright	Nature of Copyright - Subject matter of copyright: original literary, dramatic, musical, artistic works; cinematograph films and sound recordings - Registration Procedure, Term of protection, Ownership of copyright, Assignment and licence of copyright - Infringement, Remedies & Penalties – Related Rights - Distinction between related rights and copyrights	6
4	Trademark	Concept of Trademarks - Different kinds of marks (brand names, logos, signatures, symbols, well known marks, certification marks and service marks) - Non-Registrable Trademarks - Registration of Trademarks - Rights of holder and assignment and licensing of marks - Infringement, Remedies & Penalties - Trademark's registry and appellate board	6

5	Patent Acts	Section 21 of the Indian Patent Act, 1970 (and corresponding Rules and Forms) with specific focus on Definitions, Criteria of Patentability, Non-Patentable Subject Matters, Types of Applications, and Powers of Controllers. Section 25 - Section 66 of the Indian Patent Act, 1970 with specific focus on the Oppositions, Anticipation, Provisions of Secrecy, Revocations, Patent of Addition, and Restoration of Patents.  Section 67 - Section 115 of the Indian Patent Act, 1970 with specific focus on Patent Assignments, Compulsory Licensing, Power of Central Government, and Infringement Proceedings. Section 116 - Section 162 of the Indian Patent Act, 1970 with specific focus on Convention/PCT Applications, Functions of Appellate Board and other Provisions. Amendment Rules 2016 with emphasis on important revisions to examination and Hearing procedures; provisions for start-ups and fees	9
6	Indian IP Policy	India's New National IP Policy, 2016 – Govt. of India step towards promoting IPR – Govt. Schemes in IPR – Career Opportunities in IP – IPR.	3

Internal Assessment: 40 marks

End Semester Examination: 60 Marks

## **Books and References:**

## **Books:**

- 1. Nithyananda, K V. (2019). Intellectual Property Rights: Protection and Management. India, IN: Cengage Learning India Private Limited.
- 2. Neeraj, P., & Khusdeep, D. (2014). Intellectual Property Rights. India, IN: PHI learning Private Limited.

- 1. Ahuja, V K. (2017). Law relating to Intellectual Property Rights. India, IN: Lexis Nexis.
- 2. World Intellectual Property Organisation. (2004). WIPO Intellectual property Handbook. Retrieved from https://www.wipo.int/edocs/pubdocs/en/intproperty/489/wipo\_pub489.pdf

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
IL 362	Introduction to Bioengineering	03	-	-	03	-	-	03

				]	Examinat	ion Sche	me					
Course			Theo	ry Marks								
Code	Course Name	Int	ernal ass	essment	End	Term	Practical	Oral To	Total			
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical		Total			
IL 362	Introduction to Bioengineering	40	40	40	60	-		-	100			

- 1. To understand and analyze the human body as a mechanical assembly of linkages and describe the fundamentals of biomechanics.
- 2. To Study the deformability, strength, visco elasticity of bone and flexible tissues, modes of loading and failure and describe the types and mechanics of skeletal joints.
- 3. To describe movement precisely, using well defined terms (kinematics) and also to consider the role of force in movement (kinetics).
- 4. To teach students the unique features of biological flows, especially constitutive laws and boundaries.
- 5. To teach students approximation methods in fluid mechanics and their constraints.
- 6. To consider the mechanics of orthopedic implants and joint replacement, mechanical properties of blood vessels and Alveoli mechanics

#### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Apply a broad and coherent knowledge of the underlying principles and concepts of biomechanics, particularly in the fields of kinematics and kinetics as applied to human and projectile motion.
- 2. Understand and describe the properties of blood, bone and soft tissues like articular cartilage tendons and ligaments.
- 3. Gain broad knowledge about the mechanics of moving systems and familiarity with human anatomy to competently analyze gross movement of the human body.
- 4. Be able to computationally analyze the dynamics of human movement from the most commonly used measurement devices in the field, such as motion capture and force platform systems.
- 5. Use knowledge gained to competently interpret the current understanding of human movement and present recommendations for further study.

#### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Mod	Detailed Contents	Hrs
ule		
1	Introduction: Definition of Biomechanics, Selected Historical highlights, The Italian	06
1	Renaissance, Gait century, Engineering Physiology & Anatomy	00
	Tissue Biomechanics:	
2	Bone structure & composition mechanical properties of bone, cortical and cancellous	08
	bones, viscoelastic properties, Maxwell & Voight models – anisotropy. Structure and	08
	functions of Soft Tissues: Cartilage, Tendon, Ligament, and Muscle	
	Joints Biomechanics: Skeletal joints, forces and stresses in human joints, Analysis of	
3	rigid bodies in equilibrium, free body diagrams, types of joint, biomechanical analysis	07
	of elbow, shoulder, hip, knee and ankle.	
4	Biomaterials: Brief Anatomy, Bone, cartilage, ligament, tendon, Muscles, biofluid	06
4	their physical properties	00
5	Implants: General concepts of Implants, classification of implants, Soft tissues	06
6	Application of advanced engineering techniques to the human body, case studies.	06

#### **Assessment:**

Internal Assessment: 40 marks

End Semester Examination: 60 Marks

- 1. Nigg, B.M.and Herzog, W., "BIOMECHANICS of Musculo skeleton system", John Willey & Sons, 1st Edition.
- 2. Saltzman, W.L., "BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING: Bridging medicine and Technology", Cambridge Text, First Edition.
- 3. Winter, D., "BIOMECHANICS and Motor Control of Human Movement", WILEY Interscience Second edition
- 4. Prof. Ghista, Biomechanics, Private Publication UAF, 2009
- 5. White & Puyator, Biomechanics, Private publication UAE, 2010
- 6. R. M. Kennedy, A textbook of Biomedical Engineering, GTU, 2010
- 7. Richard Shalak & ShuChien, Handbook of Bioengineering,
- 8. Sean P. Flanagan, Flanagan, Biomechanics: A case based Approach, Jones & Bartlett Publishers, 2013
- 9. Y. C. Fung, Yuan-Cheng Fung, Biomechanics: mechanical Property of living Tissue, Springer, 1996.
- 10. Carol A. Oatis, The Mechanics and Pathomechanics of Human Movement, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2010

Course	Course	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial	Total
Code	Name	(Hrs.)	(Hrs.)	(Hrs.)	(Credits)		(Credits)	(Credits)
IL 363	Product Design	03	-	-	03	-	-	03

				E	xaminati	on Scher	ne						
Course			Theo	ry Marks									
Code	Course Name	Int	ernal ass	essment	End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total				
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Orai					
IL 363	Product Design	40	40	40	60	-	-	-	100				

- 1. To familiarize with fundamental product design concepts
- 2. To acquaint with product design methodologies
- 3. To understand product design needs and issues in industry

## Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion students will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate product design and development process.
- 2. Analyze a product in perspective of aesthetic and ergonomic considerations.
- 3. Illustrate considerations of Design for Manufacturing and Assembly in product development.
- 4. Apply appropriate tools and techniques in the design of solutions that are usable and functional for various applications.
- 5. Design the products as per the customer/industry requirements
- 6. Apply principles of economy and demonstrate legal and social issues pertaining to product development.

#### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Module	Detailed content	Hours
1	Product definition, specification, Phases of product development: conceptual, embodiment and detailed design, product and technology development cycle, Concept generation and evaluation methods, product architecture, Product life cycle Management with case studies, Product analysis.  Creativity and Idea generation technique, importance of Quality Dimensions: Performance, Features, aesthetics, Ergonomics, Reliability, Sustainability, Serviceability, Brand value, Value Vs cost, Importance of shape, color, feature & Resemblance.	06

2	Design Factors: Ergonomics, Aesthetics, Anthropometry, Comforts, Economic factors Axiomatic design principles and case studies.  Design Thinking, Design by Innovation and collaboration  Material and Process selection Methods, Expert systems. Computer Database Approach, performance indices decision matrix, AHP and fuzzy approach, Introduction to material and process selection software.	06
3	Design for Manufacturing (DFM) and Design for Assembly (DFA) Designs for Maintainability and Reliability and some methods for reliability assessment, Designs for Environment, Design for Robustness: Taguchi Designs & Design of Experiments (DOE).	08
4	Product Design Tools and Techniques: Value Engineering / Value Analysis: definition, methodology- FAST, Benchmarking, Supplier involvement robust design, QFD, Design & process FMEA. Reverse Engineering, Concurrent engineering & Sequential engineering, Case studies.	08
5	Product Development Cycle and Importance of Prototyping. Types of prototypes. Principal and advantages & Different Type of Generative Manufacturing process, Viz. Stereo lithography. FDM, SLS etc. Factors Concerning to RP: Consideration for Adoptions, Advantages, Accuracy and Economic Consideration.  Introduction to Assembly Modeling, Top-Down and Bottom-Up Approaches of AM, Mating Conditions, representation Schemes. Generation of Assembly Sequences. Case studies	06
6	Economics of Product Development: Product costing, Principals of Economy, Engineering Economy and Design Process, Economic Analysis, Inflation, Time Value of Money, Numerical on Internal Rate of Return and Net Present Value (NPV) method.  Legal and social issues, Patents and IP acts.	06

Internal Assessment: 40 marks

End Semester Examination: 60 Marks

#### **References:**

1. Product Design and Manufacturing by A.K.Chitale, R.C.Gupta, PHI.

- 2. Product Design and Development by Ulirich Karl T. and Eppinger Steven D, McGraw Hill.
- 3. Engineering Design by Dieter George E., McGraw Hill.
- 4. Handbook of Product Design for Manufacturing by Bralla, James G, McGraw Hill.
- 5. Product Design by Kevin Otto & Kristin Wood

Back to Scheme

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
IL 364	Visual Arts	03	-	-	03	ı	ı	03

				I	Examinat	ion Sche	me					
Course Code	Course Name		Theo	ry Marks								
		Int	ernal ass	essment	End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total			
Couc			Test1	Test 2	Total of 2	Sem.	Work	Tractical	Orai	Total		
		10311	1cst 2	Tests	Exam							
IL 364	Visual Arts	10	10	20	40	-	40	ı	100			

- 1. To enable learners to develop aesthetic judgement, visual perception, critical thinking skills in the different forms of art and understand its application.
- 2. To promote the concept of visual design and understand the different meanings assigned to colours, its impact and problems.
- 3. To provide the opportunity and scope to use the image editing software for creating images for Web and Video.
- 4. To inculcate the basic skills required in drawing and painting through exposure in nature and study of still objects.
- 5. To train students to express their feelings and write imaginatively.
- 6. To prepare the learners for the use of clay modelling techniques and its industrial applications.

## Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Acquire the skills necessary for aesthetic judgement, visual perception and critical thinking required in different forms of art.
- 2. Demonstrate the understanding of the concept of visual design with respect to the different meanings assigned to colours and the problems associated.
- 3. Illustrate effective use of image editing software for creating images for the Web and Video.
- 4. Determine the importance of drawing and painting with respect to nature and still objects.
- 5. Perform successfully in expressing their feelings creatively.
- 6. Develop the techniques required for clay modeling and sculpture for industrial use.

#### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
	History of Art and Architecture- Changing needs and forms of art from the	4
1	Palaeolithic period to The Renaissance period with special reference to Roman,	
	Indian and Chinese art	

2	Introduction and concepts of visual design with special emphasis on the psychological impact of colour	5
3	Introduction to image editing software, tools, application and creating Images for Web and Video. With special reference to Adobe Photoshop	7
4	Fundamentals of Drawing- study of forms in nature, study of objects and study from life, creative painting- basic techniques, tools and equipment, medium of painting.	6
5	Creative writing- Movie critique, book reviews, Poems, short plays and skits, Humorous Essays, Autobiography and short stories.	7
6	Creative sculpture- Introduction to clay modelling techniques, study of natural and man-made objects in clay, Sculpture with various materials - Relief in Metal Sheets - Relief on Wood - Paper Pulp - Thermocol. Sculpture with readymade materials.	7

Internal Assessment: 40 marks

End Semester Examination: 60 Marks

- 1. Gill Martha. (2000). Color Harmony Pastels: A Guidebook for Creating Great Color Combinations. Rockport Publishers.
- 2. Janson, Anthony F. (1977). History of art, second edition, H.W. Janson. Instructor's manual. Englewood Cliffs, N.J.: Prentice-Hall.
- 3. Brommer, Gerald F. (1988). *Exploring Drawing*. Worcester, Massachusetts: Davis Publications.
- 4. Wendy Burt Thomas. (2010). The Everything Creative Writing Book: All you need to know to write novels, plays, short stories, screenplays, poems, articles, or blogs: All You Need ... Stories, Screenplays, Blogs and More. Fw Media; 2nd edition.
- 5. Élisabeth Bonvalot. (2020). Sculpting Book: A Complete Introduction to Modeling the Human Figure. (Publisher not mentioned)

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
IL 365	Journalism, Media and Communication	03	-	-	03	-	-	03
	Studies							

		Examination Scheme								
	Course Name		Theor	y Marks						
Course		Internal assessment			End	Term				
Code		Test 1	Test 2	Total of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Practical	Oral	Total	
IL 365	Journalism, Media and Communication Studies	15	15	30	45	25	-	-	100	

- 1. Provide a good grounding in the basic concepts of Journalism, Mass communication and Media
- 2. Familiarize learners with reporting and editing practices.
- 3. Teach students to write editorials, feature articles, interviews, reviews, criticism etc.
- 4. To inculcate the skills required for writing in online newspapers, blogs, email and cell phone.
- 5. To prepare the learners for understanding the importance of Press laws and Ethics.
- 6. To train learners in advertising techniques and Public Relation Communication

## Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Acquire conceptual and theoretical knowledge of Journalism, Mass Communication and Media Studies and learn to think critically about issues and topics of the subject.
- 2. Demonstrate the understanding of reporting and editing from Newspaper and the Organization.
- 3. Perform successfully in writing effective editorials, featured articles reviews etc.
- 4. Illustrate the skills required for writing in online newspapers, blogs, emails etc.
- 5. Determine the importance of Press Laws and Ethics.
- 6. Develop an understanding of the techniques required for advertising and Public Relation Communication.

#### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
1	Introduction to Journalism, Communication, Media and Cultural Studies- Basics of Mass communication, Pioneers of Indian Journalism, Introduction to newspapers, magazines and other publications. Introduction to broadcast journalism with special reference to television	5
2	Reporting and Editing Practices-Reporting different news, stories from Newspaper, and Organization. Principles of editing, rewriting, and translation	7
3	Writing for Print- Newspaper Content Writing Opinion pieces, editorials, feature articles, interviews, profiles, reviews, criticism etc.	7
4	Writing for Media- Introduction to New Media Writing for Online newspapers Blogs Cell phone Communication E-mail	6
5	Press Laws and Ethics- Origin and definition of Law, Law and Morality, Types of Law – Civil and Criminal, Press Legislations, Freedom of the Press Defamation Contempt of Court	4
6	Public Relations and Advertising- Introduction to Public Relations Stages of PR Communication with Public Need and Meaning of Advertising, Advertising strategies and Sales Promotion	7

#### **Assessment:**

Internal Assessment: 40 marks

End Semester Examination: 60 Marks

- **1.** Rangaswamy, Parthasaratihi, (1985). *Journalism in India*, Sterling Publication, New Delhi.
- 2. Jeffrey, Robin, (2009). India's Newspaper Evolution, Oxford University Press, Delhi.
- **3.** Singh, Devvrat. (2012). *Indian Television: Content, Issues and Challenges*, HarAnand Publications Delhi.
- **4.** Daryl L. Frazell, George Tuck. (1996). *Principles of Editing: A Comprehensive Guide for Students and Journalists Principles of Editing: A Comprehensive Guide for Students and Journalists*. McGraw-Hill
- 5. Barry Newman. (2015). News to Me: Finding and Writing Colorful Feature Stories. Paperback
- **6.** The Associated Press. (2017). *The Associated Press Stylebook: and Briefing on Media Law.* Revised, Updated Edition. Paperback.
- 7. Kristina Halvorson. (2012) Content Strategy for the Web, 2nd Edition. New Riders

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
IL 366	Computational Physics	03	-	-	03	-	-	03

Course Code		Examination Scheme								
	Course Name		Theo	ry Marks						
		Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	   Total	
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Oral	Total	
IL 366	Computational Physics	20	20	20	40	20	20	-	100	

1. To expose the students to the vast field of computational physics.

# Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. To understand various approaches of simulating physical systems on a computer.
- 2. To choose the correct method to solve a computational problem.

## **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Module	Detail Content	Hrs.
1	Introduction to Statistical Mechanics :	6
	Thermodynamics and kinetic theory, specification of state of system,	
	Concept of ensemble, phase space, microcanonical ensemble (NVE),	
	statistical concept of temperature, canonical ensemble (NVT),	
	equipartition theorem, Maxwell-Boltzmann velocity distribution, grand	
2	canonical ensemble (µVT), chemical potential  Molecular Dynamics (MD):	7
2		/
	Integrating equation of motion of a few variables, role of molecular dynamics (MD), the basic machinery, Lennard-Jones potentials modeling	
	physical system, boundary conditions, time integration algorithm	
3	Starting a simulation, simulation of microcanonical (NVE) and canonical	7
	ensemble (NVT), controlling the system (temperature, pressure),	
	thermostats and barostats, equilibration, running, measuring and	
	analyzing MD simulation data, measurement of statistical quantities,	
	interatomic potentials, force fields.	
4	Monte Carlo (MC) Method:	6
	Random number: Definition, True and Pseudo random number	
	generators (RNG), uniform and non-uniform RNG, Linux RNG, testing a	
	RNG.	
5	Monte Carlo simulations :	7
	Buffon's needles, MC Integration, hit and miss ( estimation of pi and e),	
	stochastic processes, sample mean integration, importance sampling,	

	Markov Chain, Metropolis method, master equation, introduction to 2D-Ising model.  Random walk:  1-D and 2-D random walk, calculation of rms displacement.	
6	Introduction to Simulations of quantum systems	3

Internal Assessment: 40 marks

End Semester Examination: 60 Marks

- 1. Statistical Physics Vol. 5 (from the series of Berkeley Physics Course)
- 2. Introduction to Computational Physics by Tao Pang (Cambridge University Press)
- 3. An Introduction to Computer Simulation Methods : Applications to Physical Systems by Harvey Gould and
- 4. Jan Tobochnik, (Pearson Publications)
- 5. Understanding Molecular Simulations by Frenkel and Smit ( Academic Press )

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
IL 367	Polymers and Polymeric Materials	03	-	-	03	-	-	03

Course Code		Examination Scheme								
	Course Name		Theo	ry Marks						
		Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2	Sem.	Work	Tractical	Orai	Total	
		lesti   lest	Test 2	Tests	Exam					
	Polymers and									
IL 367	Polymeric	40	40	40	60	-	-	-	100	
	Materials									

- 1. To impart a scientific approach and to familiarize the applications of polymeric materials in the field of engineering.
- 2. The student with the knowledge of the basic polymer science will understand and explain scientifically the various problems related to polymeric materials in the industry/engineering field.
- 3. To develop abilities and skills that are relevant to the study and practice of polymer science and engineering.

## Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. To understand and analyze various polymeric materials and to establish the structure property relationship.
- 2. To select the proper polymeric material for specific industrial applications.
- 3. To become familiarized with various characterization techniques related to polymeric materials.

## **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Module	Detail Content	Hrs.
1	Basic understanding of Polymeric aspects:	9
	Monomers, functionality, degree of polymerizations, classification of	
	polymers, glass transition, melting transition, criteria for rubberiness,	
	polymerization methods: addition and condensation; metallocene	
	polymers and other newer techniques of polymerization,	
	copolymerization, monomer reactivity ratios and its significance,	
	different copolymers, random, alternating, azeotropic copolymerization,	
	block and graft copolymers, concept of average molecular weight,	
	determination of number average, weight average	
2	Polymer Technology:	5

	Compounding of plastics, Polymer compounding-need and significance,	
	different compounding ingredients for rubber and plastics, crosslinking	
	and vulcanization	
3	Polymer Processing:	6
	Fabrication of plastics by different moulding process, Compression	
	molding, transfer molding, injection molding, blow molding, reaction	
	injection molding, extrusion, pultrusion, calendaring, rotational molding,	
	thermoforming, rubber processing in two-roll mill, internal mixer	
4	Polymer blends:	6
	Thermo- dynamical aspects of polymer blends and its miscibility, Role of	
	compatibilizer, Composition based structure (dispersed and	
	co-continuous), properties and its application, choice of polymers for	
	blending, thermodynamics, phase morphology, polymer alloys, polymer	
	eutectics, plastic-plastic, rubber-plastic and rubber-rubber blends	
5	Polymer composites:	6
	Fundamentals of polymer composites, Advanced polymer	
	nanocomposites, Fillers used for polymer composites, Effect of	
	processing condition and composition, Polymer composites structure,	
	characterisation and design, physical and chemical modification of	
	polymer composites.	
	1-D and 2-D random walk, calculation of rms displacement.	
6	Testing of Polymeric Materials:	7
	Samples preparation, Mechanical-static and dynamic tensile, flexural,	
	compressive, abrasion, endurance, fatigue, hardness, tear, resilience,	
	impact, toughness. Conductivity-thermal and electrical, dielectric	
	constant, dissipation factor, power factor, electric resistance, surface	
	resistivity, volume resistivity, swelling, aging resistance, establishment of	
I	structure property relationship	

Internal Assessment: 40 marks

End Semester Examination: 60 Marks

- 1. "Fundamentals of Polymer Engineering" by Anil Kumar and Rakesh Gupta.
- 2. "Principles of Polymer Systems" by F Rodriguez.
- "Polymer Science" by V R Gorwankar.
   "Textbook of Polymer Science" by F W Billmeyer. 5. "Polymer Chemistry" by P C Heimenz.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
IL 368	Vehicle Safety	03	-	-	03	-	-	03

	Course Name	<b>Examination Scheme</b>								
Course		Theory Marks								
Course Code		Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
Couc		Test1 Test	Tost 2	Avg. of 2	Sem.	Work	Tractical	Orai	Total	
			1CSt 2	Tests						
IL 368	Vehicle Safety	40	40	40	60	-	-	-	100	

- 1. To familiarize basic concepts of vehicle safety
- 2. To familiarize accident reconstruction analysis methods
- 3. To acquaint with different issues related to vehicle safety in India

## Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Comprehend Vehicle design from safety point of view.
- 2. Apply concepts of accident reconstruction analysis in real world.
- 3. Enumerate interrelationship among occupant, restraint systems and vehicles in accidents
- 4. Illustrate role and significance of seat in Rear crash safety
- 5. Demonstrate different active and passive safety systems available in vehicles
- 6. Contribute to the society by being proactive to the cause of safety on roads and in vehicles

## **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs.						
1	Introduction to vehicle safety-the integrated approach and its classification	6						
	SAVE LIVES- by WHO							
	Importance of Risk evaluation and communication, Concepts of Universal							
	design, India's BNVSAP and its outcomes							
2	Crash and distracted driver, Human error control	8						
	Crash Testing, Use of Dummies, evolution and built of dummies.							
	elevance of Star ratings, NCAPs around the world-							
	Accident Data, Biomechanics and Occupant Simulation							
	Vehicle Body Testing, Dynamic Vehicle Simulation Tests							
	Occupant Protection, Compatibility, Interrelationship Among Occupants,							
	Restraint Systems and Vehicle in Accidents							
3	Significance of Rear Crash Safety	6						
	Role of seat in Rear crash safety							
	Self aligning head restraints							
	Pedestrian Protection testing and systems							
	Under run Protection Devices							

4	Introduction to Accident Analysis Reconstruction methods Skid distances and Critical speed from Tire Yaw marks Reconstruction of Vehicular Rollover Accidents Analysis of Collisions Reconstruction Applications Impulse Momentum Theory Crush Energy Photogrammetry for accident constructions	8
5	Antilock braking system Electronic Stability Program Low tire pressure warning system Collision avoidance systems	5
6	Basic Vehicle Operations and Road/Helmet Safety Activity	6

Internal Assessment: 40 marks

End Semester Examination: 60 Marks

- 1. Automotive vehicle safety by George Peters and Barbara Peters, CRC Press, 2002.
- 2. Vehicle Accident Analysis and Reconstruction Methods by Raymond M. Brach and R. Matthew Brach, SAE International, Second Edition, 2011.
- 3. Role of the seat in rear crash safety by David C. Viano, SAE International, 2002.
- 4. Automotive Safety Handbook by Ulrich W. Seiffert and LotharWech, SAE International, 2007.
- 5. Public Safety Standards of the Republic of India

Course	Course	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial	Total
Code	Name	(Hrs.)	(Hrs.)	(Hrs.)	(Credits)		(Credits)	(Credits)
IL 369	Maintenance of Electronics Equipment	1	-	1	-	3	1	03

Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme									
		Theory Marks									
		Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total		
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Fractical	Orai	Total		
IL 369	Maintenance of Electronics Equipment	20	20	40	-	30	30	-	100		

## Lab Objectives:

- 1. To demonstrate use of different types of hand tools
- 2. To understand testing of different active and passive components mounted on PCB
- 3. To understand functionality TTL and CMOS digital IC tester
- 4. To demonstrate computer assembling, troubleshooting and software installation
- 5. To understand/demonstrate concept of circuit diagram of LED/LCD TV, DTH and mobile phone troubleshooting
- 6. To understand concept of medical equipments

## Lab Outcomes:

- 1. Demonstrate use of different types of hand tools
- 2. Understand testing of different active and passive components mounted on PCB
- 3. Understand functionality TTL and CMOS digital IC tester
- 4. Demonstrate computer assembling, troubleshooting and software installation
- 5. Understand/demonstrate concept of circuit diagram of LED/LCD TV, DTH and mobile phone troubleshooting
- 6. Understand concept of medical equipments

SN	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description	Hrs.
1	Demonstrate use of various hand held tools.	2
2	Test the performance of different passive electronic components (fixed/variable)	2
3	Test the performance of active electronic components like general purpose transistor/FET/MOSFET/SCR/ DIAC/TRIAC with DMM and CRO OR Components Tester	4
4	Verify the functionality of TTL and CMOS Digital IC's using IC tester	4
5	Explore a datasheet of minimum any five electronics components and analog/ Digital IC's.	2
6	Draw the given regulated power supply circuit/ SMPS ( from any television/fridge/ computer system/ laboratory etc)	2

7	Identify basic sections of a personal computer/Laptop	2
8	Demonstrate Assembling of Personal Computer/Laptop	4
9	Troubleshoot the booting process of computer system and install different hardware associated with computer (HDD, LAN Card, Audio System etc)	4
10	Study Installation of Software and Configure Internet	4
11	Explore circuit diagram of LED/LCD TV.	2
12	Demonstrate Installation of DTH system	4
13	Demonstrate installation Solar power system	4
14	Practice steps for mobile troubleshooting	4
15	Visit to Medical Equipment Industry/Laboratory	8

Internal Assessment: 40 marks

End Semester Examination: 60 Marks

## **Books/References:**

- 1. Troubleshooting and Maintenance of Electronics Equipment, Singh K. Sudeep, Katson Book ,New Delhi ,II edition , Reprint 2014
- 2. Mobile repairing Books, Manohar Lotia, BPB Publication, New Delhi, latest edition
- 3. Troubleshooting Electronic Equipment: Includes Repair and Maintenance, Second Edition, Khandpur R. S., Tata McGraw-Hill Education, New Delhi, India, latest edition.
- 4. Data Books, National semiconductor.

Course	Course	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial	Total
Code	Name	(Hrs.)	(Hrs.)	(Hrs.)	(Credits)		(Credits)	(Credits)
EC 392	Project-A		04			02	1	02

	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
Course Code		Theory Marks			ъ.	T		Oral	Total	
		Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical			
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work				
EC 392	Project-A					25	7- (	25	50	

## Lab Objectives:

- 1. To offer students a glimpse into real world problems and challenges that need Engineering based Solutions
- 2. To enable students to create very precise specifications of the Engineering solution to be designed.
- 3. To introduce students to the vast array of literature available of the various research challenges in the field of Electronics and Computer Science Engineering.
- 4. To create awareness among the students of the characteristics of several domain areas where Electronics and Computer Science Engineering can be effectively used.
- 5. To enable students to use all concepts in creating a solution for a problem
- 6. To improve the team building, communication and management skills of the students.

## Lab Outcomes: Student will be able to:

- 1. Discover potential research areas in the field of Electronics and Computer Science Engineering.
- 2. Conduct a survey of several available literatures in the preferred field of study
- 3. Compare and contrast the several existing solutions for research challenge.
- 4. Demonstrate an ability to work in teams and manage the conduct of the research study.
- 5. Formulate and propose a plan for creating a solution for the research plan identified
- 6. To report and present the findings of the study conducted in the preferred domain

#### **Guidelines:**

- 1. The project work is to be conducted by a group of two to four students
- **2.** Each group will be associated with a project mentor/guide. The group should meet with the project mentor/guide periodically and record of the meetings and work discussed must be documented.
- 3. Department has to allocate half day for the project work in VI semester.
- 4. To encourage project based learning in the curriculum students may identify their technical domain area in semester VI and can perform the Mini-project in the VI semester or students may do literature survey.
- 5. Each group along with its guide/mentor shall identify a potential research area/problem domain, on which the study is to be conducted.

- 6. Each team will do a rigorous literature survey of the problem domain by reading and understanding at least 3-5 research papers from current good quality national/international journals/conferences.
- 7. (Papers selected must be indexed by Scopus/IEEE/Springer/ACM etc.). The list of papers surveyed must be clearly documented.
- 8. The project assessment for term work will be done at least two times at department level by giving presentation to panel members which consist of at least three (3) members as internal examiners (including the project guide/mentor) appointed by the Head of the department.
- 9. A report is to be prepared summarizing the findings of the literature survey. A comparative evaluation of the different techniques surveyed is also to be done.
- 10. Teams must analyze all the results obtained by comparing with other standard techniques.
- 11. Every team must publish their work in national / international conference/journals if possible (publish in Scopus indexed journals).
- 12. The team will finally propose a plan for project work to be continued in the final year.

## **Project Assessment:**

#### 1.Evaluation:

- 1. Each team has to give presentation/demo to the Internal Panel and External examiner.
- 2. Each team will prepare a report that will summarize the results of the literature survey and the project proposal. The list of papers surveyed must be clearly documented.
- 3. Each group will be jointly evaluated by a team of Internal and External Examiners approved by the Department of Electronics and Computer Science Engineering.
- 4. Oral exam will be conducted on the project done by the students.

#### 2.Term Work:

Term Work shall consist of full Literature survey/ Mini-project and Presentation on above guidelines/syllabus.

#### 3.Oral Exam:

An Oral exam will be held based on the Literature survey/ Mini-project and Presentation.

# Bachelor of Technology In Electronics & Computer Science

(Semester VII)

Course Code	Course Name	Scheme	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
EC 401	Personal Finance	Contact Hours	2	-	-	2
EC 401	Management	Credits	2	-	-	1

	Course Name	Examination Scheme									
Course Code			Theor	y Marks							
		Internal Assessment			End	Term	   Practical	Oral	Total		
		IA 1	IA 2	Average	Sem Exam	Work	Fractical	Orai	Totai		
EC 401	Personal Finance Management	20	20	20	40	-	-		60		

## **Course Objectives**: The course or instructor aims

- 1. To introduce the basic concepts of finance and their practical application.
- 2. To demonstrate the process of drafting a financial budget.
- 3. To explain investment avenues and planning of personal finance.
- 4. To develop portfolio strategies for individual and institutional investor
- 5. To discuss various components of insurance and tax management.
- 6. To introduce financial frauds, measures to avoid frauds and resources of frauds.

## **Course Outcomes**: On successful completion of course learner/student will be able:

- 1. To know basic concepts of finance and interpret current business positions by reading books of accounts .
- 2. To analyze investment avenues and plan personal finance to develop portfolio strategies for individuals .
- 3. To Develop skills to interpret current market position.
- 4. To Create analytical approach for financial decisions.
- 5. To learn and understand Tax and Insurance management.
- 6. To identify financial frauds and understand the level of financial aspects.

## **Detailed Theory Syllabus:**

SN	Module	Detailed Contents of Module	Hrs
1	Introduction to	Financial Planning Process: Goal, Vision and mission, Components of	3
	Personal Financial	Personal Financial Plan, Advantages of developing personal financial plan.	
	Planning	pan.	
2	Financial	Meaning and Process of Drafting Financial Budget, Components of	3
	Budget	Financial Budget, Drafting Financial Budget.	
3	Investment	Meaning of Investment, Concept of Risk and Return and Time Value	6
	Management	of Money, Investment Avenues, Portfolio Creation and Management.	
4	Insurance and	Components of Insurance: Life Insurance, Health Insurance, Property	3
	Spending	Insurance, Spending Management.	
	Management		
5	Tax	Introduction to Tax Regime and Tax Returns, Introduction to Income	3
	Management	Tax and its impact on Incomes ,Tax on property: Revenue and Capital	
	_	Incomes, Tax Management, Tax Saving, Tax Avoidance	
6	Financial	Meaning and Types of Fraud, Investment Frauds, Online Payment	6
	Frauds	Frauds, Identity Theft, Mass Marketing Fraud , Measures to avoid	
		frauds, Recourse from frauds, Cases of Frauds	

# **Theory Assessment:**

#### **Internal Assessment: 20 marks**

Consisting of Two compulsory internal assessments 20 Marks each. The final marks will be the average score of both the assessments.

## **End Semester Examination: 40 Marks**

Weightage of each module in the end semester examination will be proportional to the number of respective lecture hours mentioned in the curriculum.

## **Books and References:**

- 1. Financial Management: I M Pandey, Vikas Publishing House.
- 2. Financial Management: M.Y. Khan, P.K. Jain, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. Financial Management: Prassana Chandra, Prentice Hall.
- 4. Investment Analysis & Portfolio Management- Prasanna Chandra, Tata McGrawHill
- 5. Wealth Management- Dun & Bradstreet, Tata McGrawHill
- 6. Wealth Management- S.K. Bagachi, Jaico publishing house

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 402	Deep Learning	03	02	1	03	01	I	04

	Examination Scheme								
<b>Course Code</b>	Course Name	Theory Marks Internal assessment End			End	Term	Dwastinal		T-4-1
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Practical	Oral	Total
EC 402	Deep Learning	40	40	40	60	25	<u>-</u>	25	150

- 1. To learn the fundamentals of Neural Network.
- 2. To gain an insight into optimization and regularization of Deep Neural Networks
- 3. To acquire knowledge of advanced concepts of Convolution Neural Networks, Recurrent Neural Networks and Autoencoders.
- 4. To understand the applications of DL algorithms in image classification, image captioning, image generation, text summarization and video to Text operation.

## **Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to:**

- 1. Understand fundamentals concepts of Neural Network and Deep Networks.
- 2. Gain an in-depth understanding of training, optimization and regularization of Deep Neural Networks
- 3. Understand and apply concepts of Convolutional Neural Networks for supervised learning applications
- 4. Understand and apply concepts of Recurrent Neural Network for supervised learning applications
- 5. Understand and apply concepts of Autoencoder for unsupervised learning applications
- 6. Gain familiarity with recent trends and applications of Deep Learning.

Prerequisite: Probability and Basic Biological Concepts

# **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hour s
1.	Introduction	<ul> <li>1.1: Introduction to NN Biological Neuron. McCulloch Pitts NN, Linear Separability, Learning Rule: Perceptron, Delta.</li> <li>1.2: Introduction to Deep Learning ML vs DL approach, Types of DL Algorithms, Hyperparameters, Loss functions, Data augmentation, Activation functions: Sigmoid, Tanh, ReLU, Softmax.</li> </ul>	05
2.	Optimization and Regularization	2.1: Optimization  Learning with backpropagation, Learning Parameters: Gradient Descent (GD), Stochastic and Mini Batch GD, Momentum Based GD, Nesterov Accelerated GD, AdaGrad, Adam, RMSProp  2.2: Regularization  Overview of Overfitting, Types of biases, Bias Variance Tradeoff Regularization Methods: L1, L2 regularization, Parameter sharing, Dropout, Weight Decay, Batch normalization, Early stopping, Data Augmentation, Adding noise to input and output	08
3.	Supervised Deep Learning: Convolutional Neural Networks	3.1: Introduction  Edge Detection Filters, Filter Size, Convolutions, Padding, Stride, Compare CNN and ANN, Limitations of CNN.  3.2: Architecture  CNN architecture, Layers: Pooling, Convolutions. Transfer learning, DL architecture: LeNET and AlexNET.	07
4.	Supervised Deep Learning: Recurrent Neural Networks	<ul> <li>4.1: Introduction Recurrent neuron, RNN model, RNN types, Gradients in RNN, Back propagation, Compare CNN and RNN.</li> <li>4.2: Long Short Term Memory Selective Read, Selective write, Selective Forget, Gated Recurrent Unit</li> </ul>	07
5.	Unsupervised Deep Learning: Autoencoders	<ul> <li>5.1: Introduction, Linear Autoencoder, Undercomplete Autoencoder, Overcomplete Autoencoders, Regularization in Autoencoders.</li> <li>5.2: Denoising Autoencoders, Sparse Autoencoders, Contractive Autoencoders.</li> </ul>	07
6.	Applications	<ul><li>6.1: Application of Autoencoders: Image Compression</li><li>6.2: Image classification, Image Captioning, Image generation, Text summarization, Video to Text using LSTM.</li></ul>	05

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

**Lab Prerequisite:** Knowledge of Machine learning algorithms beneficial, Python Programming.

# **Suggested List of Experiments:**

- Implementation of Linear Regression
- Implementation of MNIST Sampler
- Implementation of MNIST Classifier
- Implementation of CNN MNIST Classifier
- Implementation of CNN MNIST Classifier using Functional API
- Implementation of RNN MNIST Classifier
- Implementation of LSTM MNIST Classifier
- Implementation of Transformer MNIST Classifier
- Implementation of MLP on MNIST with L2
- Implementation of MLP on MNIST with Data Augmentation
- Implementation of AutoEncoder and Colorization AutoEncoder
- Implementation of VAE MLP
- Implementation of VAE CNN
- Implementation of CVAE

## **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

## 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

## Lab Assessment:

- 1. **Termwork Assessment:** Term Work shall consist of at least 8 to 10experiments based on the above list. Also Term work Journal must include at least 2 assignments. Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 15 Marks (Experiment) + 5 Marks (Assignments) + 5 Marks (Attendance). The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
- **2. Oral/Viva Assessment:** An oral exam will be held based on the above syllabus.

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Satish Kumar, "Neural Networks: A Classroom Approach", McGraw Hill Education; 2ed, 2017.
- 1. Jacek M. Zurada, "Introduction to Artificial Neural Systems", West Publishing Company, 1092.
- 2. Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio and Aaron Courville, "Deep Learning", MIT Press Ltd, 2016
- 3. Li Deng and Dong Yu, "Deep Learning Methods and Applications", Now Publishers Inc., 2014.
- 4. Mykel J. Kochenderfer and Tim A. Wheeler, "Algorithms for Optimization", The MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts London.

- 1. Simon Haykin, "Neural Network A Comprehensive Foundation", 2ed, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 2. S.N. Sivanandam and S.N. Deepa, "Principles of soft computing", Wiley India
- 3. François Chollet, "Deep learning with Python," New York: Manning, Vol. 361. 2018.
- 4. Douwe Osinga, "Deep Learning Cookbook", O'Reilly; 1st edition, 2018, SPD Publishers.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 403	Data Science	03	02		03	01		04

		Examination Scheme							
Course Code	Course Name	Theory Marks Internal assessment Er			End	Term	Practical	01	Total
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Fractical	Oral	Total
EC 403	Data Science	40	40	40	60	25	-	25	150

- 1. To gain perspective of Big Data, Data Science and its Applications.
- 2. To learn basic concepts of statistics, probability.
- 3. To understand different stages in the Data Science Process.
- 4. To learn the basic data preprocessing, data cleaning and data transformation techniques.
- 5. To understand various algorithms and learning techniques used in data science.
- 6. To investigate the current scope, potential, limitations, and implications of data science and its applications across multiple domains

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of the course students will be able to:

- 1. Translate business challenge into data science challenge.
- 2. Apply structured lifecycle approach to data science projects.
- 3. Analyze the data, create statistical models, and identify insights that can lead to actionable results.
- 4. Apply various data analysis and visualization techniques.
- 5. Apply various algorithms and develop models for data science projects.
- 6. To Provide data science solutions for solving real business problems.

Prerequisite: BDA. ML, DBMS, Python, NLP

#### **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hour s
1.	Introduction to data science	Definition, working, defining goal, benefits and uses of Data Science, Data science vs BI, The data science process, Role of a Data Scientist.	04
2.	Data management and Predictive modeling	Data management - Create the data set, Data collection methods, Data preparation - importance of data 'cleaning', validity and quality. Data analysis  Predictive Modeling - Probability and Statistics Basics, Common machine learning models(Machine Learning Algorithms: Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, Multinomial Logistic Regression, Decision Trees, Naive Bays, SVM, Clustering)	09
3.	Feature Extraction and Text Analytics	Feature engineering, Model selection, Performance metrics and hyperparameter optimization, Confusion Matrix, Model Deployment.  Introduction to text Analytics, Need of Text Analytics, Understanding Text, Cleaning Text Data Sets	07
4.	Data visualization and Tools	Introduction to Data Visualization, Visualization Tools(Area Plots, Histograms, Bar Charts, Pie Charts, Box Plots, Scatter Plots, Waffle Charts, Word Clouds), Visualizing Geospatial Data, visualizing time series data, Importance of data visualization Dashboards.  Data Visualization using R, Python and Tableau.	08
5.	Ethics of data science	Responsibilities of actuaries around data science and AI, Data Science Ethics, Doing good data science, Owners of the data, Valuing different aspects of privacy, Getting informed consent, The Five Cs, Developing ethical and professional safeguards	06
6.	Data Science Applications	<ol> <li>Case Study on Healthcare/Banking/Finance</li> <li>Case Study on Advertisement,/sports/Tourism</li> </ol>	05

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Davy Cielen, Arno D. B. Meysman, Mohamed Ali, —Introducing Data Sciencel, Manning Publication.
- 2. Sanjeev Wagh, Manisha S. Bhende And Anuradha D. Thakare, —Fundamentals of Data Science, Thakare, Taylor and Francis Group, CRC Publication.
- 3. Kevin P. Murphy, "Machine Learning a Probabilistic Perspective", The MIT Press
- 4. Ethics and Data Science, D J Patil, Hilary Mason, Mike Loukides, O' Reilly, 1st edition, 2018

- 1. Noel Cressie, Christopher K. Wikle, "Statistics for Spatio-Temporal Data, Wiley
- 2. Rachel Schutt and Cathy O'Neil, —Doing Data Sciencell, O'Reilly Media
- 3. Joel Grus, Data Science from Scratch: First Principles with Python, O'Reilly Media

4. Practical Tableau by Ryan Sleeper, O'Reilly Media, Inc., April 2018

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

# **Suggested List of Experiments:**

- Python based data preprocessing (02 03 experiments)
- ML algorithm based experiments (02 03 experiments)
- SQL based programming (02 03 experiments)
- Data visualization based experiments (02 03 experiments)
- Implementation of case study [Presentation by individual student]

## **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

## 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 4 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

## **Lab Assessment:**

- 1. **Termwork Assessment:** Term Work shall consist of at least 8 to 10 experiments based on the above list. Individual student should identify specific application of Data science and implement it and presentation of the same. Also Term work Journal must include at least 2 assignments. Term Work Marks: 25 Marks (Total marks) = 15 Marks (Experiment) + 5 Marks (Assignments) + 5 Marks (Attendance). The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
- 2. Oral/Viva Assessment: An oral exam will be held based on the above syllabus.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1. Term work Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.

#### 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Practical and Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 404	High Performance Computing	03	02	-	03	01	-	04

		<b>Examination Scheme</b>								
Course	Course	Theory Marks				Т				
Code	Name	Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work			10001	
EC 404	High Performance Computing	40	40	40	60	25	-	25	150	

- 1. To learn fundamental concepts of parallel processing
- 2. To learn utilization of high performance computing resources using programming Frameworks.

# Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion students will be able to

- 1. Memorize and Understand classes of parallel computer architectures
- 2. Understand standardized, multi-platform communication methods for parallel programming
- 3. Understand usage of graphical processing unit hardware as high performance computing
- 4. Understand parallel computing implementation for a computationally intensive problem
- 5. Understand practical limitations of technology for high performance computing
- **6.** Understand Power aware techniques

Prerequisite: Computer organization and Architectures, Parallel computing

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hou rs
1.	Parallel Processing Concepts	Levels of parallelism (instruction, transaction, task, thread, memory, function), Models (SIMD, MIMD, SIMT, SPMD, Dataflow Models, Demand-driven Computation etc), Architectures: N-wide superscalar architectures, multi-core, multi-threaded	06
2.	Parallel Programming with CUDA	Processor Architecture, Interconnect, Communication, Memory Organization, and Programming Models in high performance computing architectures: (Examples: IBM CELL BE, Nvidia Tesla GPU, Intel Larrabee Microarchitecture and Intel Nehalem microarchitecture),	10

		Memory hierarchy and transaction specific memory design, Thread Organization	
3.	Fundamental Design Issues in Parallel Computing	Synchronization, Scheduling, Job Allocation, JobPartitioning, Dependency Analysis, Mapping Parallel Algorithms on Parallel Architectures, Performance Analysis of Parallel Algorithms	06
4.	Fundamental Limitations Facing Parallel Computing	Bandwidth Limitations, Latency Limitations, Latency Hiding/Tolerating Techniques and their limitations	05
5.	Power-Aware Computing and Communication	Power-aware Processing Techniques, Power-aware Memory Design, Power-aware Interconnect Design, Software Power Management	06
6.	Advanced Topics	Petascale Computing, Optics in Parallel Computing, Quantum Computers, Recent developments in Nanotechnology and its impact on HPC	06

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

# **Software Requirements:**

Windows/Linux, Python, Matlab, Tensorflow

High performance Systems

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description
1	Study and Write case study on your College network
2	Write program for matrix multiplication using MPI
	Write program for matrix addition using OpenMP
3	Write program for matrix addition using CUDA
4	Write program for parallel quicksort algorithm
5	Write a program to Send message to parallel computers connected through network and find latency

# **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

# 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 5 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1. Term work Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.

#### 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. "Highly Parallel Computing", by George S. Almasi and Alan Gottlieb
- 2. "Advanced Computer Architecture: Parallelism, Scalability, Programmability", by Kai Hwang, McGraw Hill 1993
- 3. "Parallel Computer Architecture: A hardware/Software Approach", by David Culler Jaswinder Pal Singh, Morgan Kaufmann, 1999.
- 4. "Scalable Parallel Computing", by Kai Hwang, McGraw Hill 1998.
- 5. "Introduction to Parallel Computing", Ananth Grama, Anshul Gupta, George Karypis, and Vipin Kumar, 2nd edition, Addison-Welsey, © 2003.
- 6. "Petascale Computing: Algorithms and Applications", David A. Bader (Ed.), Chapman & Hall/CRC Computational Science Series, © 2007.

- 1. GPU Gems 3 --- by Hubert Nguyen (Chapter 29 to Chapter 41)
- 2. "Principles and Practices on Interconnection Networks", by William James Dally and Brian Towles, Morgan Kauffman 2004.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 405	Analog and Mixed Signal VLSI Design	03	02		03	01	1	04

		Examination Scheme								
Course	Course Name	Theory Marks								
Code		Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Orai	Total	
EC 405	Analog and Mixed Signal VLSI Design	40	40	40	60	25	1	25	150	

- 1. To teach analysis and design of building blocks of CMOS Analog VLSI Circuits.
- 2. To highlight the issues associated with the CMOS analog VLSI circuit design.
- 3. To emphasize upon the issues related to MOS Amplifier.
- 4. To emphasize upon the issues related to oscillators and PLL.
- 5. To emphasize upon the issues related to mixed signal layout design.
- 6. To highlight the issues associated with data Converter

# Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Discuss tradeoffs involved in analog VLSI Circuits.
- 2. Analyze amplifier fundamentals.
- 3. Discuss various MOS operational amplifier.
- 4. Analyze building blocks of CMOS analog VLSI circuits.
- 5. Design building blocks of CMOS analog VLSI circuits
- 6. Carry out verifications of issues involved in analog and mixed signal circuits.

**Prerequisite:** Electronic Devices and Circuits I, Digital Circuit Design, Electronic Devices and Circuits II, Design With Linear Integrated Circuits, VLSI Design, VLSI Design

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours
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1.	Analog building blocks	Need for CMOS analog and mixed signal designs, MOS Transistor assampling switch, active resistances, current source and sinks, current mirror. Voltage References: Band Gap References, General Considerations, Supply-independent biasing, Temperature independent references, PTAT, current generation and Constant Gm biasing.	08
2.	Amplifier Fundamentals	Single Stage Amplifiers: Basic concepts, Gain Bandwidth (GBW), Common-source stage (with resistive load, diode connected load, current-source load, triode load, source degeneration), source follower, common-gate stage, cascode stage, folded cascade stage.  Differential Amplifiers: Single ended and differential operation, Basic differential pair, large signal and small signal behaviours, Common-mode response, Differential pair with MOS loads.  Noise: Statistical Characteristics of Noise, Types of Noise, Representation of Noise in circuits, Noise in Single stage amplifiers (CS, CD, CG stages), noise in differential pairs, noise bandwidth, noise figure, noise temperature.	07
3.	MOS Operational Amplifiers	Stability and Frequency Compensation: General Considerations, Multipole systems, Phase margin, Frequency compensation, compensation of two stage opamps.  Op-amp Design: General Considerations, performance parameters, One- stage op- amps, Two-stage op-amps, Gain Boosting, Common-mode feedback, Input range limitations(ICMR), Slew Rate, Power supply rejection, Noise in op-amps. Design of single ended and double ended two stage Op-amps.	07
4.	Mixed Signal Circuits	Basic Concepts: AMS design flow, ASIC, Full custom design, Semi- custom design, System on Chip, System in package, Hardware software co-design, and mixed signal layout issues.  Oscillators: General considerations, Ring oscillators, LC oscillators, VCO.  Phase-Locked Loop: Simple PLL, Charge pump PLL, Non-ideal effects in PLL, Delay locked loops and applications of PLL in integrated circuits.	06
5.	Data Converter Fundamentals	Switch Capacitor Circuits: MOSFETs as switches, Speed considerations, Precision Considerations, Charge injection cancellation, Unity gain buffer, Non- inverting amplifier and integrator. Basic CMOS comparator Design, Adaptive biasing, Analog multipliers.	06
6.	Data Converter Fundamentals and Architectures	Fundamentals: Analog versus discrete time signals, converting analog signals to data signals, sample and	05

hold characteristics. DAC specifications, ADC	
specifications.	
DAC architectures: Digital input code, resistors string,	
R-2R ladder networks, current steering, charge scaling	
DACs, Cyclic DAC, pipeline DAC	
ADC architectures: Flash, Two Step Flash, Pipeline	
ADC, Integrating ADCs, Successive approximation	
ADCs.	

# **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS: Software Requirements:** LT Spice

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description
1	Design and Simulate NMOS Inverter with Resistive load. Plot Drain current and Trans conductance.
2	Design and simulate NMOS current Mirror and plot Iref.
3	Design and simulate CS amplifier. With and without source degeneration.
4	Design and simulate Cascode Current Mirror Circuit.
5	Design and simulate basic Differential Amplifier Circuit.
6	Design and simulate one stage Op-Amp circuit.
7	Design and simulate Sample and Hold circuit.
8	To design of simulate 3 stage ring oscillator.
9	Case study of IEEE papers.
10	Case study of IEEE papers.

# **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

# 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 5 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1. Term work Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.

#### 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

Practical and Oral exams will be based on the entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. B Razavi, "Design of Analog CMOS Integrated Circuits", Tata McGraw Hill, 1st Edition.
- 2. R. Jacaob Baker, Harry W. Li, David E. Boyce, "CMOS Circuit Design, Layout, and Simulation", Wiley, Student Edition
- 3. P. E. Allen and D. R. Holberg, "CMOS Analog Circuit Design", Oxford University Press, 3rd Edition.
- 4. Gray, Meyer, Lewis, Hurst, "Analysis and design of Analog Integrated Circuits", Willey, 5th Edition.

- 1. Jean-Pierre Colinge, "FinFETs and Other Multigate Transistors", Springer, 1st edition
- 2. M. S. Tyagi, "Introduction to Semiconductor Materials and Devices", John Wiley and Sons, 1st edition.
- 3. James E. Morris and KrzysztolIniewski, "Nanoelectronic Device ApplicationsHandbook", CRCPress.
- 4. Glenn R. Blackwell, "The electronic packaging", CRC Press.
- **5.** Michael L. Bushnell and Vishwani D. Agrawal, "Essentials of Electronic Testing fordigital, memory and mixed-signal VLSI circuits", Springer.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 406	Speech Processing	03	02		03	01		04

Course Code	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
		Inte	Theor	y Marks ssment	End	Term	D 41	Oral	Total	
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Practical			
EC 406	Speech Processing	40	40	40	60	25	7-,	25	150	

- 1. To understand basic concepts and methodologies for the analysis and modeling of speech signal.
- 2. To characterize the speech signal as generated by a speech production model.
- 3. To understand the mechanism of speech and audio perception.
- 4. To understand the digital representation of the speech waveform.
- 5. To perform the analysis of speech signal using STFT.
- 6. To extract the information of the speech or audio signals.
- 7. To provide a foundation for developing application in this field.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Demonstrate advanced Knowledge in Digital model representation of speech signal.
- 2. Design and implement algorithms for processing speech and audio signals considering the properties of acoustic signals and human hearing.
- 3. Analyze speech signal to extract the characteristic of vocal tract (formants) and vocal cords (pitch).
- 4. Formulate and design a system for speech recognition and speaker recognition.
- 5. Acquired knowledge about audio and speech signal estimation and detection.

Prerequisite: Signal System

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hour s
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1.	Introduction	Review of digital signal and systems, Transforms representations of signal and systems, Sampling Theorem, Goertzel algorithm, Chirp algorithm.	04
2.	Digital Models for Speech signals	Speech production and acoustic tube modeling, acoustic phonetics, anatomy, and physiology of the vocal tract and ear, hearing and perception.	05
3.	Digital Representations of the Speech Waveform	Sampling speech signals, Instantaneous quantization, Adaptive quantization, Differential quantization, Delta Modulation, Differential PCM, Comparison of systems, Direct digital code conversion.	06
4.	Time Domain Models for Speech Processing	Time dependent processing of speech, Short time energy and average magnitude, Short time average zero crossing rate, Speech V/S silence discrimination using energy & Zero crossings, Pitch period estimation, Short time autocorrelation function, Short time average magnitude difference function, Pitch period estimation using autocorrelation function, Median smoothing.	10
5.	Short time Fourier Transform	Introduction- Definition and Properties, Fourier Transform Interpretation ,Linear Filtering Interpretation ,Sampling rates of Xn (ejw )in Time and Frequency ,Filter Bank Summation Method of Short -Time Synthesis ,Overlap Addition Method for Short -Time Synthesis.	08
6.	Speech and Audio Processing	Vocoder- Voice excited channel vocoder, Voice excited and error signal excited LPC vocoders. Adaptive predictive coding of speech, Auditory Modeling. Audio signal processing for Music applications. Speech recognition pattern comparison techniques, Artificial Neural Network.	06

# **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description
1	Manual Speech Signal-to-Symbol Transformation
2	Sampling Frequency and Bit Resolution for Speech Signal Processing
3	To study the time-varying nature of the speech signal in the time domain as well as frequency domain.
4	To study the effects of sampling (aliasing) and quantization on speech signals by playing them at different sampling rates and bits per sample
5	Short Term Time Domain Processing of Speech
6	To estimate pitch of speech using short term autocorrelation.
7	To compute the excitation parameters like pitch by LP analysis.
8	To compute LP coefficients and LP residual of a given speech signal.

9	To study the characteristics of speech using linear prediction (LP) analysis.
10	To study the effect of order of LP analysis (normalized error), autocorrelation of signal and LP residual for voiced and unvoiced segments.
11	To study the glottal pulse characteristics.
12	Case study- 1.To study different sound units present in majority of Indian languages. 2.To understand significance of telephone bandwidth 3.Estimation of Pitch From Speech Signals

# **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

## 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 5 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1. Term work Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.

#### 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

Practical and Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. L.R. Rabiner and S.W. Schafer-Digital processing of speech signals ||,Pearson Education, 2009.
- 2. L R Rabiner, B H Juang, B Yegnanarayana, —Fundamentals of speech Recognition, Pearson Education, 1993.

- 1. Thomas F Quateri, —Discrete Time Speech Signal Processing—Pearson Edition,2006.
- 2. Ben Gold and Nelson Morgan, —Speech & Audio Signal Processing, wiley, 2007.
- 3. Douglas O Shaughnessy, —Speech Communications , 2ndEdition, Oxford university Press, 2000.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 407	Cryptography and System Security	03	02		03	01	1	04

Course Code	Course Name		Examination Scheme								
		Theory Marks Internal assessment End			End	Term			T		
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Practical	Oral	Total		
EC 407	Cryptography and System Security	40	40	40	60	25		25	150		

- 1. To introduce the concepts of modular arithmetic and number theory and their application in Classical Encryption techniques.
- 2. To explore the working principles and utilities of various cryptographic algorithms including Secret Key Cryptography and Public Key Cryptography.
- 3. To explore various hashing and Message Digest Algorithms to achieve Confidentiality and Integrity.
- 4. To explore the design issues and working principles of various authentication protocols, PKI standards and different digital signature algorithms to achieve authentication.
- 5. To explore various secure communication standards including Kerberos, IPsec, and SSL/TLS and email.
- 6. To develop the ability to use existing cryptographic utilities to build programs for secure communication.

### Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Understand system security goals and concepts, classical encryption techniques and acquire fundamental knowledge on the concepts of modular arithmetic and number theory.
- 2. Understand, compare and apply different encryption and decryption techniques to solve problems related to confidentiality and authentication
- 3. Apply the knowledge of cryptographic checksums and evaluate the performance of different message digest algorithms for verifying the integrity of varying message sizes.
- 4. Apply different digital signature algorithms to achieve authentication and design secure applications
- 5. Understand network security basics, analyze different attacks on networks and evaluate the performance of firewalls and security protocols like SSL, IPSec, and PGP.
- 6. Analyze and apply system security concepts to recognize malicious code.

**Prerequisite:** Computer Networks, ISO OSI Layered Protocols, TCP/IP protocol suite.

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hour s
1.	Introduction and Number Theory	Security Goals, Services, Security Mechanisms and attacks, The OSI security architecture, Network Security Model, Classical Encryption Techniques, Symmetric cipher model, mono-alphabetic and poly-alphabetic substitution techniques: Vigenere cipher, playfair cipher, Hill cipher, transposition techniques: keyed and keyless transposition ciphers, steganography.  Modular Arithmetic and Number Theory:- Euclid's	09
		algorithm, Prime numbers, Fermat's & Euler's theorem - Testing for primality, The Chinese remainder theorem and its application, Discrete logarithms.	
2.	Symmetric and Asymmetric key Cryptography and key Management	Block cipher principles, block cipher modes of operation, DES, Double DES, Triple DES, Advanced Encryption Standard (AES), Stream Ciphers: RC5 algorithm Public key cryptography: Principles of public key cryptosystems-The RSA algorithm, The knapsack algorithm, ElGamal Algorithm. Key management techniques: using symmetric and asymmetric algorithms and trusted third party. Diffie Hellman Key exchange algorithm.	08
3.	Hashes, Message Digests and Digital Certificates	Cryptographic hash functions, Hash function requirements, Hash function uses, MD5, SHA-1, MAC, HMAC, CMAC Digital Certificate: X.509 format, Digital Certificate types and applications, PKI	04
4.	Authentication Protocols & Digital signature schemes	Authentication Requirement and Functions, Types of Authentication, User Authentication and Entity Authentication, One-way and mutual authentication schemes, Needham Schroeder Authentication protocol, Kerberos Authentication protocol.	05
5.	Network Security and Applications	Importance of Digital Signature, Digital Signature Schemes – RSA, EIGamal signature schemes  Network Security Basics, TCP/IP Vulnerabilities (Layer-wise): Application layer: HTTP, DHCP Transport layer: TCP syn flood, Port Scanning, Network layer: IP Spoofing, Packet sniffing, Data link layer: ARP Spoofing, ARP cache poisoning DOS: Classic DOS attacks: Ping flood, ICNP flood, UDP flood, Distributed DOS, Defenses against DOS attacks	09
		Internet Security Protocols: SSL, IPSEC, Secure Email: PGP, Firewall, Honey Pots, IDS Software Vulnerabilities: Buffer Overflow, Format string,	
6.	System Security	cross-site scripting, SQL injection Malwares: Viruses, Worms, Trojans, Logic Bomb, Bots, Rootkits, Spywares, Backdoors, Ransomware, Keyloggers	04

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

# Hardware Requirements: PC With following Configuration

- 1. Intel Core i3/i5/i7 Processor
- 2. 4 GB RAM
- 3. 500 GB Hard Disk

# **Software Requirements:**

- 1. Windows / Linux Desktop OS / Kali Linux
- 2. wireshark
- 3. ARPWATCH
- 4. Cppcheck
- 5. Hping, hping3

1.	Windows / Linux Desktop OS / Kali Linux						
2. •	wireshark						
3. 4	ARPWATCH						
4. (	Cppcheck						
	Hping, hping3						
J. 1	iping, iping5						
Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description						
1	Design and Implementation of a product cipher using Substitution and Transposition						
1	ciphers						
	Implementation and analysis of RSA cryptosystem and Digital signature scheme using RSA.						
2	Implementation of Diffie Hellman Key exchange algorithm.						
_	For varying message sizes, test integrity of message using MD-5, SHA-1, and analyse the performance of the two protocols.						
3	Study the use of network reconnaissance tools like WHOIS, dig, traceroute, nslookup to gather information about networks and domain registrars.						
	Study of packet sniffer tools :wireshark, :						
	1. Download and install wireshark and capture icmp, tcp, and http packets in promiscuous mode.						
4	2. Explore how the packets can be traced based on different filters.						
7	3. Download and install nmap. Use it with different options to scan open ports, perform OS fingerprinting, do a ping scan, tcp port scan, udp port scan, xmas scan etc.						
	4. Detect ARP spoofing using nmap and/or open source tool ARPWATCH and wireshark.						
	Setting up personal Firewall using iptables.						
5	Explore the GPG tool of linux to implement email security.						
	Set up Snort and study the logs.						
6	Simulate buffer overflow attack using Ollydbg, Splint, Cppcheck etc.						
	Simulate DOS attack using Hping, hping3.						

# **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

# 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 5 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1. Term work Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.

#### 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

Practical and Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. William Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, Principles and Practice, 6th Edition, Pearson Education, March 2013
- 2. Behrouz A. Ferouzan, —Cryptography & Network Security, Tata Mc Graw Hill
- 3. Bernard Menezes, —Cryptography & Network Security, Cengage Learning.
- 4. Network Security Bible, Eric Cole, Second Edition, Wiley.

- 1. Applied Cryptography, Protocols Algorithms and Source Code in C, Bruce Schneier, Wiley.
- 2. Cryptography and Network Security, Atul Kahate, Tata Mc Graw Hill

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 408	Cloud and Distributed Computing	03	02		03	01	-	04

Course Code	Course Name		Examination Scheme								
		Theory Marks									
Course Code		Internal assessment			End	Term	Practical	Oral	Total		
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Orai	Total		
EC 408	Cloud and Distributed Computing	40	40	40	60	25	7-	25	150		

- 1. To introduce basic concepts, goals, issues of distributed systems.
- 2. To understand the concept of Inter process communications, Message oriented
- 3. communication, stream oriented communications.
- 4. To provide master skills to measure the performance of distributed synchronization algorithms.
- 5. Basics of cloud computing.
- 6. Key concepts of virtualization.
- 7. Key components of Amazon Web Services.

# **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Understand the basic elements and concepts related to distributed systems and illustrate the middleware technologies that supports distributed applications such as RPC,RMI and object based middleware.
- 2. Analyze various techniques used for clock synchronization, election of coordinators and
  - distributed mutual exclusion.
- 3. Demonstrate the concepts of resource and process management.
- 4. Define Cloud Computing and mem orize the different Cloud service and deployment models
- 5. Describe the importance of virtualization along with their technologies...
- 6. Describe the key components of Amazon web Service

**Prerequisite:** Operating system

# **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hou rs
1.	Introduction to Distributed Systems and Communication	Characterization of Distributed Systems: Issues, Goals, and Types of distributed systems, Distributed System Models Introduction to message passing, Remote communication: Remote Procedure Call (RPC), Remote Object Invocation, Remote Method Invocation (RMI)	08
2.	Synchronization	Clock Synchronization, Physical clock synchronization algorithm, Logical (lamport) Clock, Election Algorithms,	07
3.	Process Management	Introduction to Process management, process migration, threads, code migration.	06
4.	Introduction of Cloud Computing	Introduction to cloud computing: Definition, Goles, Characteristics, Applications. Cloud types: Cloud Deployment Models and Service Models (NIST, Cloud cube model), Cloud computing architecture, Advantages and Disadvantages of cloudComputing.	05
5.	Virtualization	Virtualization: Characteristics of virtualized environment, Understanding the importance of Hypervisors, Virtualization of CPU, Memory and I/O Devices, Technology Examples: KVM, Xen,	06
6.	Exploring the Components of Amazon Web Services	Introduction to AWS cloud computing Platform, Various services available on AWS Cloud Platform like EC2, EBS, VPC, ELB, S3.	07

# **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description
1	To implement Remote Procedure Call/Remote Method Invocation.
2	To implement deadlock management in distributed systems.  To implement Logical Clock Synchronization algorithm(Lamport clock)  To implement an election algorithm.  To implement a mutual exclusion algorithm.
3	1.Creating and running virtual machines on Hosted Hypervisors like KVM Type 1,Vmware Workstation,Oracle Virtualbox 2. Creating and running virtual machines on Bare-Metal Hypervisors Type 0 like Xen,Vmware ESXI or HyperV

4	<ol> <li>Demonstrate the EC2 using AWS</li> <li>Demonstrate the S3 using AWS.</li> </ol>
5	Management of VPC and Load Balancer     Auto Scaling
6	To study and implement Identity and Access Management (IAM) practices on AWS/Azure cloud.     To study and Implement Security as a Service on AWS/Azure

## **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

# 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 5 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to the number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessment:

## 1. Term work Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Equal weightage should be given to laboratory experiments and while assigning term work marks.

#### 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

Practical and Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Andrew S. Tanenbaum and Maarten Van Steen, —Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms, 2nd edition, Pearson Education.
- 2. George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore, Tim Kindberg, , "Distributed Systems: Concepts and Design", 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 3. Barrie Sosinsky, "Cloud Computing Bible", Wiley Publication.
- 4. Kailash Jayaswal, Jagannath Kallalurchi, Donald J. Houde, Dr. Deven Shah, "Cloud Computing Black Book", Dreamtech Press.

- A. S. Tanenbaum and M. V. Steen, "Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms", Second Edition, Prentice Hall, 2006.
- M. L. Liu, —Distributed Computing Principles and Applications , Pearson Addison Wesley, 2004.
- Pradeep K Sinha, "Distributed Operating Systems: Concepts and design", IEEE computer society press.
- Ajay D. Kshemkalyani, Mukesh Singhal "Distributed Computing Principles, Algorithms, and Systems".
- Thomas Erl,Robert Cope,Amin naserpour, "Cloud Computing Design Patterns",Pearson Publication.
- Judith Hurwitz, "Cloud Computing for Dummies", Wiley Publication.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 409	Embedded System Design and basics of IOT	03	02		03	01		04

				E	xaminatio	on Schen	ne		
Course Code	Course	Theory Marks							
Course Cour	Name	Int	ernal ass	ssessment End		Term   Dragtical	Practical	Oral	Total
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Tractical	Orai	Total
EC 409	Embedded System Design and basics of IOT	40	40	40	60	25	+	25	150

- 1. To develop background knowledge Embedded Systems.
- 2. To understand communication techniques.
- 3. To write programs for embedded systems and real time operating systems
- 4. To understand fundamentals of IoT / M2M
- 5. To learn real world application scenarios of IoT along with its social and economic impact using case studies

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Identify and describe various characteristic features and applications of embedded systems. Analyse and identify hardware for embedded systems implementation
- 2. Understand the detailed processor design techniques and methods of communication protocols.
- 3. Detail understanding of low power embedded processor
- 4. Study the in-depth program modelling concepts as well as study the concepts of Real time operating systems and write programs.
- 5. Understand IoT and its related issues
- 6. Design embedded system applications using RTOS . Study basic applications of IoT development.

.Prerequisite: Basics of microprocessor and micro controller.

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hour s
1.	Introduction	Definition of Embedded System, Embedded Systems Vs GeneralComputing Systems, Classification, Major Application Areas Characteristics and quality attributes (Design Metric) of embedded systems. Real time system's requirements, real time issues, interruptlatency. Embedded Product development life cycle and hardware software Codesign process	04
2.	Embedded Hardware	Embedded cores, Types of memories, Sensors (Optical encoders,Resistive) and Actuators (Solenoid valves, Relay/switch, Opto-couplers),Power supply considerations in Embedded systems: Low power featuresIdle& Power down mode, Sleep mode, Brown-out detection.  Communication Interfaces: Comparative study of serial communicationinterfaces (RS-232, RS-485), I2C, CAN, USB (v2.0), Bluetooth, Zig-Bee.Selection criteria of above interfaces.	08
3.	ARM CORTEX-M3 Architecture	Comparison of CISC & RISC architectures, overview of ARM family.  ARM Cortex-M3 architecture, Programmer's model: Operation Modes and States, registers, special registers, Application Program Status RegisterInteger status flags, Q status flag, GE bits. Memory system: Features and memory map Exceptions and Interrupts-Nested vectored interrupt controller.	08
4.	Embedded C-programming concepts	Program Modelling concepts: DFG,FSM,UML Embedded C-programming concepts (from Embedded system point of view): Data types, Modifiers, Qualifiers, Functions, Macros, Interrupt service routine, Device drivers. Real-time Operating system: Need of RTOS in Embedded system softwareand comparison with GPOS, Foreground/Background processes, Interrupt latency, Task, Task states, Multi-tasking, Context switching, Task scheduling, Schedulingalgorithms-Rate Monotonic Scheduling, EarliestDeadline First (with numericals), Inter-process communication: Semaphore, Mailbox, Message queues, Event timers, Task synchronisation-Shareddata, Priority inversion, Deadlock. Memory Management.Introduction to μCOS II RTOS	08
5.	IoT Introducton and Architecture	History of IoT, M2M – Machine to Machine, Web of Things, IoT protocols Applications: Remote Monitoring & Sensing, Remote Controlling, Performance Analysis The Architecture The Layering concepts, IoT Communication Pattern, IoT protocol Architecture, Application Protocols MQTT, REST/HTTP, CoAP and 6LoWPAN in IoT.	06
6.	Case Study & advanced IoT Applications	Hard Real-time: Car Cruise-Control using μCOS II RTOS- Requirements study, specification study using	05

UML, Hardware architecture, Software	
Architecture, Automatic Chocolate Vending Machine IoT	

#### **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

#### **Software Requirements:**

Keil 5, Raspbian

## **Hardware Requirements:**

ARM 7 kit, RPi, peripherals

Sr. No.	List of Experiments
1	Two or three programs for GPIO programming with ARM 7
2	Two Interfacing of communication protocols( I2C,CAN,SPI,zigbee etc) with ARM 7
3	Simulation of multitasking with ARM 7 using RTOS
4	Inter process communication using semaphore with ARM 7 in RTOS
5	Minimum two Experiments using any hardware platform (Arduino/Raspberry i/BeagleBone/Galileo) for data handling and storage.
6	Minimum three experiments using any hardware platform (Arduino/Raspberry Pi/BeagleBone/Galileo) for interfacing various sensors and communicating data using Internet using various Protocols.

#### **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

#### 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 5 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

### **Lab Assessment:**

# 1. Term work Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Equal weightage should be given to laboratory experiments and while assigning term work marks.

#### 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

Practical and Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Raj Kamal, Embedded Systems Architecture, Programming and design, Tata MCgrawHill Publication.
- 2. Shibu K.V, Introduction to Embedded Systems I, Mc Graw Hill, 2nd edition.
- 3. Raj Kamal, "Internet of Things Architecture & Design Principles" Mcgraw Hill
- 4. ArshdeepBahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Internet of Things A hands-on approach", Universities Press, 2015.

- 1. Internet of Things: Converging Technologies for Smart Environments and Integrated Ecosystems, Dr. Ovidiu Vermesan, Dr. Peter Friess, River Publishers.
- 2. David Simon, —Embedded systems software primer', Pearson
- 3. K.V.K.K. Prasad, —Embedded Real Time Systems: Concepts, Design & Programming|, Dreamtech Publication.

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs)	Practical (Hrs)	Tutorial (Hrs)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 410	Robotics & Industrial Applications	03	02	I	03	01	1	04

				Exa	amination	Scheme	<b>;</b>				
Course			Theor	ry Marks							
Code	Course Name	Inte	ernal asse	ssment	End	Term Work Practical	Practical	Oral	Total		
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam						
EC 410	Robotics & Industrial Applications	40	40	40	60	25		25	150		

- 1. To study different types of Robots and understand the fundamentals of robotics.
- 2. To study the concepts of Direct Kinematics & Inverse Kinematics.
- **3.** To analyze the Velocity Kinematics and Dynamics.
- **4.** To familiarize students with Trajectory planning of robots.
- **5.** To familiarize students with robot vision.
- **6.** To familiarize students with task planning of robots.

# Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion students will be able to

- 1. Understand the basic concepts of robotics.
- **2.** Perform the kinematic analysis of robots.
- **3.** Ability to analyze the Velocity Kinematics and Dynamics.
- **4.** Perform trajectory planning of robots
- **5.** Describe importance of visionary system in robotic manipulation
- **6.** Perform task planning of robots

Prerequisite: Applied Mathematics, Linear Control Systems.

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Fundamentals of Robotics	Robot Classification, Robot Components, Robot Specification, Joints, Coordinates, Coordinate frames, Workspace, Languages, Applications.	06

2	Kinematics of Robots	Homogeneous transformation matrices, Inverse transformation matrices, Forward and inverse kinematic equations – position and orientation Denavit-Hartenberg representation of forward kinematics, Forward and inverse kinematic solutions of three and four axis robot	08
3	Velocity Kinematics & Dynamics	Differential motions and velocities: Differential relationship, Jacobian, Differential motion of a frame and robot, Inverse Jacobian, Singularities.  Dynamic Analysis of Forces: Lagrangian mechanics, Newton Euler formulation, Dynamic equations of two axis robot	08
4	Trajectory planning	Basics of Trajectory planning , Joint-space trajectory planning, Cartesian-space trajectories	06
5	Robot Vision	Image representation, Template matching, Polyhedral objects, Shape analysis, Segmentation, Iterative processing, Perspective transform, Camera Calibration	06
6	Task Planning	Task level programming, Uncertainty, Configuration Space, Gross motion Planning; Grasp planning, Fine-motion Planning, Simulation of Planer motion, Source and goal scenes, Task planner simulation.	06

# **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

**Software Requirements:** Matlab / Scilab

Sr.	List of Experiments
No.	
1	Forward kinematics
2	Inverse kinematic
3	Dynamic analysis
4	Space trajectory
5	Cartesian-space trajectory
6	Template matching
7	Iterative Processing
8	Segmentation

# **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

# 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 5 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1. Term work Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Equal weightage should be given to laboratory experiments and while assigning term work marks.

**2.Oral/Viva Assessment:** Practical and Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Robert Shilling, "Fundamentals of Robotics Analysis and control", Prentice Hall of India, 2009
- 2. Saeed Benjamin Niku, "Introduction to Robotics Analysis, Control, Applications", Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., Second Edition, 2011

- 1. John J. Craig, "Introduction to Robotics Mechanics & Control", Third Edition, Pearson Education, India, 2009
- 2. Mark W. Spong, Seth Hutchinson, M. Vidyasagar, "Robot Modeling & Control", Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., 2006
- 3. Mikell P. Groover et.al, "Industrial Robots-Technology, Programming & applications", McGraw Hill, New York, 2008

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 411	Cyber Security and Digital Forensics	03	02	ł	03	01	ł	04

	Course	Examination Scheme							
		Theory Marks							
Course Code	Name	Internal assessment			End	Term Work	Practical	Oral	Total
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work			
EC 411	Cyber Security and Digital Forensics	40	40	40	60	25		25	150

- 1.To understand and identify different types of cybercrime and cyber law.
- 2. To recognize Indian IT Act 2008 and its latest amendments.
- 3.To learn various types of security standards compliances
- 4. To discuss the need and process of digital forensics and Incident Response Methodology.
- 5. To explore the procedures for identification, preservation, and acquisition of digital evidence.
- 6. To explore techniques and tools used in digital forensics for Operating system and malware investigation

# Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Able to understand the concept of cybercrime and its effect on outside world
- 2. Able to Interpret and apply IT law in various legal issues.
- 3. Able to distinguish different aspects of cyber law.
- 4. Able to understand the need and process of digital forensics and Incident Response Methodology.
- 5. Able to understand the procedures for identification, preservation, and acquisition of digital evidence.
- 6. Able to understand the techniques and tools used in digital forensics for Operating system and malware investigation

# **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1.	Introduction to Cybercrime	Cybercrime definition and origins of the world, Cybercrime and information security, Classifications of cybercrime, Cybercrime and the Indian ITA 2000, A global Perspective on cybercrimes	04
2.	Cyber offenses & Cybercrime	How criminal plan the attacks, Social Engineering, Cyber stalking, Cyber café and Cybercrimes, Botnets, Attack vector, Cloud computing, Proliferation of Mobile and Wireless Devices, Trends in Mobility, Credit Card Frauds in Mobile and Wireless Computing Era, Security Challenges Posed by Mobile Devices, Registry Settings for Mobile Devices, Authentication Service Security, Attacks on Mobile/Cell Phones, Mobile Devices: Security Implications for Organizations, Organizational Measures for Handling Mobile, Devices-Related Security Issues, Organizational Security Policies and Measures in Mobile Computing Era, Laptops	09
3.	Tools and Methods Used in Cyberline	Phishing, Password Cracking, Keyloggers and Spywares, Virus and Worms, Steganography, DoS and DDoS Attacks, SQL Injection, Buffer Over Flow, Attacks on Wireless Networks, Phishing, Identity Theft (ID Theft)	06
4.	Introduction to Digital Forensics	Digital Forensics Definition, Digital Forensics Goals, Digital Forensics Categories - Computer Forensics, Mobile Forensics, Network Forensics, Database Forensics Introduction to Incident - Computer Security Incident, Goals of Incident Response, CSIRT, Incident Response Methodology, Phase after detection of an incident	08
5.	Digital Evidence, Forensics Duplication and Digital Evidence Acquisition	Digital evidence, Types of Digital Evidence, Challenges in acquiring Digital evidence, Admissibility of evidence, Challenges in evidence handling, Chain of Custody, Necessity of forensic duplication, Forensic image formats, Forensic duplication techniques, Acquiring Digital Evidence - Forensic Image File Format, Acquiring Volatile Memory (Live Acquisition), Acquiring Nonvolatile Memory (Static Acquisition)	06
6.	Forensics Investigation	Analyzing Hard Drive Forensic Images, Analyzing RAM Forensic Image, Investigating Routers Malware Analysis - Malware, Viruses, Worms, Essential skills and tools for Malware Analysis, List of Malware Analysis Tools and Techniques, Investigating logs from Unix and windows systems, Investigating Windows Registry.	06

**DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:** 

**Hardware Requirements:** 

# Standalone desktops

# **Software Requirements:**

C++

Java or equivalent compiler

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description
1	To study the steps to protect your personal computer system by creating User Accounts with Passwords and types of User Accounts for safety and security.
2	Study the steps to protect a Microsoft Word Document of different version with different operating system.
3	Study various methods of protecting and securing databases.
4	Study "How to make strong passwords" and "passwords cracking techniques" using ERD Commander, Cain & able.
5	Web browser Security- Browser Security IE(Mozilla Firefox, Google Crome) Add-ons.(Firebug, WOT)
6	Cryptography using PGP and Truecrypt
7	Steganography using S-Tools and Snow
8	Email Security (Header Analysis. Email Tracker pro., Read notify)
9	Mobile Security Apps- Smart phone encryption.
10	Ethical Hacking Information Gathering Tool – Samspade (Nslookup, Whois, Tracert,) Scanning Tool(Angry IP Scanner, Nmap)
11	Protection of Information Assets using Recuva.
12	Analysis of forensic images using open source tools. ● FTK Imager ● Autopsy
13	Explore forensics tools in kali linux for acquiring, analyzing and duplicating data. • dd • dcfldd
14	Data Carving using open source tools  • Foremost • Scalpel • Jpegcarver
15	Performing penetration testing using Metasploit - kali Linux.

# **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

# 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 5 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### Lab Assessment:

#### 1. Term work Assessment:

At least 6 experiments covering the entire syllabus of DCSD should be set to have well predefined inference and conclusion. The experiments should be student centric and attempt should be made to make experiments more meaningful, interesting. Simulation experiments are also encouraged. Experiments must be graded from time to time. The grading and term work assessment should be done based on this scheme. The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Practical and Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus. Equal weightage should be given to laboratory experiments and while assigning term work marks.

#### 2. Oral/Viva Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Practical and Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Nina Godbole, SunitBelapure, Cyber Security, Wiley India, New Delhi
- 2. The Indian Cyber Law by Suresh T. Vishwanathan, Bharat Law House New Delhi
- 3. The Information technology Act, 2000; Bare Act- Professional Book Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. Cyber Law & Cyber Crimes By Advocate Prashant Mali; Snow White Publications, Mumbai
- 5. Nina Godbole, Information Systems Security, Wiley India, New Delhi

- 1. Kennetch J. Knapp, Cyber Security & Global Information Assurance Information Science Publishing.
- 2. William Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, Pearson Publication
- 3. Websites for more information is available on: The Information Technology ACT, 2008-TIFR: https://www.tifrh.res.in
- 4. Website for more information, A Compliance Primer for IT professional: https://www.sans.org/reading-room/whitepapers/compliance/compliance-primer-professional s33538

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs)	Practical (Hrs)	Tutorial (Hrs)	Theory (Credits)	Practical /Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 412	Blockchain Technology	03	02		03	01		04

		Examination Scheme							
Course	Course		Theor	y Marks					
Code	Name	Internal assessment			End	Term Work	Practical	Oral	Total
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam				
EC 412	Blockchain Technology	40	40	40	60	25		25	150

- 1. To understand basics of Blockchain technology
- 2. To understand concept of cryptocurrency and Bitcoin
- **3.** To understand concepts of Ethereum Blockchain
- **4.** To learn the concepts of Hyperledger
- 5. To understand solidity programming language and concepts of smart contracts
- **6.** To learn and develop various applications of Blockchain

# Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Have an understanding and working knowledge of the emerging blockchain technology.
- 2. Discuss concept of cryptocurrency and Bitcoin
- **3.** Apply the knowledge of Ethereum Blockchain
- **4.** Understand and analyze the working of Hyperledger
- **5.** Explore basics of solidity programming language and smart contracts
- **6.** Develop various applications of Blockchain

**Prerequisite:** Data Structure and Algorithm, Computer Networks

# **DETAILED THEORY SYLLABUS:**

Sr. No.	Module	<b>Detailed Content</b>	Hours
1	Introduction of Cryptography and Blockchain	What is Blockchain, Blockchain Technology Mechanisms & Networks, Blockchain Origins, Objective of Blockchain, Blockchain Challenges, Transactions And Blocks, P2P Systems, Keys As Identity, Digital Signatures, Hashing, and public key cryptosystems, private vs. public Blockchain	07
2	Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency	What is Bitcoin, Bitcoin Network, Bitcoin Mining Process, Mining Developments, Bitcoin Wallets, Hot and Cold Storage, Decentralization and Hard Forks, Merkle Tree, Double-Spend Problem, Blockchain and Digital Currency, Transactional Blocks, Impact of Blockchain Technology on Cryptocurrency	08
3	Introduction to Ethereum Blockchain	Introduction to Ethereum, Ethereum Structure, Ethereum Operations, Ethereum Virtual Machine (EVM), Incentive Model, Consensus Mechanisms, How Smart Contracts Work, Metamask Setup, Ethereum Accounts, Initial Coin Offering (ICO)	07
4	Introduction to Hyperledger	What is Hyperledger?, Distributed Ledger Technology & its Challenges, Hyperledger: Distributed Ledger Frameworks and Domain Specific Blockchains, Hyperledger Fabric, Hyperledger Fabric Architecture, Hyperledger Composer.	05
5	Solidity Programming Language	Solidity -Language of Smart Contracts, Installing Solidity & Ethereum Wallet, Basics of Solidity, Layout of a Solidity Source File & Structure of Smart Contracts, General Value Types (Int, Real, String, Bytes, Arrays, Mapping, Decision making, Structs, Ether units, Enum, address, special variables), Solidity Functions, Solidity patterns (pattern withdrawal and restricted access)	08
6	Blockchain Applications	Blockchain Applications: Internet of Things, Medical Record Management System, Do-main Name Service and future of Blockchain	04

# **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

Software Requirements: Remix Browser - online compiler

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab Description
1	Understanding the concept of Hash in Blockchain
2	Working of Bitcoin mining and how blocks are added in the Blockchain.
3	Setting up bitcoin wallet
4	Creating and Building Up Crypto Token
5	Setting up Metamask and MIST Wallet
6	Set up Hyperledger Fabric Blockchain using Hyperledger Composer locally
7	Create a smart contract for Hotel Room
8	Create a smart contract for voting system
9	Create a smart contract that implements the simplest form of a cryptocurrency.  The contract allows only its creator to create new coins (different issuance schemes are possible).  Anyone can send coins to each other without a need for registering with a username and password, all you need is an Ethereum keypair
10	Simple Open Auction Smart Contract  The general idea of the following simple auction contract is that everyone can send their bids during a bidding period. The bids already include sending money / Ether in order to bind the bidders to their bid. If the highest bid is raised, the previous highest bidder gets their money back. After the end of the bidding period, the contract has to be called manually for the beneficiary to receive their money contracts cannot activate themselves.
11	Practical use cases of Blockchain - Case study

# **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

# 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 5 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

#### **Lab Assessment:**

#### 1. Term work Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Equal weightage should be given to laboratory experiments and while assigning term work marks.

2. Oral/Viva Assessment: Practical and Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus.

#### **Text Book**

- 1.Arvind Narayanan, Joseph Bonneau, Edward Felten, Andrew Miller and Steven Goldfeder, Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: A Comprehensive Introduction, Princeton University Press (July 19, 2016).
- 2.Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, Blockchain Applications: A Hands-On Approach Paperback, VPT; 1st edition (31 January 2017)
- 3.Baset, Salman A., Blockchain Development with Hyperledger, Packt, 2019
- 4. Parikshit Jain, A Practical Guide To Blockchain And Its Applications, Bloomsbury India,1st Edition,February 2019

#### Reference Books

- 1. Antonopoulos, Mastering Bitcoin: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies
- 2. Satoshi Nakamoto, Bitcoin: A Peer-to-Peer Electronic Cash System
- 3.DR. Gavin Wood, "ETHEREUM: A Secure Decentralized Transaction Ledger," Yellow paper. 2014.
- 4. Nicola Atzei, Massimo Bartoletti, and Tiziana Cimoli, A survey of attacks on Ethereum smart contracts
- 5. Jitendra Chittoda, Mastering Blockchain Programming with Solidity: Write production-ready smart contracts for Ethereum blockchain with Solidity, Packt Publishing; 1st edition (2 August 2019).

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs)	Practical (Hrs)	Tutorial (Hrs)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 413	Internet of Everything	03	02		03	01		04

	Course Name	<b>Examination Scheme</b>							
Course		Theory Marks					Practical		
Code		Internal assessment		End	Term Work	Oral		Total	
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	WOIR			
EC 413	Internet of Everything	40	40	40	60	25		25	150

- 1. Introduce evolution of internet technology and need for IoT.
- **2.** Discuss on IoT reference layers and various protocols and software.
- 3. To provide in depth knowledge in physical principles applied in sensing, measurement and a comprehensive understanding on how measurement systems are designed, calibrated, characterized, and analyzed.
- **4.** To introduce the students to sources and detectors of various Optical sensing mechanisms and provide in-depth understanding of the principle of the basic laws and phenomena on which operation of sensor transformation of energy is based, measurement and theory of instruments and sensors.
- **5.** Train the students to build IoT systems using sensors, single board computers and open source IoT platforms.
- **6.** Make the students apply IoT data for business solutions in various domains in a secure manner.

# Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Identify the IoT networking components with respect to the OSI layer.
- **2.** Build schematic for IoT solutions .
- **3.** Design and develop IoT based sensor systems.
- **4.** Select IoT protocols and software.
- **5.** Evaluate the wireless technologies for IoT.
- **6.** Appreciate the need for IoT Trust and variants of IoT and compete in the design, construction, and execution of systems for measuring physical quantities

# **Prerequisite:**

Electronics Devices and Circuits(EDC), Microprocessor and Microcontroller (MPC)

Sr. No.	Module	Detailed Content	Hours
1	Introduction to Internet of Things	Defining IoT, Characteristics of IoT, Physical design of IoT, Logical design of IoT, Functional blocks of IoT, Communication models & APIs, Trends in the Adoption of IoT, Societal Benefits of IoT, Risks, Privacy, and Security.  Exemplary Device Boards, Arduino, Linux on Raspberry, Interface and Programming & IOT Device. Hardware Platforms and Energy Consumption, Operating Systems, Time Synchronization, Positioning and Localization, Medium Access Control, Topology and Coverage Control, Routing: Transport Protocols, Network Security, Middleware, Databases	06
2	Sensing and Actuation	Sensor fundamentals and characteristics, Optical Sources and Detectors, Intensity Polarization and Interferometric Sensors, Strain, Force, Torque and Pressure sensors, Position, Direction, Displacement and Level sensors, Velocity and Acceleration sensors, Flow, Temperature and Acoustic sensors.	07
3	Networking and the Internet of Things	IoT and Machine to Machine Communications, IoT protocols, Network configurations, Network Operator Requirements, SNMP, NETCONF, YANG, Interoperability in IoT. SDN	08
4	Sensor Networks and IoT	Characteristic and challenges, WSN vs Adhoc Networks, Sensor node architecture, Physical layer and transceiver design considerations in WSNs, Energy usage profile,	10

		Choice of modulation scheme, Dynamic modulation scaling, Antenna considerations.  Sensor Network Architecture: Data Dissemination, Flooding and Gossiping-Data gathering Sensor Network Scenarios, Optimization Goals and Figures of Merit, Design Principles for WSNs- Gateway Concepts, Need for gateway, WSN and Internet Communication, WSN Tunneling,  Amplifiers and Sensor Noise, Importance and Adoption of Smart Sensors, Architecture of Smart Sensors	
5	Cloud Computing	Interfacing and data logging with cloud, Evolution of Cloud Computation, Commercial clouds and their features, open source IoT platforms, cloud dashboards, Fog Computing, Introduction to big data analytics and Hadoop.	08

# **DETAILED LAB SYLLABUS:**

# **Software Requirements:**

Arduino IDE, Noobs, Keil and energia, CCStudio

# **Hardware Requirements:**

Arduino, Raspberry Pi, ARM7 Board, MSP430, Inductive transducer, Hall Effect sensor, Thermocouple, Thermistor, Temperature sensor, LCD Display, Zigbee Chip, Motors, Miscellaneous

Sr. No.	Detailed Lab/Tutorial Description
1	IoT systems Working with Raspberry pi using Python. Arduino platform Working with open source clouds
2	Python Programming for IoT Systems: Basic operations, String manipulation, Dictionary, Signal plotting, processing and graphics on cloud
3	Develop a displacement measurement system with the following sensors: i. Inductive transducer (LVDT) ii. Hall effect sensor
4	After studying the characteristics of temperature sensors listed below, develop a temperature measurement system for a particular application using the suitable sensor. i. Thermocouple principles ii. Thermistor and linearization of NTC Thermistor iii. Resistance Temperature Detector iv. Semiconductor Temperature sensor OA79 v. Current output absolute temperature sensor

	Based on sensing experiments carried out suggest a noncontact method and try to complete its proof of concept.
5	Embedded Programming and IoT: C programming, Declarations and Expressions, Arrays, Pointers, Constructs, Data structures and Linked list, Embedded C (Keil).
6	Working with ARM (Keil and energia) Sub Task 1: Peripheral programming of ARM7 board Sub Task 2: PWM generation Sub Task 3:Configuring CC3200, wifi configuration ,HTTP and MQTT Protocol
7	Working with MSP430 (CCStudio) Sub Task 1: Port programming of MSP430 microcontrollers Sub Task 2: Analog to Digital Conversion using MSP430 microcontroller Sub Task 3: LCD display of characters and numbers. Sub Task 4: Timer
8	Low power wireless transmission using Zigbee Sub Task 1: Interfacing Zigbee controller with MSP 430 microcontroller using SPI/UART. Sub Task 2: Programming sleep and wake up mode of MSP 430.
9	Speed regulation measurement of DC motor using armature control system
10	Consider a real time data available in college campus and develop a data analytic system to determine the average, trend and prediction
11	Mini Project

# **Theory Assessments:**

**1. Internal Assessment:** Two Internal assessments will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both assessments as final score.

# 2. End Sem Theory Examination:

- Question paper will consist of 5 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 3 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on the entire syllabus.
- Remaining questions will be randomly selected from all the modules.
- Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

## Lab Assessment:

## 1.Term work Assessment:

The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. Equal weightage should be given to laboratory experiments and while assigning term work marks.

#### 2.Oral/Viva Assessment:

Practical and Oral exam will be based on the entire syllabus.

Department of Electronics & Computer Science - Syllabus for Undergraduate Programme

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Alessandro Bassi, Martin Bauer, Martin Fiedler, Thorsten Kramp, Rob van Kranenburg, Sebastian Lange, Stefan Meissner, "Enabling things to talk Designing IoT solutions with the IoT Architecture Reference Model", Springer Open, 2016
- **2.** Jan Holler, Vlasios Tsiatsis, Catherine Mulligan, Stamatis Karnouskos, Stefan Avesand, David Boyle, "From Machine to Machine to Internet of Things", Elsevier Publications, 2014.
- **3.** Jacob Fraden, "HandBook of Modern Sensors: physics, Designs and Applications", 2015, 3rd edition, Springer, New York.
- **4.** Jon. S. Wilson, "Sensor Technology HandBook", 2011, 1st edition, Elsevier, Netherland.

- 1. Vijay Madisetti, Arshdeep Bahga, Adrian McEwen (Author), Hakim Cassimally "Internet of Things A Hands-on-Approach" Arshdeep Bahga & Vijay Madisetti, 2014
- **2.** LuYan, Yan Zhang, Laurence T. Yang, Huansheng Ning, The Internet of Things: From RFID to the Next-Generation Pervasive Network, Aurbach publications, March, 2008.
- **3.** RonaldL. Krutz, Russell Dean Vines, Cloud Security: A Comprehensive Guide to Secure Cloud Computing, Wiley-India, 2010.
- **4.** John G Webster, "Measurement, Instrumentation and sensor Handbook", 2017, 2nd edition, CRC Press, Florida.
- **5.** Bahaa E. A. Saleh and Malvin Carl Teich, "Fundamentals of photonics", 2012, 1st edition, John Wiley, New York.

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
IL 470	e-commerce and e-business	3+1

- 1. To understand the factors needed in order to be a successful in ecommerce
- 2. Identify advantages and disadvantages of technology choices such as merchant server software and electronic payment options.
- 3. Analyse features of existing e-commerce businesses, and propose future directions or innovations for specific businesses.

## Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

- 1. Appreciate the global nature and issues of electronic commerce as well as understand the rapid technological changes taking place.
- 2. Define and differentiate various types of E-commerce
- 3. Discuss various E-business Strategies.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
1	<b>E-commerce</b> system: Introduction- scope of electronics commerce, definition of e-commerce, difference between e-commerce and e-business, business models of e-commerce transactions. E-commerce infrastructure: client server technology, two tier client server architecture for e-commerce, drawbacks, three tier architecture for e-commerce.	8
2	<b>Business strategies for e-commerce:</b> Introduction- elements of e-commerce strategy, simplicity, mobile responsiveness, choosing e-commerce store platform, user-based focus, compliance and security measures, e-commerce strategy: strategy overview, strategy task, technology issues. Case study: Flipkart v/s Amazon, competitive edge, marketing strategy, sales strategy	8
3	<b>Design of E-commerce systems:</b> e-commerce types- electronic market, electronics data interchange EDI, modeling of e-commerce system, three tier component model of e-commerce system, e-commerce system design- data model, web modeling, database structure design, process model, user friendly design of e-commerce site.	7
4	<b>Technologies for e-commerce systems:</b> Introduction- technologies for e-commerce, PHS and Java script, SEO, Social Plugins, payment processes, SSL Encryption, hosting server, Service oriented architecture.	7
5	<b>Scalability of e-commerce systems:</b> Web scalability- Vertical scalability, horizontal scalability, Load balancing- working of load balancers, global server load balancers, cloud load balancing- goals of cloud balancing, automated cloud balancing. web caching and buffering	6
6	<b>E-commerce system implementation:</b> E-commerce implementation, - website testing, web maintenance, web advertisement, copyright services, SMS alert services, bulk email services, Web personalization- techniques for gathering information, analysis techniques for website personalization, domain name registration and web hosting- different types of web hosting, different components of web hosting, features in web hosting.	6

# **Assessment Scheme:**

**Internal Assessment: Two tests of 20 marks** 

## **End Semester Examination:**

- 1) Electronic Business and Electronic Commerce Management, 2nd edition, Dave Chaffey, Prentice Hall, 2006
- 2) Elias. M. Awad, "Electronic Commerce", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt Ltd.
- 3) E-Commerce Strategies, Technology and applications (David Whitley) Tata McGrawHill
- 4) E-business- theory and practise, Brahm Canzer, cengage learning
- 5) Secure e-commerce systems (Kindle edition), Amazon publishing, P S Lokhande, B B Meshram, first edition

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
IL 472	Biomedical Instrumentation	3

- 1. To familiarize students with various aspects of measuring electrical parameters from the living body.
- 2. To introduce students with the characteristics of medical instruments and related errors.
- 3. To illustrate various types of amplifiers used in biomedical instruments.
- 4. To familiarize students with biomedical recording devices.
- 5. To introduce students with patient monitoring systems & their characteristics.

#### **Outcomes:** Learner will be able to...

- 1. Safely and effectively use biomechanics instrumentation and equipment to record and assess human and object motion.
- 2. Describe and characterize the origin of bio-potentials and inspect common biomedical signals by their characteristics features
- 3. Understand the basic instrumentation system with their limitations & familiarize with pc based medical instrumentation & control of medical devices.
- 4. Describe and characterize medical instruments as per their specifications, static & dynamic characteristics and understand data acquisition system
- 5. Describe, analyze, characterize and design bio-potential amplifiers and design various medical recording systems & their components.
- 6. Understand and describe patient monitoring systems and its necessity in healthcare system.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
1	<b>Medical Instrumentation</b> : Sources of Biomedical Signals, Basic medical Instrumentation system, Performance requirements of medical Instrumentation system, Microprocessors in medical instruments, PC based medical Instruments, General constraints in design of medical Instrumentation system, Regulation of Medical devices.	6
2	<b>Measurement systems:</b> Specifications of instruments, Static & Dynamic characteristics of medical instruments, Classification of errors, Statistical analysis, Reliability, Accuracy, Fidelity, Speed of response, Linearization of technique, Data Acquisition System.	6
3	<b>Bioelectric signals and Bioelectric amplifiers:</b> Origin of bioelectric signals, Electrodes, Electrode Tissue interface, Galvanic Skin Response, BSR, Motion artifacts, Instrumentation amplifiers, Special features of bioelectric amplifiers, Carrier amplifiers, Chopper amplifiers, Phase sensitive detector. ECG, EEG, EMG, ERG, Lead systems and recording methods.	8
4	Biomedical recording systems: Basic Recording systems, General consideration for signal conditioners, Preamplifiers, Differential Amplifier, Isolation Amplifier, Electrocardiograph, Phonocardiograph, Electroencephalograph, Electromyography, Digital stethoscope Other biomedical recorders, Biofeedback instrumentation, Electrostatic and Electromagnetic coupling to AC signals, Proper grounding, Patient isolation and accident prevention.	7

5	Patient Monitoring Systems: System concepts, Cardiac monitor, selection of system parameters, Bedside monitors, Central monitors, Heart rate meter, Pulse rate meter, Measurement of respiration rate, Holter monitor and Cardiac stress test, Catheterization Laboratory Instrumentation, Organization and equipments used in ICCU and ITU.	6
6	<b>Biological sensors:</b> Sensors / receptors in the human body, basic organization of nervous system-neural mechanism, Chemoreceptor: hot and cold receptors, barro receptors, sensors for smell, sound, vision, Ion exchange membrane electrodes, enzyme electrode, glucose sensors, immunosensors, Basic principles of MOSFET biosensors & BIOMEMS, basic idea about Smart sensors.	6

## **Internal Assessment:**

# **End Semester Examination:**

- 1. Joseph Bronzino, "Biomedical Engineering and Instrumentation", PWS Engineering, Boston
- 2. Cromwell, Weibell & Pfeiffer, "Biomedical Instrumentation & Measurement", Prentice Hall, India.
- 3. R. S. Khandpur, "Handbook of Bio-Medical Instrumentation", 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 4. J. Webster, "Bioinstrumentation", Wiley & Sons.
- 5. Joseph D.Bronzino, "The Biomedical Engineering handbook", CRC Press.
- 6. D. L. Wise, "Applied Bio Sensors", Butterworth, London.
- 7. J.J.Carr & J.M.Brown, "Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technology" Pearson Education, Asia.

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
IL 473	Design for sustainability	3

- 1. Understand the complex environmental, economic, and social issues related to sustainable engineering
- 2. Become aware of concepts, analytical methods/models, and resources for evaluating and comparing sustainability implications of engineering activities
- 3. Critically evaluate existing and new methods
- 4. Develop sustainable engineering solutions by applying methods and tools to research a specific system design
- 5. Clearly communicate results related to their research on sustainable engineering

## **Outcomes:** Learner will be able to...

- 1. Account for different theoretical and applied design principles and models for sustainable design
- 2. Account for and critically relate to sustainable design from an ethical, cultural and historical perspective
- 3. Critically review different design solutions ecological, social and economical consequences, risks, possible uses and functions in the work for a sustainable development
- 4. Independently apply a specific design theory on a specific challenge within the sustainability field.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
1	Introduction - Need, Evolution of sustainability within Design, environmental - economic sustainability concept, Challenges for sustainable development, Environmental agreement & protocols	6
2	Product Life Cycle Design – Life Cycle Assessment, Methods & Strategies, Software Tools	6
3	Sustainable Product - Service System Design, Definition, Types & Examples ,Transition Path and Challenges, Methods and Tools, Design thinking and design process for sustainable development	8
4	Design for Sustainability – Engineering Design Criteria and Guidelines	6
5	Design for Sustainability – Architecture, Agriculture, Cities & Communities, Carbon Footprint	6
6	Green Building Technologies - Necessity, Principles, low energy materials, effective systems	6

Ass	essm	ent	Sch	eme:

**Internal Assessment:** 

## **End Semester Examination:**

- 1. C. Vezzoli, System Design for sustainability. Theory, methods and tools for a sustainable / satisfaction system/design, Rimini, Maggioli Edition, 2007.
- 2. C. Vezzoli and E. Manzini, Design for Environmental Sustainability, Springer Verlag, London, 2008.
- 3. L. Nin and C. Vezzoli, Designing Sustainable Product-Service Systems for all. Milan: Libreria, CLUP, 2005
- 4. A. Tukker and U. Tischner (eds.), New Business for Old Europe, Product Services, Sustainability and Competitiveness, Greenleaf Publishing, Shefield, 2008.
- 5. A. Tukker, M. Charter, C. Vezzoli, E. Sto and M.M. Andersen (eds.), System innovation for Sustainability Perspective on Radical Changes to sustainable consumption and production, Greenleaf Publishing, Shefield, 2008
- **6.** UNEP, Product-Service Systems and Sustainability. Opportunities for sustainable solutions, CEDEX, Paris, 2002, at http://www.uneptie.org/pc/sustain/reports/pss/pss-imp-7.pdf

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
IL 474	Political Science	3

- 1. Provide a good grounding in the basic concepts of Political Theory.
- 2. Familiarize learners with fundamental rights and duties.
- 3. Teach students the structure and process of the electoral system, the features and trends of the party system and create an awareness of the social movements in India.
- 4. To inculcate the values of renowned thinkers on law, freedom of thought and social justice.
- 5. To prepare the learners for understanding the importance of Comparative Government and Politics.
- 6. To train learners in understanding International Relations.

#### Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

- 1. Acquire conceptual and theoretical knowledge in the basic concepts of political theory.
- 2. Demonstrate understanding of fundamental rights and duties and directive principles.
- 3. Perform successfully in expressing the process of the electoral system, the features and trends of the party system and the importance of the social movements in India.
- 4. Illustrate the contribution of renowned thinkers and relate it to the current scenario.
- 5. Compare and contrast Indian Government and Politics with European countries.
- 6. Develop an understanding of International Relations with respect to Indian foreign policy.

7.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
1	Understanding Political Theory- Evolution of State, Nation, Sovereignty, Types and Linkages between Power and Authority; Interrelationships between Law. Liberty, Equality, Rights; Justice and Freedom, Democracy vs Authoritarianism	4
2	Constitutional Government in India -Evolution of the Indian Constitution, . Fundamental Rights and Duties. Directive Principles. Union-State Relations, Union Legislature: Rajya Sabha, Lok Sabha: Organisation, Functions – Law making procedure, Parliamentary procedure, 6. Government in states: Governor, Chief Minister and Council of Ministers: position and functions – State Legislature: composition and functions. 7. Judiciary: Supreme Court and the High Courts: composition and functions – Judicial activism. 8. Constitutional amendment. Major recommendations of National Commission to Review the Working of the Constitution.	6
3	Politics in India: Structures and Processes- Party system: features and trends – major national political parties in India: ideologies and programmes. Coalition politics in India: nature and trends. Electoral process: Election Commission: composition, functions, role. Electoral reforms. 3. Role of business groups, working class, peasants in Indian politics, Role of (a) religion (b) language (c) caste (d) tribe. 5. Regionalism in Indian politics. 6. New Social Movements since the 1970s: (a) environmental movements (b) women's movements (c) human rights movements.	6

4	Indian Political Thought- 1 Ancient Indian Political ideas: overview. 2. Kautilya: Saptanga theory, Dandaniti, Diplomacy. 3. Medieval political thought in India: overview (with reference to Barani and Abul Fazal). Legitimacy of kingship. 4. Principle of Syncretism, Modern Indian thought: Rammohun Roy as pioneer of Indian liberalism – his views on rule of law, freedom of thought and social justice. 6. Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay, Vivekananda and Rabindranath Tagore: views on nationalism. 7. M.K. Gandhi: views on State, Swaraj, Satyagraha.	
5	Comparative Government and Politics- Evolution of Comparative Politics. Scope, purposes and methods of comparison. Distinction between Comparative Government and Comparative Politics.	6
6	Perspectives on International Relations- Understanding International Relations: outline of its evolution as academic discipline. 2. Major theories: (a) Classical Realism and Neo-Realism (b) Dependency (c) World Systems theory. 3. Emergent issues: (a) Development (b) Environment (c) Terrorism (d) Migration. 4. Making of foreign policy. 5. Indian foreign policy: major phases: 1947-1962; 1962-1991; 1991-till date. 6. Sino-Indian relations; Indo-US relations.	7

**Internal Assessment: Test 1-10 marks** 

Test 2-10 marks Average- 10 marks

## **End Semester Examination:**

Theory- 40 marks

Term work- 25 marks (10 marks for assignment, 10 marks for practical (in the form of debates) and 5 marks for attendance)

- 1. O.P. Gauba. (2021). *An Introduction to Political Theory*. Mayur books
- **2.** Vibhuti Bhushan Mishra. (1987). <u>Evolution of the Constitutional History of India</u> (1773-1947: With Special Reference to the Role of the Indian National Congress and the Minorities). South Asia Books
- **3.** Chetna Sharma Pushpa Singh. (2019). *Comparative Government and Politics.* SAGE Publications India Pvt Ltd.
- **4.** Henry R. Nau. (1900). <u>Perspectives on International Relations: Power, Institutions and Ideas</u>. CQ Press

<b>Course Code</b>	Course Name	Credits
IL 475	Research Methodology	3

- 1. To understand Research and Research Process
- 2. To acquaint students with identifying problems for research and develop research strategies
- 3. To familiarize students with the techniques of data collection, analysis of data and interpretation

**Outcomes:** At the end of the course learner will be able to...

- 1. Prepare a preliminary research design for projects in their subject matter areas.
- 2. Accurately collect, analyse and report data.
- 3. Present complex data or situations clearly.
- 4. Review and analyse research findings.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
1	<ul> <li>Introduction and Basic Research Concepts</li> <li>1.1 Research – Definition; Concept of Construct, Postulate, Proposition, Thesis, Hypothesis, Law, Principle. Philosophy and validity of research</li> <li>1.2 Objectives of Research</li> <li>1.3 Characteristics of Research: Systematic, Valid, Verifiable, Empirical and Critical</li> <li>1.4 Need of Research in Business and Social Sciences</li> <li>1.5 Issues and Problems in Research</li> </ul>	8
2	Types of Research 2.1. Pure and Applied Research 2.2. Descriptive and Explanatory Research 2.3. Analytical Research 2.4 Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches 2.5 Literature review 2.6 Developing the objectives.	8
3	Research Design and Sample Design 3.1 Research Design – Meaning, Types and Significance 3.2 Sample Design – Meaning and Significance Essentials of a good sampling Stages in Sample Design Sampling methods/techniques Sampling Errors	7
4	Research Methodology 4.1 Meaning of Research Methodology 4.2. Stages in Scientific Research Process:  a. Identification and Selection of Research Problem b. Formulation of Research Problem c. Review of Literature d. Formulation of Hypothesis e. Formulation of research Design f. Sample Design g. Data Collection h. Data Analysis	8

	i. Hypothesis testing and Interpretation of Data	
	j. Preparation of Research Report	
	Formulating Research Problem	
5	<b>5.1</b> Considerations: Relevance, Interest, Data Availability, Choice of data, Analysis of	4
	data, Generalization and Interpretation of analysis.	
	Outcome of Research	
	<b>6.1</b> Preparation of the report on conclusion reached.	
6	<b>6.2</b> Validity Testing & Ethical Issues	4
	<b>6.3</b> Suggestions and Recommendation	
	6.4 Identification of future scope	

#### Internal:

Assessment consists of two tests out of which; one should be compulsory class test and the other is either.

a class test or at least 3 assignment on complete syllabus or course project.

## **End Semester Examination:**

# **End Semester Theory Examination:**

Some guidelines for setting up the question paper. Minimum 80% syllabus should be covered in question.

papers of end semester examination. In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional

to number of respective lecture hours as mentioned in the syllabus.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of total six question
- 2. All question carry equal marks
- 3. Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then

part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)

4. Only Four question need to be solved.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Dawson, Catherine, 2002, Practical Research Methods, New Delhi, UBS Publishers Distributors.
- 2. Kothari, C.R.,1985, Research Methodology-Methods and Techniques, New Delhi, Wiley Eastern

Limited.

3. Kumar, Ranjit, 2005, Research Methodology-A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners, (2nded),

Singapore, Pearson Education

Course Code	Course Name	Scheme	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
IL 477	Cooking and	Contact Hours	3	-	-	3
1L 4//	Nutrition	Credits	3	-	-	3

		<b>Examination Scheme</b>									
C	Course Name	Theory Marks									
Course Code		Internal Assessment			End	Term	   Practical	Oral	Total		
Code		IA 1	IA 2	Average	Sem Exam	Work	TTACCICAL	Orai	Total		
IL 477	Cooking and Nutrition	40	40	40	60	-	-	-	100		

# 1. Course Objectives:

The course is aimed to:

- 1. To understand nutrition and of health problems related to diet and various factors affect diet
- 2. To various statistical tools required to analyze the experimental data in nutrition and community research
- 3. Gain information about various food constituents, and changes that occur in them during food processing.
- 4. To gain food-related knowledge and skills so that they can organise and manage family resources effectively according to the needs and lifestyles of family members
- 5. To be able to make informed judgements and choices about the use of food available.
- 6. To create interest in the creative side and enjoyment of food and the skills necessary for food preparation and food preservation. And to be aware of relevant mandatory and other necessary safety and hygiene requirements

#### 2. Course Outcomes:

On successful completion of course learner/student will be able to:

- 1. To understand the importance and mechanisms of the food components taking place during food processing,
- 2. To understand nutrition and of health problems related to diet and various factors affect diet
- 3. To aware how eating patterns and dietary needs depend on age and social group
- 4. Ability to assess the effectiveness and validity of claims made by advertisers
- 5. To enhance aesthetic and social sensitivity to dietary patterns and to develop an interest in the creative aspect and enjoyment of food
- 6. To develop skills necessary for food preparation and food preservation and knowledge of safety and hygiene requirements

## 3. Detailed Theory Syllabus:

Modul e No	Module	Detailed Contents of Module				
1	Nutritional terms	<b>Nutritional terms</b> : proteins (high biological and low biological value), carbohydrates (monosaccharide, disaccharide and polysaccharide), fats, vitamins (A, C, D, E, K, B group – thiamin, riboflavin, nicotinic acid and cobalamin), mineral elements	3			

	1	(coloium iron phosphorous potossium linux i- lila)	
		(calcium, iron, phosphorous, potassium, sodium, iodide) water Sources and uses of food energy. Sources and functions of dietary fibre.	
2	Kitchen equipment & Kitchen planning	Kitchen equipment & Kitchen planning: Selection, Use and care of: modern cookers, thermostatic control and automatic time-controlled ovens, microwave ovens, slow electric cook pots, refrigerators and freezers, small kitchen equipment, e.g. knives, pans, small electrical kitchen equipment, e.g. food processors, electric kettles, Advantages and disadvantages of microwave ovens, Organisation of cooking area and equipment for efficient work., Selection, Use and care of: work surfaces, flooring, walls	4
3	Meal planning and guidelines	Meal planning and guidelines: Factors affecting food requirements, Planning and serving of family meals, Meals for different ages, occupations, cultures and religions, Special needs of: people with food allergies and intolerances, people with medical conditions linked to diet, such as diabetes, convalescents, vegetarians, including vegans and lacto-vegetarians, Meals for special occasions, festivals, packed meals, snacks, beverages, Use of herbs, spices and garnishes, Attractive presentation of food, Terminology describing recommended dietary intakes, e.g. Dietary Reference Value (DRV) and Reference Daily Intake (RDI).	6
4	Strategic cooking	Strategic cooking: Transfer of heat by conduction, convection and radiation. Principles involved in the different methods of cooking, baking, boiling, braising, cooking in a microwave oven, frying, grilling, poaching, pressure cooking, roasting, simmering, steaming, stewing, use of a slow cooker.  Reasons for cooking food, Sensory properties of food (flavour, taste, texture), Effect of dry and moist heat on proteins, fats and oils, sugars and starches, and vitamins to include: caramelisation, coagulation dextrinization, enzymic and non-enzymic browning, gelatinisation, rancidity, smoking point, Preparation and cooking of food to preserve nutritive value, Economical use of food, equipment, fuel and labour.	6
5	Convenience foods and Basic proportions	Convenience foods and Basic proportions: Foods partly or totally prepared by a food manufacturer – dehydrated, tinned, frozen, ready-to-eat, Intelligent use of these foods, Advantages and disadvantages, Food additives – types and function, Packaging – types, materials used, Labelling – information found on labels, Importance of maintaining proportions, maintaining proportions for : Bakery products, melting, rubbing-in and whisking methods, Pastries – shortcrust, flaky and rough puff, Sauces – pouring and coating, roux and blended methods, Batters – thin (pouring) and coating, Sweet and savoury yeast products	5
6	Food preservation & Kitchen safety and first aid	Food preservation & Kitchen safety and first aid: Food preservation & Kitchen safety and first aid: Reasons for preserving food, Methods of preservation and an understanding of the principles involved: heating – canning, bottling; removal of moisture – dehydrating; reduction in temperature – freezing; chemical preservation – sugar, salt, vinegar; modified atmosphere packaging; irradiation;	5

Awareness of potential danger areas in the kitchen. Safety precautions. First aid for burns and scalds, cuts, electric shock,	
fainting, shock.	

## 4. Theory Assessment:

- **A. Internal Assessment (IA):** Two class tests of 40 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and the second class test when an additional 35% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.
- **B.** End Semester Theory Examination: In question, paper weightage of each module will be proportional to the number of respective lecture hours as mentioned in the syllabus.
  - 1. Question paper will consist of 3 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
  - 2. Question number 1 will be compulsory and based on maximum contents of the syllabus
  - 3. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example, if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from other than module 3)
  - 4. Total three questions need to be solved.

## 5. Books and References:

- 1. Fundamentals of Food and Nutrition by Tejmeet Rekhi, Heena Yadav
- 2. Food Process Engineering And Technology by Akash Pare, B L Mandhyan

Course Code	Course	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical/ Oral	Tutorial	Total
	Name	(Hrs.)	(Hrs.)	(Hrs.)	(Credits)	(Credits)	(Credits)	(Credits)
EC 491	Project-B	1	08	1		04	1	04

	Course Name	Examination Scheme								
Course Code		Theory Marks								
Couc		Internal assessment			End	Term Work	Practical	Oral	Total	
		Test1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	, , or it				
EC 491	Project-B					50	-	50	100	

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To offer students a glimpse into real world problems and challenges that need Engineering based Solutions
- 2. To enable students to create very precise specifications of the Engineering solution to be designed.
- 3. To introduce students to the vast array of literature available of the various research challenges in the field of Electronics and Computer Science Engineering.
- 4. To create awareness among the students of the characteristics of several domain areas where Electronics and Computer Science Engineering can be effectively used.
- 5. To enable students to use all concepts in creating a solution for a problem
- **6.** To improve the team building, communication and management skills of the students.

## Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to

- 1. Discover potential research areas in the field of Electronics and Computer Science Engineering.
- 2. Conduct a survey of several available literatures in the preferred field of study.
- 3. Compare and contrast the several existing solutions for research challenge.
- 4. Demonstrate an ability to work in teams and manage the conduct of the research study.
- 5. Formulate and propose a plan for creating a solution for the research plan identified.
- 6. To report and present the findings of the study conducted in the preferred domain.

#### **Guidelines:**

## 1. Project Topic:

- To proceed with the project work it is very important to select a right topic. Project can be undertaken on any domain of Electronics and Computer Science Engineering programme. Research and development projects on problems of practical and theoretical interest should be encouraged.
- Project work must be carried out by the group of at least two students and maximum four and must be original.
- Students can certainly take ideas from anywhere, but be sure that they should evolve them in the unique way to suit their project requirements.
- The project work can be undertaken in a research institute or organization/company/any business establishment.
- Student must consult internal guide along with external guide (if any) in selection of topic.
- Head of department and senior staff in the department will take decision regarding selection of projects.
- Student has to submit weekly progress report to the internal guide and whereas internal guide has to keep track on the progress of the project and also has to maintain attendance report. This progress report can be used for awarding the term work marks.
- In case of industry projects, visit by internal guide will be preferred.

## 2. Project Report Format:

At the end of semester a project report should preferably contain at least following details:-

- Abstract
- Introduction
- Literature Survey
  - a) Survey Existing system
  - b) Limitation of the Existing system or research gap
  - c) Problem Statement and Objective
  - d) Scope
- Proposed System
  - a) Analysis/Framework/ Algorithm
  - b) Details of Hardware & Software
  - c) Design details
  - d) Methodology (your approach to solve the problem)
- Implementation Plan for next semester
- Conclusion
- References

#### 3. Term Work:

Distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

- a) Weekly Attendance on Project Day
- b) Contribution in the Project work
- c) Project Report (Spiral Bound)
- d) Term End Presentation (Internal)

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance on the above aspects.

## 4. Oral Exam:

Oral examination of Project-B should be conducted by Internal and External Examiners. Students have to give presentation and demonstration on the Project-B.

# Bachelor of Technology In Electronics & Computer Science

(Semester VIII)

<b>Course Code</b>	Course Name	Credits
IL 481	Medical Image Processing	3

- 1. To introduce the learners the basic theory of digital image processing.
- 2. To expose learners to various available techniques and possibilities of this field.
- 3. To prepare learners to formulate solutions to general image processing problems.

## **Outcomes:** Learner will be able to...

- 1. Record, extract and analyse key information about teeth, muscles, bones etc
- 2. Acquire the fundamental concepts of a digital image processing
- 3. Analyze images in the spatial and frequency domain.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
1	Medical Imaging Systems:  Properties, advantages and disadvantages of X-rays based imaging systems, Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) imaging, Gamma-rays based imaging systems, Positron emission tomography (PET), Single-photon emission computerized tomography (SPECT) scan, Computed Tomography (CT) scan, Ultrasound (sonography), Endoscopy, and Thermography based imaging systems. Difference between different medical imaging systems.  Nature of Biomedical images, Objectives of biomedical image analysis, Difficulties in biomedical image acquisition and analysis.	7
2	Medical Imaging Toolkits: ImageJ (and/or FIJI), ITK-Snap, SimpleITK, MITK, FreeSurfer, SLICER, OsiriX. Image Formats: dicom (.dcm), Nifti (.nii), Minc (.mnc), Analyze (img/hdr), Raw (.raw), MHD (.mhd) and MHA (.mha)	5
3	Medical Image Detection and Recognition: Medical image parsing, Deep Learning for Medical Image Recognition, Automatic Interpretation of Carotid Intima–Media Using Convolutional Neural Networks, Deep Cascaded Networks for Sparsely Distributed Object Detection, Deep Voting and Structured Regression for Microscopy Image Analysis.	6
4	Medical Image Registration: Intensity-based methods, Cost functions - correlation, least squares, mutual information, robust estimators. Optimization techniques - fixed-point iteration, gradient descent, Nelder-Mead simplex method. MRI motion compensation, Convolutional Neural Network for Robust and Real-Time 2-D Registration	6
5	Medical Image Segmentation Networks: Comparative study and analysis of U-Net family of segmentation: U-Net, V-Net, 3D U-Net, H-DenseUNet, GP-Unet, UNet++, MDU-Net, DUNet, RA-UNet, nnU-Net, SUNet, IVD-Net, LADDERNET, Attention U-Net, R2U-Net, MultiResUNet, U-NetPlus, CE-Net, CIA-Net, U2-Net, ScleraSegNet, AHCNet, MFP-Unet, ResUNet-a, RAUNet, 3D U2-Net, SegNAS3D, U^2-Net, UNET 3+.	9

**Deep Learning for Healthcare:** Deep learning for different healthcare applications: Diabetic Retinopathy, Knee Osteoarthritis, Histological and Microscopic Elements Detection, Gastrointestinal Diseases Detection, Cardiac Imaging. Lesion detection: Brain tumor detection, prostate lesion detection, Lung nodule detection.

## **Assessment Scheme:**

## **Internal Assessment:**

## **End Semester Examination:**

#### **References:**

6

- 1. W. Birkfellner, Applied Medical Image Processing: A Basic Course, CRC Press, Second Edition, 2014
- 2. I. Bankman, Handbook of Medical Image Processing and Analysis, Academic Press, Second Edition, 2008
- 3. Rangaraj M. Rangayyan, "Biomedical Image Analysis", CRC Press, 2000.
- 4. Zhou et al "Deep learning for Medical image analysis" Elsevier 2018.
- 5. R. C. Gonzalez, Digital Image Processing, Pearson Education India, Third Edition, 2013
- 6. S. Jayaraman, T. Veerakumar, S. Esakkirajan, Digital Image Processing, McGraw Hill Education, 2017
- 7. A K Jain, "Fundamental of Digital Image Processing", Prentice Hall, 2002.

Course Code	Course Code Course Name			
IL 482	Technologies for Rural Development	3		

- 1. To understand the nature and characteristics of rural resources and its importance in Rural Development.
- 2. To understand various technologies required for Rural Development

## Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

- 1. Understand various natural resources and their importance in rural development.
- 2. Get exposure to various challenges and problems with regard to availability and use of natural resources.
- 3. Develop and implement various technologies for rural development
- 4.Explore various schemes for rural development

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
1	Nature and Characteristics of Rural Resources: Land Resources. water Resources, Living Resources, Human Resources Definition and meaning of Resources, Types of Rural Resources, Natural and Man-made, Characteristics of Resources, Importance of different resources in Rural Development.	8
2	Concept of Information and Communication Technologies (ICT's)  Evolution of ICT's, Communication Functions of ICT's, Nature and Scope of ICT's, Information Haves and Information Have Nots in the Rural Areas, Strengths and Weaknesses of ICT's in Rural India, Application of ICT's for Rural Development in India, Management Information System for Rural Development in India, Success Stories relating to ICT's for Rural Development (Andhra Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, Kerala and Karnataka Experiments), Satellite Communication support for Rural Development, Computer Communication support for Rural Development	10
3	Crop production technology /Processing Plants for major cereal crops viz., paddy, wheat, maize, pearl millet, sorghum, etc.; Major varieties, sowing time, method of sowing, spacing, inter culturing, fertilizer and water requirement, time of harvest, maturity index, yield potential, cost of cultivation, income from production, etc. Rural Energy system Technologies for Water treatment	8
4	The Role of Rural Technology – Need & importance of rural Technology, appropriate rural Technology, Technology for Rural Women, difficulties in adoption of rural technology.	6
5	Globalisation of Rural Economy- Globalisation and aims and objectives; Impact of Globalisation on rural economy, Contract farming, corporate farming, SEZ's and Agriculture.  Agricultural value chain	6

Government Schemes, initiatives and participation of various S	Stake	1
holders for development and Protection of Rural resources		4

#### **Internal Assessment:**

#### **End Semester Examination:**

## **References:**

6

- 1. Rural Development: Principles, Policies and Management, Katar Singh, Sage Publications India Pvt. Ltd., 2009
- 2. Development of Land Resources E-book on Activities Department of Land Resources, Ministry of Rural Development, Government of India, Dec. 2014,
- 3. Http://dolr.nic.in/downloads/PDFs/DoLR%20Activities.pdf
- 4. S.S. Singh., Principles and Practices of Agronomy. 1985. Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana
- 5. Indian Economy by Datt, Rudra & Sundharam, New Delhi: S. Chand, 2008.
- 6. W.T.O and Indian Economy by Deogirikar, A. B. Jaipur: Shri Niwas Publications, 2004

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
IL 483	Economics	3

- 1. Provide a good grounding in the basic concepts of Micro and Macroeconomics.
- 2. Familiarize learners with concept of demand, supply, price, income and equilibrium.
- 3. Teach students to represent Indifference curve in regular as well as in exceptional cases with respect to consumer behaviour, consumer preferences and Risk Aversion.
- 4. To inculcate the skills required to understand the concept of Production function with single and two variable inputs.
- 5. To create an awareness of the different market structures and its impact on the price and output of a product.
- 6. To prepare the learners in understanding the Keynesian System of Money, Interest and Income and its impact in society with respect to Inflation.

## **Outcomes:** Learner will be able to...

- 1. Acquire conceptual and theoretical knowledge of Micro and Macroeconomics and learn to think critically about issues and topics of the subject.
- 2. Demonstrate the understanding of the concepts of demand, supply, price, income and equilibrium and relate it to the existing scenario in the society.
- 3. Perform successfully in representing the Indifference curve in relation to the prevalent consumer behaviour and consumer preferences.
- 4. Illustrate the skills required for maximising output and minimising cost for effective production.
- 5. Determine the importance of the existence of different market structures and its impact in society.
- 6. Develop an understanding of the Keynesian System of Money, Interest and Income and formulate anti- inflationary policies.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
1	Introduction to Micro and Macro Economics	5
2	Demand & Supply: Concept of demand & supply functions, Price, Income & Cross elasticities of demand, Elasticity of Supply, Market demand functions, Concept of equilibrium, Impact of changes in demand & supply on equilibrium	7
3	Theory of Consumer Behaviour: Concept of cardinal and ordinal utility, consumer's equilibrium, Consumer's preferences, Risk Aversion and Indifference Curve Analysis, & its properties, Shapes of Indifference Curves in exceptional cases	7
4	The Theory of Production: Concept of Production function, Production with a single variable input, Production with two variable inputs, Optimal input combination, Constrained output maximization, Cost minimization, Elasticity of substitution	6
5	Theory of Cost: Different concept of cost, Short-run and Long- run cost analysis, modern concept. Market Structures a. Perfect Competition Short-run and long-run equilibrium of the firm and Industry, Stability of equilibrium, Concept of imperfect competition; short run and long run price and output decisions of a monopoly firm;	4

	concept of a supply curve under monopoly; comparison of perfect competition and monopoly,	
6	The Keynesian System: Money, Interest and Income Money in the Keynesian theory, Interest Rate Determination (Liquidity Preference Theory), Money Market, Bond market and Commodity Market, Monetary policies and fiscal policies, Inflation and Unemployment Inflation, Role and Effects of inflation, Anti- inflationary policies	7

**Internal Assessment: Test 1-10 marks** 

Test 2-10 marks Average- 10 marks

**End Semester Examination: Theory- 40 marks** 

Term work- 25 marks (10 marks for assignment, 10

marks for practical (in the form of debates) and 5 marks for attendance)

- **1.** Dr. Samwel Nyagucha Ores. (2019). <u>Micro and Macro Economics: Understanding the Basics of Economics</u>. New Generation Publishing.
- **2.** Daron Acemoglu and James A. Robinson. (2013). *Why Nations Fail: The Origins of Power, Prosperity and Poverty*. Profile Books

Course Code	Course Code Course Name	
IL 484	GIS and Remote Sensing	3

- 1. To gain basic understanding of GIS and remote sensing techniques
- 2. To understand basic software such as QGIS used for GIS analysis
- 3. To understand various GIS data sources, their processing and interpretation

4.

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

- 1. Know and apply GIS and remote sensing concepts to real world problems
- 2. Learner will become proficient in using Python and QGIS to conduct geospatial analysis

Prerequisites: Knowledge of Python or other software programming language

Module	<b>Detailed Contents</b>	Hrs
1	Introduction to GIS Mapping. GIS Data models and modelling, Maps and Databases, GIS data types (vector, raster etc), Geographic coordinate systems,	10
2	Introduction to QGIS software, GIS data sources, Digitizing data, Georeferencing.	10
3	Spatial Analysis techniques vector and raster analysis and tools.	20
4	Satellite images, electromagnetic energy and remote sensing, satellites and sensors, arial cameras, surveys using drones, multispectral scanners, LIDAR.	10
5	Applications of GIS in industry, governments, NGOs etc	10

## **Assessment Scheme:**

**Internal Assessment:** Course will have 6 take home assignments worth 10% of the final grade

**End Semester Examination:** Will have a final exam worth 40% of the final grade **References:** 

- 1. Principles of Remote Sensing: An Introductory Textbook
  (<a href="https://webapps.itc.utwente.nl/librarywww/papers\_2009/general/principlesremotesensing.pdf">https://webapps.itc.utwente.nl/librarywww/papers\_2009/general/principlesremotesensing.pdf</a>)
- 2. Principles of GIS

  (<a href="https://webapps.itc.utwente.nl/librarywww/papers\_2009/general/principlesgis.p">https://webapps.itc.utwente.nl/librarywww/papers\_2009/general/principlesgis.p</a>

  df)

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
IL 485	Physical Education, Fitness & Sports	4

- 1. To understand the components of Physical Fitness.
- 2. To understand the modern development and social aspects of physical education
- 3. To understand general troop games, recreational games and the importance of playing to achieve health & wellness.
- 4. To acquaint students with principles of nutrition and the application of human energy.
- 5. To understand the role of food in physical performance.
- 6. To understand the need for wellness & weight management.
- 7. To understand common sports injuries, first aid & their treatment.
- 8. To understand the application of Yoga in physical education & sports.
- 9. To enable the student to understand the basic structure & function of the human body and the effect of exercise on the body as a whole.

## Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

- 1. Maintain a health-enhancing level of fitness throughout the program as well as be able to collect and analyse personal fitness data.
- 2. Gain knowledge regarding the application of yoga to Physical Education and Sports
- 3. Understand the anatomy and Physiology of Asanas and Pranayamas.
- 4. Acquire the knowledge regarding the effect of exercise on the body as a whole
- 5. Develop an understanding of the concept of personality, factors affecting personality development
- 6. To understand proportional body weights and their management
- 7. To understand nutrition and balance diet

Module	Detailed Contents	Hrs
1	Physical Fitness  1.1 Concept, definition and meaning of Physical fitness, activity and exercise 1.2 Component of Physical fitness, Benefit of Physical fitness & exercise. 1.3 Principles of physical fitness 1.4 Definition and concept of wellness and factors affecting Physical fitness & wellness 1.5 Concept and importance of physical conditioning, warming up and cooling down of all age groups	8
2	Nutrition and Dietary Requirement  2.1 Nutrition components and balanced diet  2.2 Meaning and definition of doping and ergogenic aids  2.3 Prevention and first-aid of common injuries during Physical training  2.4 Need of Energy, Carbohydrate and Protein  2.5 Concept training nutrition and competition nutrition	6
3	Wellness, Weight management and Holistic health 3.1 Meaning, concept and components of Wellness 3.2 Manipulation of energy balance to induce weight loss and weight gain 3.3 Methods of weight management 3.4 Concept, types and cause of obesity and its management.	6

	3.5 Waist hip ratio, larger heart, BMI, calculation of Training Heart Rate	
4	Human body system, function and effect of exercise  4.1 Meaning and Importance of the study of Human anatomy in physical education & sports  4.2 Classification and functions of bones and joints  4.3 Movements of various joints  4.4 Structural classification of muscle, types of muscle and effect of exercise on the musculoskeletal system.  4.5 Structure and Effect of exercise on the cardiorespiratory system  4.6 Digestion and effect of exercise on the digestive system  4.7 Nervous system and effect of exercise on the nervous system.	6
5	Yoga and meditation 5.1 Concept of Yoga and misconception about Yoga 5.2 Comparison of Physical Education exercise and Yogic exercise. 5.3 Meaning, Types and principles of Meditation 5.4 Principles governing various exercises in Yoga(Asana, Pranayam, Bandha, Mudra, Kriya) 5.5 Yoga for stress management and emotional stability 5.6 Application of Yoga in sports & physical education and effect of Yogic exercise on different systems of the human body.	8
6	General & recreational troop games and its method of skill training 6.1 The game soccer and its rules and regulation 6.2 The game Volleyball, Basketball and its rules and regulations 6.3 The Indoor games and their rules and regulations 6.4 Method of sports skill developing training 6.5 Recreational games and their importance in day to day life	6

# 1. Term Papers(40 Marks):

Two theory papers will be conducted for 40 marks each with average marks of both papers as the final score. One hour theory paper as per the pattern of the semester-end examination will be conducted.

## 2.Projects/Assignments(30 Marks):

Project on Nutrition (10 Marks): The learner will be given one project on the calculation of Basel metabolic rate. He /she will submit the report of the same in a prescribed format based on which the learner will be evaluated for 10 marks by the concerned teacher/s

Projects/Assignment on Yoga education (10 Marks): The learner will be given an assignment on yoga education such as gathering/compiling the information about the various aspects of asanas and asking to prepare and submit the report of the same based on which the concerned subject teacher will give marks out of 10.

Assignments on Sports Injuries (10 Marks): The learner will be given two assignments on the specific sports injuries and their remedial aspects based on the report submitted in the prescribed format by him/her as well as observations, the concerned teacher/s will give marks out of 10.

## 3. Physical Activities (25 Marks):

- a. To perform 8 Asanas in a group (10)
- b. To perform one Pranayama and one Kriyas(5)

- c. To perform any five exercises of Motor Fitness. (5)
- d To perform any five exercises of HRPF(5)
- **4. Trekking/ Hiking (05 Marks)-** The learner should be provided experience of participating in the organization and the actual conduct of the co-curricular activities viz. Hiking/Trekking and the assessment of 05 marks should be done based on learners actual participation and involvement in the same.

- 1. Padmakshan Padmanabhan 'Handbook of Health & Fitness', Indus Source; First edition, Indus Source Books, Wadala Mumbai. 2014.
- 2. Adams, William.C. 'Foundation of Physical Education Exercises and Sports Sciences', Lea and Febigor, Philadelphia, 1991.
- 3. Dr. Kamlesh M.L. 'Principles and History of Physical Education and Sports', Friends Publication (India) New Delhi, 2004
- 4. Bates M. 'Health Fitness Management (2nd Ed.) USA: Human Kinetics. 2008
- 5. Fink, H.H., Burgoon, L.A., & Mikesky. Practical Applications in Sports Nutrition. Canada: Jones and Bartlett Publishers. 2006.
- 6. Worthington, Vivian. History of Yoga. London: Routledge and Kegan Paul Ltd. 1982.
- 7. Rajan, M. Yoga Stretching and Relaxation for Sportsman. Delhi : Allied publishers. 1985.
- 8. Crouch James E. Essential Human Anatomy A Text Lea & Febriger , Philladalphia
- 9. Murgesh N. Anatomy, Physiology and Health Education, Sathya, Chinnalapatti, 1990
- 10. Giam, C.K. Sport Medicine Exercise and Fitness. Singapore : P.G. Medical Book. 1994

Course Code	Course Name	Theory (Hrs.)	Practical (Hrs.)	Tutorial (Hrs.)	Theory (Credits)	Practical/ Oral (Credits)	Tutorial (Credits)	Total (Credits)
EC 492	Project C		12			06		06

Course Code	Course Name	<b>Examination Scheme</b>							
		Theory Marks							
		Internal assessment			End Sem.	Term Work	Practical	Oral	Total
		Test1	Test 2	Average	Exam				
EC 492	Project C					50		100	150

## **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To offer students a glimpse into real world problems and challenges that need Engineering based Solutions
- 2. To enable students to create very precise specifications of the Engineering solution to be designed.
- 3. To introduce students to the vast array of literature available of the various research challenges in the field of Electronics and Computer Science Engineering.
- 4. To create awareness among the students of the characteristics of several domain areas where Electronics and Computer Science Engineering can be effectively used.
- 5. To enable students to use all concepts in creating a solution for a problem
- **6.** To improve the team building, communication and management skills of the students.

## **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Discover potential research areas in the field of Electronics and Computer Science Engineering.
- 2. Conduct a survey of several available literatures in the preferred field of study
- 3. Compare and contrast the several existing solutions for research challenge

- 4. Demonstrate an ability to work in teams and manage the conduct of the research study.
- 5. Formulate and propose a plan for creating a solution for the research plan identified
- 6. To report and present the findings of the study conducted in the preferred domain

## **Lab Assessment:**

## **Guidelines:**

# 1. Project Report Format:

At the end of the semester the student needs to prepare a project report which should be prepared as per the guidelines issued by the ECS Department. Along with the project report a CD containing: project documentation, Implementation code, required utilities, Software's and user Manuals need to be attached.

## 2. Term Work:

Students have to submit a weekly progress report to the internal guide and the internal guide has to keep a track on the progress of the project and also has to maintain the attendance report. This progress report can be used for awarding the term work marks. In case of industry projects, visits by internal guide will be preferred to get the status of the project. Distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

- a) Weekly Attendance on Project Day
- b) Project work contributions as per objective
- c) Project Report (Hard Bound)
- d) Term End Presentation (Internal)

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance on the above aspects.

#### 3. Oral Exam:

Oral examination of Project-C should be conducted by Internal and External Examiners. Students have to give a presentation and demonstration on the Project- C.